uFR serial - Communication protocol for uFR series devices

uFR Series devices can establish communication over FTDI's Virtual COM port, so devices are seen as standard COM port hardware. Communication parameters are :

Readers with FTDI serial interface:

uFR Classic and uFR Advance readers with USB connection:

Serial communication: 1 Mbps, 8-N-1, Flow control: None;

The RTS pin is used to reset the device. When the RTS is set, the device is in a reset state. When the RTS is clear, the device is in normal state.

uFR BaseHD readers with "uFR support" firmware installed (ex. XR and uFR XRc readers): Serial communication (using VCOM FTDI driver): 250 kbps, 8-N-1, Flow control: None;

Readers without FTDI serial interface:

RS485 (connection without USB/RS-485 converter): variable baudrate can be set through software tool. Current baud rate must be known when changing baudrate. Default baudrate is 250 kbps.

uFR Classic Nano RS232 and Card Size RS232:

UART / TTL: 115200 bps, 8-N-1, Flow control: None.

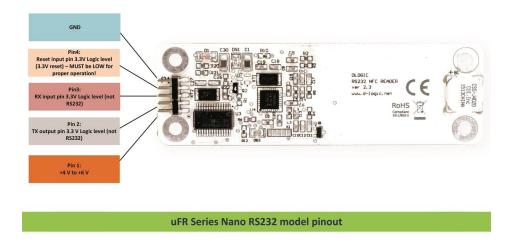
115200 bps is default baudrate. Variable baudrate can be set through software tool.

Pin number 4 on the connector is used to reset device. If voltage on this pin is high (3.3 V) then the device is in reset state. If voltage is low (0 V) then the device is in normal working state.

If the device is connected to our RS232 to TTL converter, then the voltage level on pin 4 control over RTS. When the RTS is clear, the device is in a reset state. When the RTS is set, the device is in normal state.

During firmware update, the RTS pin must be connected to the pin 4 on the device.

Pinout for UART / TTL model is presented below:



For communication purposes between reader devices and host PC, D-Logic's proprietary protocol called "uFR serial" is created.

All communication is initiated by the host (PC or other platform) to which the device is connected.

Maximum data transferred by single command or received by one device response, from firmware version 3.9.44 is 256 bytes, and before is 192 bytes.

Generally, there are two types of packets:

- **CMD** command sent by host to device
- **ANS** answer sent from device to host

CMD can be short or long set. CMD short set is always 7 byte long while CMD long set – called CMD_EXT can have variable length.

Answer have following types:

- **ACK** Acknowledgment, everything is OK, device is waiting for next CMD or CMD EXT
- **ERR** Error occurred, error byte defines ERR_TYPE
- **RSP** Response from device on CMD or CMD_EXT

Communication constants bytes defines type of packet, which can be seen in first three bytes of each packet.

First byte of each packet is HEADER byte. Second byte is always CMD_CODE. Third byte is TRAILER byte.

Table1. Communication constants				
CMD_HEADER	0x55	CMD_TRAILER	0xAA	
ACK_HEADER	0xAC	ACK_TRAILER	0xCA	
RESPONSE_HEADER	0xDE	RESPONSE_TRAILER	0xED	
ERR_HEADER	0xEC	ERR_TRAILER	0xCE	

CHECKSUM

All checksums in this document are calculated in the same manner: row of bytes is used for checksum calculation, each byte is XOR-ed with next one until the end of row. Final value is incremented with 0x07.

For example, CMD packet has 7 bytes, where 7th byte is checksum of previous 6 bytes:

CHECKSUM = (Byte1 XOR Byte2 XOR Byte3 XOR Byte4 XOR Byte5 XOR Byte6) + 0x07

CMD codes

Each command has its corresponding value - look at <u>COMMANDS OVERVIEW</u>.

Error codes

If error occurs, device will answer with ERR packet. Each Error has its corresponding value which can be found in table in <u>Appendix: ERROR CODES</u>.

CMD packet

CMD packet can be short – 7 byte long or EXT-ended with variable length. In case of EXT CMD packet, fourth byte of CMD packet is greater than 0, containing integer value – length of CMD_EXT packet. When issuing CMD_EXT, always main CMD 7-byte long packet goes first. If everything as expected, device will answer with ACK packet, waiting for CMD_EXT packet. On error, device will answer with ERR packet. CMD_EXT consists of various different parameters, depending on command type, so CMD_EXT does not have fixed length and order of parameters.

CMD packet has following structure:

	Mandatory 7 byte CMD packet structure					
Byte 1	te 1 Byte 2 Byte 3 Byte 4 Byte 5 Byte 6 Byte					Byte 7
CMD_HEADER	CMD_CODE	CMD_TRAILER	CMD_EXT_Length	CMD_Par0	CMD_Par1	CHECKSUM

Byte 1: CMD_HEADER as defined in Table1.Communication constants, 0x55

Byte 2: CMD_CODE as defined in Table2. CMD_CODE values

Byte 3: CMD_TRAILER as defined in Table1.Communication constants, 0xAA

Byte 4: CMD_EXT_Length: If 0 than the "CMD EXT" is not used); ELSE value is length of whole CMD_EXT packet

Byte 5: CMD_Par0: command parameter0, takes different values depending on command

Byte 6: CMD_Par1: command parameter1, takes different values depending on command

Byte 7: CHECKSUM – Checksum of Bytes 1 to 6 as explained above

CMD_EXT packet has following structure:

CMD_EXT packet structure				
Byte 1		Byte N	Byte N+1	
Para	ameter bytes	1 to N	CMD_EXT_CHECKSUM	

Parameter bytes 1 to N – different parameters, values depends on type of command CMD_EXT_CHECKSUM - Checksum of bytes 1 to N

CMD_EXT_Length is number of all bytes including CMD_EXT_CHECKSUM; e.g. length is N+1

ANSWER packet types

The device can answer with following packet types:

ACK – Acknowledgment packet

If command and CMD packet are properly configured (structure and checksum) and additional CMD_EXT packet needs to be sent, device will answer with ACK packet.

ERR – Error packet

If error occurred, device will answer with ERR packet. Some commands can return ERR_EXT set. In that case ERR_EXT packet comes immediately after ERR packet.

RSP – Response packet

If properly configured CMD or CMD_EXT packet is sent, device will answer with RSP or RSP_EXT packet, which depends on command issued. For examples, if CMD needs answer which is short enough for RSP packet, there will be no RSP_EXT packet. Otherwise, if CMD or CMD_EXT needs answer with more bytes, RSP_EXT will come immediately after RSP packet. Common situation is when reading data with LinearRead command, where device will answer with row of card data bytes.

ACK – Acknowledgment packet

ACK packet has following structure:

ACP packet structure						
Byte 1	Byte 2 Byte 3 Byte 4 Byte 5 Byte 6 Byte 7					Byte 7
ACK_HEADER	CMD_CODE	CMD_TRAILER	Irrelevant, not used in ACK packet			CHECKSUM

Byte 1: ACK_HEADER as defined in Table1.Communication constants, 0x55

Byte 2: CMD_CODE as defined in Table2. CMD_CODE values. Device ACK-nowledge that previous command is properly sent

Byte 3: ACK_HEADER as defined in Table1.Communication constants, 0x55

Byte 4, Byte 5, Byte 6: Not used in ACK packet, values are 0x00

Byte 7: CHECKSUM – Checksum of Bytes 1 to 6 as explained above

ERR – error packet

ERR packet has following structure:

	Mandatory 7 byte ERR					
Byte 1Byte 2Byte 3Byte 4Byte 5Byte 6Byt					Byte 7	
ERR_HEADER	ERROR_CODE	ERR_TRAILER	ERR_EXT length	Err_Val0	Err_Val1	CHECKSUM

Byte 1: ERR_HEADER as defined in Table1.Communication constants, 0xEC

Byte 2: ERR_CODE as defined in Table3. ERROR CODES.

Byte 3: ERR_TRAILER as defined in Table1.Communication constants, 0xCE

Byte 4: If ERR_EXT exists, this byte contains length of ERR_EXT packet (including ERR_EXT checksum)

Byte 5: Possible additional info on error can be defined in ERR_Val0

Byte 6: Possible additional info on error can be defined in ERR_Val1

Byte 7: CHECKSUM – Checksum of Bytes 1 to 6 as explained above

ERR_EXT and has following structure:

ERR_EXT packet structure				
Byte 1	• •	Byte N	Byte N+1	
E	rror bytes 1	to N	ERR_EXT_CHECKSUM	

Byte 1: First Byte of ERR_EXT

•••

Byte N: N-nth Byte of ERR_EXT

Byte N+1: ERR_EXT_CHECKSUM, checksum of Bytes 1 to N, calculated as explained earlier.

RSP – response packet

RSP packet has following structure:

	Mandatory 7 byte RSP					
Byte 1	Byte 2	Byte 3	Byte 4	Byte 5	Byte 6	Byte 7
RSP_HEADER	CMD_CODE	RSP_TRAILER	RSP_EXT length	RSP_Val0	RSP_Val1	CHECKSUM

Byte 1: RSP_HEADER as defined in Table1.Communication constants, 0xED

Byte 2: CMD_CODE as defined in Table2. CMD_CODE values

Byte 3: ERR_TRAILER as defined in Table1.Communication constants, 0xDE

Byte 4: If RSP_EXT exists, this byte contains length of RSP_EXT packet (including RSP_EXT checksum)

Byte 5: Possible additional info on RESPONSE can be defined in RSP_Val0

Byte 6: Possible additional info on RESPONSE can be defined in RSP_Val1

Byte 7: CHECKSUM – Checksum of Bytes 1 to 6 as explained above

RSP_EXT packet structure				
Byte 1		Byte N	Byte N+1	
1	RSP bytes 1 to	0 N	RSP_EXT_CHECKSUM	

Byte 1: First Byte of RSP_EXT

• • •

Byte N: N-nth Byte of RSP_EXT

Byte N+1: RSP_EXT_CHECKSUM, checksum of Bytes 1 to N, calculated as explained earlier.

COMMANDS OVERVIEW

Commands are divided into several groups, based on purpose.

Device related commands

General purpose device related commands

GET_READER_TYPE	0x10
GET_READER_SERIAL	0x11
GET_SERIAL_NUMBER	0x40
GET_HARDWARE_VERSION	0x2A
GET_FIRMWARE_VERSION	0x29
GET_BUILD_NUMBER	0x2B
READER_KEY_WRITE	0x12
USER_DATA_READ	0x1B
USER_DATA_WRITE	0x1C
READER_KEYS_LOCK	0x27
READER_KEYS_UNLOCK	0x28

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READER_PASSWORD_WRITE	0x33
SELF_RESET	0x30
SET_SPEED_PERMANENTLY	0x4B
GET_SPEED_PARAMETERS	0x4C
SET_UART_SPEED	0x70
RED_LIGHT_CONTROL	0x71
USER_INTERFACE_SIGNAL	0x26
SET_RF_ANALOG_SETTINGS	0x7D
GET_RF_ANALOG_SETTINGS	0x7E
SET_LED_CONFIG	0x6E
DEFAULT_UART_SPEED_SESSION	0xF1

Card related commands

General purpose card related commands

GET_CARD_ID	0x13
GET_CARD_ID_EX	0x2C
GET_DLOGIC_CARD_TYPE	0x3C
GET_LAST_CARD_ID_EX	0x7C

Trailer block manipulation commands

SECTOR_TRAILER_WRITE	0x1A
SECTOR_TRAILER_WRITE_UNSAFE	0x2F

Block manipulation commands

BLOCK_READ	0x16
BLOCK_WRITE	0x17
BLOCK_IN_SECTOR_READ	0x18
BLOCK_IN_SECTOR_WRITE	0x19

Linear data manipulation commands

LINEAR_READ	0x14
LINEAR_WRITE	0x15
LINEAR_FORMAT_CARD	0 x 25
LIN_ROW_READ	0 x 45

Value block manipulation commands

Direct block addressing

VALUE_BLOCK_READ	0x1D
VALUE_BLOCK_WRITE	0x1E
VALUE_BLOCK_INC	0x21
VALUE_BLOCK_DEC	0x22

Indirect block addressing

VALUE_	BLOCK	IN_	SECTOR	READ	0x1F
VALUE	BLOCK	IN_	SECTOR	WRITE	0 x 20
VALUE	BLOCK	IN_	SECTOR	INC	0x23
VALUE_	BLOCK	IN_	SECTOR	DEC	0x24

Commands for DESFIRE cards

GET_DESFIRE_UID	0x80
SET_DESFIRE_KEY	0x81
DESFIRE_WRITE_TO_FILE	0x82
DESFIRE_READ_FROM_FILE	0x83
DESFIRE_CREATE_APPLICATION	0x84
DESFIRE_CREATE_FILE	0x85
DESFIRE_CREATE_AES_KEY	0x86
DESFIRE_GET_KEY_CONFIG	0x87
DESFIRE_CHANGE_KEY_CONFIG	0x88
DESFIRE_DELETE_APPLICATION	0x89
DESFIRE_DELETE_FILE	0x8A
DESFIRE_SET_CONFIGURATION	0x8B
DESFIRE_FORMAT_CARD	0x8C
DESFIRE_FREE_MEM	0x8D
DESFIRE_WRITE_AES_KEY	0x8E
DESFIRE_CREATE_VALUE_FILE	0x8F
DESFIRE_READ_VALUE_FILE	0x9A
DESFIRE_INCREASE_VALUE_FILE	0x9B
DESFIRE_DECREASE_VALUE_FILE	0x9C
DESFIRE_CREATE_RECORD_FILE	0x97
DESFIRE_WRITE_RECORD	0x98
DESFIRE_READ_RECORDS	0x99
DESFIRE_CLEAR_RECORD	0x6D
DESFIRE_GET_APPLICATION_IDS	0xC0

Commands for Mifare Desfire cards

MFP_FIRST_AUTHENTICATE	0x6A
MFP_CHANGE_REG_KEY	0x6B
MFP GET UID	0x6C

Commands for NFC Type 2 Tags

GET_NFC_T2T_VERSION	0xB0
READ_COUNTER	0xB1
INCREMENT COUNTER	0xB2

Command for NFC Type 4 Tags

NT4H COMMON	CMD	0xB3

Originality checking commands

READ	ECC	SIGNATURE	0xBF
NEAD		DIGNATORE	UADE

Commands for "asynchronous UID sending" feature

SET_CARD_ID_SEND_CONF	0 x 3D
GET_CARD_ID_SEND_CONF	0x3E
SET_BAD_SELECT_NR_MAX	0x3F
GET BAD SELECT NR MAX	0x44

Power saving commands

ENTER_SLEEP_MODE	0x46
LEAVE_SLEEP_MODE	0x47
AUTO_SLEEP_SET	0x4D
AUTO_SLEEP_GET	0x4E

Light and display commands

SET_DISPLAY_DATA	0x72
SET_SPEAKER_FREQUENCY	0x73
SET_DISPLAY_INTENSITY	0x74
GET_DISPLAY_INTENSITY	0x75

uFR BASE Control commands

UFR_XRC_LOCK_OPEN	0x60
UFR_XRC_SET_RELAY_STATE	0x61
UFR_XRC_GET_IO_STATE	0x62

Shared Ram card emulation commands

ENTER_SHARE_RAM_COMM_MODE	0x78
EXIT_SHARE_RAM_COMM_MODE	0x79
READ_SHARE_RAM	0x7A
WRITE_SHARE_RAM	0x7B

ISO 14443-4 protocol commands

I_BLOCK_TRANSCEIVE	0x90
R_BLOCK_TRANSCEIVE	0x91
S_BLOCK_DESELECT	0x92
SET_ISO14433_4_MODE	0x93
APDU_TRANSCEIVE	0x94

uFR Online commands

ESP_SET_IO_STATE	0xF3
ESP_GET_IO_STATE	0xF4
ESP_READER_TIME_WRITE	0xF5
ESP_READER_TIME_READ	0xF6
ESP_READER_EEPROM_READ	0xF7
ESP_SET_DISPLAY_DATA	0xF8
ESP_READER_RESET	0xF9
ESP_READER_PASSWORD_WRITE	0xFA
ESP_READER_EEPROM_WRITE	0xFB

Miscellaneous functions

CHECK_UID_CHANGE	0xE4
RF_RESET	0xE5
GET READER STATUS	0xE6

DEVICE RELATED COMMANDS

GENERAL PURPOSE DEVICE RELATED COMMANDS

GET_READER_TYPE (0x10)

It gives device (reader) type in size of 4 bytes which is hard coded in the firmware.

uFR Classic has value of 0xD1150021.

CMD_EXT set is not in use.

CMD_Par0 and CMD_Par1 are not in use.

If everything operates as expected the RSP packet is sent and after that also the RSP_EXT packet of 5 bytes which contains 4 byte DeviceType values (little-endian) and CHECKSUM byte.

Example:

Send CMD GET_READER_TYPE 55 10 AA 00 00 00 F6

Where

55 - CMD_HEADER
10 - CMD_CODE
AA - CMD_TRAILER
00 00 00 - CMD_EX_Length and CMD_Par0 and CMD_Par1 not used
F6 - CHECKSUM

Reader answer with RESPONSE – RSP packet followed by RSP_EXT packet

DE 10 ED 05 00 00 2D 21 00 15 D1 EC

Where RSP PACKET contains

DE - RSP_HEADER 10 - CMD_CODE ED - RSP_TRAILER 05 - RSP_EXT_Length 00 00 - RSP_Val0 and RSP_Val1 not used 2D - CHECKSUM

and RSP_EXT contains

21 00 15 D1 - Device type (currently uFR Classic D1 15 00 21, little-endian notation) EC - CHECKSUM

GET_READER_SERIAL (0x11)

It gives the device (reader) serial number with length of 4 bytes. On the older devices, this serial number has been read from EEPROM MFRC chip.

The CMD_EXT set is not in use.

The CMD_Par0 and CMD_Par1 are not in use.

If everything operates as expected the RESPONSE set is sent and after that also the RESPONSE EXT set of 5 bytes which contains 4 byte ReaderSerialNumber values (little-endian) and at the end one checksum byte.

Example:

Send CMD GET_READER_SERIAL 55 11 AA 00 00 00 F5

Where

55 - CMD_HEADER 11 - CMD_CODE AA - CMD_TRAILER 00 00 00 - CMD_EX_Length and CMD_Par0 and CMD_Par1 not used F5 - CHECKSUM Reader answer with RESPONSE - RSP packet followed by RSP_EXT packet DE 11 ED 05 00 00 2E 54 7E 1A 5D 74

Where RSP PACKET contains

DE - RSP_HEADER 11 - CMD_CODE ED - RSP_TRAILER 05 - RSP_EXT_Length 00 00 - RSP_Val0 and RSP_Val1 not used 2E - CHECKSUM

and RSP_EXT contains

```
54 7E 1A 5D - Device type (currently serial is 5D 1A 7E 54, little-endian notation)
74 - CHECKSUM
```

GET_SERIAL_NUMBER (0x40)

Command returns reader serial number in string representation, like "UF123456". The CMD_EXT set is not in use. The CMD_Par0 and CMD_Par1 are not in use. Example: Send CMD GET_SERIAL_NUMBER 55 40 AA 00 AA CC E0

Where

55 - CMD_HEADER 40 - CMD_CODE AA - CMD_TRAILER 00 AA CC - CMD_EX_Length and CMD_Par0 and CMD_Par1 not used E0 - CHECKSUM

Reader answer with RESPONSE – RSP packet followed by RSP_EXT packet DE 40 ED 09 00 00 81 55 46 31 32 33 34 35 36 1B

Where RSP PACKET contains

DE - RSP_HEADER 40 - CMD_CODE ED - RSP_TRAILER 09 - RSP_EXT_Length 00 00 - RSP_Val0 and RSP_Val1 not used 81 - CHECKSUM

and RSP_EXT contains

55 46 31 32 33 34 35 36 - Device readers number (currently serial is "UF123456") 1B - CHECKSUM

GET_HARDWARE_VERSION (0x2A)

Returns reader hardware version as two byte representation of higher and lower byte. The CMD_EXT set is not in use. The CMD_Par0 and CMD_Par1 are not in use. High byte of hardware version is RSP_Val0. Low byte of hardware version is PSP_Val1

Example:

CMD	55	2A	AA	00	00	00	DC
RSP	DE	2A	ED	00	01	01	20

GET_FIRMWARE_VERSION (0x29)

Returns reader firmware version as two byte representation of higher and lower byte. The CMD_EXT set is not in use. The CMD_Par0 and CMD_Par1 are not in use. High byte of firmware version is RSP_Val0. Low byte of firmware version is PSP_Val1.

Example:

CMD	55	29	AA	00	00	00	DD
RSP	DE	29	ED	00	03	09	17

GET_BUILD_NUMBER (0x2B)

Returns reader firmware build version as one byte representation.

The CMD_EXT set is not in use.

The CMD_Par0 and CMD_Par1 are not in use. Build number of firmware version is RSP_Val0.

Example:

CMD	55	2В	AA	00	00	00	DB
RSP	DE	2B	ED	00	C8	00	D7

READER_KEY_WRITE (0x12)

This function writes MIFARE key into internal EEPROM, at key index location (0 - 31).

- CMD_Par0 is key index
- CMD_Par1 is not in use
- array from 1st to 6th byte of CMD_EXT set contains 6-byte key
- 7th byte of CMD_EXT set is CHECKSUM

Example:

Write Key FF FF FF FF FF FF into key index 00

CMD	55	12	AA	07	00	00	F1
ACK	AC	12	CA	07	00	00	7A
CMD EXT	FF	FF	FF	FF	FF	FF	07
CMD_EXT	FF	FF	FF	FF	FF	FF	07

USER_DATA_READ (0X1B)

Function gives the 16 bytes from internal EEPROM user space.

The CMD_Par0 and CMD_Par1 are not in use.

- array from 1st to 16th byte of RSP_EXT set contains 16 bytes of user data
- 17th byte of RSP_EXT set is CHECKSUM.

Example:

CMD	55	1в	AA	00	00	00	EB										
RSP	DE	1B	ED	11	00	00	40										
RSP EXT	6A	6A	00	00	36	00	00	00	30	00	32	00	38	00	41	00	54

USER_DATA_WRITE (0X1C)

This function writes 16 bytes into user space.

The CMD_Par0 and CMD_Par1 are not in use.

- array from 1st to 16th byte of CMD_EXT set contains 16 bytes of user data
- 17th byte of CMD_EXT set is CHECKSUM.

Example:

write into user space values we read in previous example (6A 6A 00 00 36 00 00 00 30 00 32 00 38 00 41 00 54)

CMD	55	1C	AA	11	00	00	F9										
ACK	AC	1C	CA	11	00	00	72										
CMD EXT	6A	6A	00	00	36	00	00	00	30	00	32	00	38	00	41	00	54
···	•	0	•••	•••		•••	•••	•••		•••	-	•••		•••		•••	• -
RSP	DE	1C	ED	00	00	00	36										

READER_KEYS_LOCK (0x27)

If the keys (Mifare, AES, ...) in the reader are not locked - that means everyone can change it. If you want to protect the reader of changing keys then must lock the keys. Initially, uFReader is not locked. You can provide any password what you want, but must contain 8 bytes.

Example:

Lock keys with password "22222222" (we use printable characters for test)

CMD	55	27	AA	09	00	00	D8		
ACK	AC	27	CA	09	00	00	4F		
CMD_EXT	32	32	32	32	32	32	32	32	07
RSP	DE	27	ED	00	00	00	1B		

READER_KEYS_UNLOCK (0x28)

If you want to change the keys (Mifare, AES, ...) in the reader, reader must be unlocked first. The same password must be used to unlock as when we locked the reader. If you mistype the password - reader would reset.

Example:

Unlock keys with password "22222222" (we use printable characters for test)

55	28	AA	09	00	00	E5		
AC	28	CA	09	00	00	4 E		
32	32	32	32	32	32	32	32	07
DE	28	ED	00	00	00	22		
	AC 32	AC 28 32 32	AC 28 CA 32 32 32	AC 28 CA 09 32 32 32 32	AC28CA09003232323232	AC28CA090000323232323232	55 28 AA 09 00 00 E5 AC 28 CA 09 00 00 4E 32 32 32 32 32 32 32 DE 28 ED 00 00 00 22	AC 28 CA 09 00 00 4E 32 32 32 32 32 32 32 32

READER_PASSWORD_WRITE (0x33)

This function is used in Common, Advance and Access Control set of functions.

It defines/changes password which I used for:

- Locking/unlocking keys stored into reader
- Setting date/time of RTC

The CMD_Par0 and CMD_Par1 are not in use.

 array from 1st to 8th byte of CMD_EXT set contains current password, 9th to 16th byte contains new password

• 17th byte of CMD_EXT set is CHECKSUM.

Example:

Current password is "11111111", new password is "22222222"

CMD	22	33	AA	ΤT	00	00	Ľ4											
ACK	AC	33	CA	11	00	00	4 B											
CMD_EXT	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	32	32	32	32	32	32	32	32	07	
RSP	DE	33	ED	00	00	00	07											

SELF_RESET (0X30)

Function performs soft restart of device. The CMD_EXT set is not in use. The CMD_Par0 and CMD_Par1 are not in use

Example:

CMD	55	30	AA	00	00	00	D6
RSP	DE	30	ED	00	00	00	0A
RSP_EXT	03	55	55	BB			

SET_UART_SPEED (0X70)

Function writes new value of UART's baud rate. For example 115200. Command sending is at current baud rate, ACK is at current baud rate, but response is at new baud rate. In future, the device will communicate at new baud rate.

The CMD_Par0 and CMD_Par1 are not in use.

- array from 1st to 4th byte of CMD_EXT set contains 4 byte long baud rate (litle-endian)
- 5th byte of CMD_EXT set is CHECKSUM.

Example:

CMD	55	70	AA	05	00	00	91
ACK	AC	70	CA	00	00	00	1D
CMD_EXT	00	C2	01	00	CA		
RSP	ED	70	DE	00	00	00	4A

DEFAULT_UART_SPEED_SESSION (0xF1)

Command starts session on default UART baud rate, regardless of the setting speed of the reader. That is specific command. First you must reset reader over RTS pin. After that you will receive four bytes from bootloader on default UART baud rate. Command is then sent. That is useful to set UART to default speed if you forget currently speed by execution SET_UART_SPEED with default UART speed.

CMD_Par0 = 1 and CMD_Par0 = 1. CMD_EXT not in use. RSP EXT not in use.

Example:

RESET OVER RTS PINBOOTLOADER ACK035555BBCMD55F1AA000015RSPED70DE00004A

RED_LIGHT_CONTROL (0X71)

This function turns on or off red LED light. If turned on, green LED will stop flashing. The CMD_EXT set is not in use. CMD_Par0 – 0x01 turn red LED on, 0x00 – turn red LED off. CMD_Par1 is not in use.

Example:

To turn red LED ON, send CMD packet											
CMD	55	71	AA	00	01	00	96				
RSP	DE	71	ED	00	00	00	49				
To turn red LED OFF, send CMD packet											
CMD	55	71	AA	00	00	00	95				
RSP	DE	71	ED	00	00	00	49				

USER_INTERFACE_SIGNAL (0x26)

This function turns sound and light reader signals. Sound signals are performed by reader buzzer and light signals are performed by reader LEDs.

light signal mode: beep signal mode: None None 0 0 Long Green Short 1 1 Long Red Long 2 2 Alternation **Double Short** 3 3 Flash **Triple Short** 4 4 Triplet Melody 5

There are predefined signal values for sound and light:

The CMD_EXT set is not in use.

CMD_Par0 is value of light signal mode (0 - 4) CMD_Par1 is value of beep signal mode (0 - 5)

Example:

light signal mode is Long Green (1), beep signal mode is Long (2)CMD5526AA000102E1

RSP DE 26 ED 00 00 1C

SET_DISPLAY_DATA (0x72)

This feature working with LED RING 24 display module.

Function enables sending data to the display. A string of data contains information about the intensity of color in each cell of the display. Each cell has three LED (red, green and blue). For each cell of the three bytes is necessary. The first byte indicates the intensity of the green color, the second byte indicates the intensity of the red color, and the third byte indicates the intensity of blue color. For example, if the display has 16 cells, an array contains 48 bytes. Value of intensity is

in range from 0 to 255.

CMD_Par0 number of bytes CMD_Par1 not in use CMD_EXT contains data for display with checksum

Example:

 green = 0, red = 0xFF, blue = 0x80

 CMD
 55
 72
 AA
 49
 48
 00
 93

 ACK
 AC
 72
 CA
 49
 48
 00
 1C

 CMD_EXT
 00
 FF
 80
 00
 FF

SET_DISPLAY_INTENSITY (0x74)

Function sets the intensity of light on the display. Value of intensity is in range 0 to 100.

CMD_Par0 is display intensity CMD_Par1 not in use CMD_EXT not in use

Example:

display intensity is 50										
CMD	55	74	AA	00	32	00	C0			
RSP	DE	74	ED	00	00	00	4E			

GET_DISPLAY_INTENSITY (0x75)

Function gets the intensity of light on the display. CMD_Par0 not in use CMD_Par1 not in use CMD_EXT not in use RSP_EXT 1st byte is intensity, 2nd byte is checksum

Example:

CMD	55	75	AA	00	00	00	91
RSP	DE	75	ED	02	00	00	4B
RSP_EXT	32	39					

SET_SPEAKER_FREQUENCY (0x73)

Function sets the frequency of the speaker. The speaker is working on this frequency until a new frequency setting. To stop the operation set frequency to zero.

Period of sound frequency calculated according to the following formula

period = 65535 - 1500000 / (2 * frequency in Hertz)

CMD_Par0 is low byte of sound's period

CMD_Par1 is high byte of sound's period

Example:

set frequency of 1600Hz

CMD	55	73	AA	00	2В	FE	60
RSP	DE	73	ED	00	00	00	47

SET_RF_ANALOG_SETTINGS (0x7D)

This function allows you to adjust the value of several registers on PN512. These are registers: RFCfgReg, RxThresholdReg, GsNOnReg, GsNOffReg, CWGsPReg, ModGsPReg. This can be useful if you want to increase the operation distance of card, or when it is necessary to reduce the impact of environmental disturbances.

CMD_Par0 type of communication with tag

ISO14443 type A	0x01
ISO14443 type B	0x02
ISO14443-4 212 Kbps	0x03
ISO14443-4 424 Kbps	0x04

CMD_Par1 0 - user settings, 1 - factory default settings

CMD_EXT

- 1st byte is value of RFCfgReg
- 2nd byte is value of RxThresholdReg
- 3rd byte is value of GsNOnReg
- 4th byte is value of CWGsPReg
- 5th byte is value of GsNOffReg for Type A or ModGsPReg for type B

For ISO14443-4 212 Kbps and ISO14443-4 424 Kbps CMD_EXT contains just first 2 bytes

Example:

RFCfgReg = 0x79, RxThesholdReg = 0x87, GsNonReg = 0x88, CWGsPReg = 0x20, GsNOffReg = 0x88

CMD	55	7D	AA	06	01	00	8C
ACK	AC	7D	CA	06	01	00	23
CMD_EXT	79	87	88	20	88	Е5	
RSP	DE	7D	ED	00	00	00	55

GET_RF_ANALOG_SETTINGS (0x7E)

The function reads the value of the registers RFCfgReg, RxThresholdReg, GsNOnReg, GsNOffReg, CWGsPReg, ModGsPReg.

CMD_Par0 type of communication with tag

ISO14443 type A	0x01
ISO14443 type B	0x02
ISO14443-4 212 Kbps	0x03
ISO14443-4 424 Kbps	0x04

The CMD_EXT set is not in use.

RSP_EXT

- 1st byte is value of RFCfgReg
- 2nd byte is value of RxThresholdReg
- 3rd byte is value of GsNOnReg
- 4th byte is value of CWGsPReg
- 5th byte is value of GsNOffReg for Type A or ModGsPReg for type B

For ISO14443-4 212 Kbps and ISO14443-4 424 Kbps RSP_EXT contains just first 2 bytes

SET_LED_CONFIG (0x6E)

Minimal firmware version is 3.9.53 Light signalization configuration. Parameters are write into device, and they are reload after reset or power up.

CMD_Par0 configuration low byte CMD_Par1 configuration high byte

Green light blinking on - CMD_Par0 bit 0 is 1 Green light blinking off - CMD_Par0 bit 0 is 0

Example:

Green light blinking turn on

CMD	55	6E	AA	00	01	00	97
RSP	DE	6E	ED	00	00	00	64

Green light blinking turn off

CMD	55	6E	AA	00	00	00	98
RSP	DE	6E	ED	00	00	00	64

UFR_BASE_HD_LOCK_OPEN (0x60)

BASE HD uFR only.

Electric strike switches when the function called. Pulse duration determined by function.

CMD_Par0 pulse duration in ms low byte

CMD_Par1 pulse duration in ms high byte

Example:

Pulse duration is 300ms (0x12C)

CMD	55	60	AA	00	2C	01	в9
RSP	DE	60	ED	00	00	00	5A

BARRIER CONTROL device command differences

Function controls two electric actuators on the barrier access control device. If the most significant bit in CMD_ Par1 is set will be activated actuator 1, else will be activated actuator 2. The maximum time that can be set is 0x7FFF ms.

CMD_Par0 duration of active state in ms low byte CMD_Par1 & 0x7F duration of active state in ms high byte If CMD_Par1 & 0x80 actuator 1 is active, else actuator 2 is active

Example:

 Duration of active state is 5000ms (0x1388), actuator 1 set

 CMD
 55
 60
 AA
 00
 88
 93
 8B

RSP DE	60	ED	00	00	00	5A	
--------	----	----	----	----	----	----	--

UFR_BASE_HD_SET_RELAY_STATE (0x61)

BASE HD uFR only. Function switches relay.

CMD_Par0 1 - relay on, 0 - relay off

Example:

Relay on.							
CMD	55	61	AA	00	01	00	A6
RSP	DE	61	ED	00	00	00	59

BARRIER CONTROL device command differences

Function switches relay, and sets state of OUT1 to OUT3 outputs

CMD_Par0	1 - relay on,	0 - relay off
Bit 0 of CMD	_Par1	1 - OUT1 is high, 0 - OUT1 is low
Bit 1 of CMD	_Par1	1 - OUT2 is high, 0 - OUT2 is low
Bit 2 of CMD	_Par1	1 - OUT3 is high, 0 - OUT3 is low

Example:

 Relay on, OUT 1 is low, OUT2 is low, OUT3 is high

 CMD
 55
 61
 AA
 00
 01
 04
 A2

 RSP
 DE
 61
 ED
 00
 00
 59

UFR_BASE_HD_GET_IO_STATE (0x62)

BASE HD uFR only. Function returns states of 3 IO pins.

RSP_EXT

1st byte 1- voltage at the intercom terminals detected, 0 - no voltage at the intercom terminals 2nd byte 1 - voltage at DIGIN pin is high, 0 - voltage at DIGIN pin is low. 3rd byte 1 - relay is turn on, 0 - relay is turn off

Example:

CMD	55	62	AA	00	00	00	A4
RSP	DE	62	ED	04	00	00	5C
RSP EXT	01	00	01	07			

BARRIER CONTROL device command differences

Function returns state of five input pins, four output pins, and two actuators.

RSP_EXT	
Bit 0 of 1st byte	1- voltage detected at the IN1, 0 - no voltage at IN1
Bit 1 of 1st byte	1- voltage detected at the IN2, 0 - no voltage at IN2
Bit 2 of 1st byte	1- voltage detected at the IN3, 0 - no voltage at IN3
Bit 3 of 1st byte	1- voltage detected at the IN4, 0 - no voltage at IN4
Bit 4 of 1st byte	1- proximity sensor activated, 0 - proximity sensor is not active
Bit 0 of 2nd byte	1 - relay is on, 0 - relay is off
Bit 1 of 2nd byte	1 - OUT1 is high, 0 - OUT1 is low
Bit 2 of 2nd byte	1 - OUT2 is high, 0 - OUT2 is low
Bit 3 of 2nd byte	1 - OUT3 is high, 0 - OUT3 is low
Bit 0 of 3rd byte	1 - actuator 1 is active, 0 - actuator 1 is not active
Bit 1 of 3rd byte	1 - actuator 2 is active, 0 - actuator 2 is not active
Bit 0 of 2nd byte Bit 1 of 2nd byte Bit 2 of 2nd byte Bit 3 of 2nd byte Bit 0 of 3rd byte	 relay is on, 0 - relay is off OUT1 is high, 0 - OUT1 is low OUT2 is high, 0 - OUT2 is low OUT3 is high, 0 - OUT3 is low actuator 1 is active, 0 - actuator 1 is not active

Example:

Voltage on IN1, proximity sensor is active, relay is on, actuator 1 is active

CMD	55	62	AA	00	00	00	A4
RSP	DE	62	ED	04	00	00	5C
RSP_EXT	11	01	01	18			

CARD RELATED COMMANDS

For all the functions for operations with cards the following applies:

- They operates only with one card in the device field
- If there is no card in the field device return error NO_CARD (0x08).

• If there is more than one card in the field the behavior of the device is unpredictable but some of the next cases are possible:

- Gives NO_CARD error or
- Just one card is detected and the device gives its type (this is due to the lack of a cascade of selection and the collision process as described in the ISO14443 standard).

GENERAL PURPOSE CARD RELATED COMMANDS

GET_CARD_ID (0x13)

This function return the serial number of the card which is currently in the readers field and the one byte value that represents its type. For Mifare Classic 1K the type is 0x08, Mifare Classic 4k type is 0x18 and Mifare Classic Mini cards type is 0x09.

The CMD_EXT set is not in use.

The CMD_Par0 and CMD_Par1 are not in use.

If everything operates as expected the RESPONSE set is sent and after that also the RESPONSE EXT set of 5 bytes which contains 4 byte Card UID values (little-endian) and CHECKSUM byte. RSP Val0 contains value of the card type.

This function applies only for card with 4-byte UID. For longer UID's, use GET_CARD_ID_EX (0x2C)

Example:

CMD	55	13	AA	00	00	00	FЗ
RSP	DE	13	ED	05	80	00	34
RSP EXT	13	E2	0A	87	83		

Where in RSP packet byte 05 represents RSP_EXT_length and byte 08 represents CardType – 0x08 – Mifare Classic.

RSP_EXT returns Card UID (little-endian) and CHECKSUM of UID bytes.

If error occurs, like NO_CARD, device will answer with ERR packet

CMD	55	13	AA	00	00	00	F3
ERR	EC	80	CE	00	00	00	31

Where byte 08 represents ERR_CODE for NO_CARD error.

GET_CARD_ID_EX (0x2C)

Use this function for cards with UID longer than 4 byte.

This function return the serial number of the card which is currently in the readers field, length of serial number (4 (UID size: single), 7 (UID size: double) or 10 (UID size: triple)), and the one byte value that represents its type. For Mifare Classic 1K the type is 0x08, Mifare Classic 4k type is 0x18 and Mifare Classic Mini cards type is 0x09.

The CMD_EXT set is not in use.

The CMD_Par0 and CMD_Par1 are not in use.

If everything operates as expected the RSP packet is sent and after that also the RSP_EXT packet of 11 bytes which contains card serial number and at the end one checksum byte.

RSP_Val0 contains value of the card type.

RSP_Val1 contains length of card serial number.

Example:

CMD	55	2C	AA	00	00	00	DA					
RSP	DE	2C	ED	0в	08	04	1F					
RSP_EXT	13	E2	0A	87	00	00	00	00	00	00	83	

Where in RSP packet byte 0B represents RSP_EXT_Length, byte 08 means Card Type – Mifare Classic 1K, and byte 04 is length of card UID in RSP_EXT packet. RSP_EXT packet contains card UID bytes and CHECKSUM.

If error occurs, like NO_CARD, device will answer with ERR packetCMD552CAA0000DAERREC08CE000031

Where byte 08 represents ERR_CODE for NO_CARD error.

GET_LAST_CARD_ID_EX (0x7C)

This function returns UID of last card which was present in RF field of reader. It can handle all three known types: 4, 7 and 10 byte long UIDs. Difference with GetCardIdEx is that card does not be in RF field mandatory, UID value is stored in temporary memory area.

The CMD_EXT set is not in use.

The CMD_Par0 and CMD_Par1 are not in use.

If everything operates as expected the RSP packet is sent and after that also the RSP_EXT packet of 11 bytes which contains card serial number and at the end one checksum byte. RSP_Val0 contains value of the card type. uFR serial protocol 1.17

RSP_Val1 contains length of card serial number.

Example:											
CMD	55	7C	AA	00	AA	СС	EC				
RSP	DE	7C	ED	0в	80	04	4 F				
RSP_EXT	52	DA	D9	95	00	00	00	00	00	00	СВ

Where in RSP packet byte 0B represents RSP_EXT_Length, byte 08 means Card Type – Mifare Classic 1K, and byte 04 is length of card UID in RSP_EXT packet. RSP_EXT packet contains card UID bytes and CHECKSUM.

If error occurs, like NO_CARD, device will answer with ERR packetCMD557CAA00AACCECERREC08CE00AACC53

Where byte 08 represents ERR_CODE for NO_CARD error.

GET_DLOGIC_CARD_TYPE (0x3C)

This function returns card type according to following enumeration list:

DL_MIFARE_ULTRALIGHT	0x01
DL_MIFARE_ULTRALIGHT_EV1_11	0x02
DL_MIFARE_ULTRALIGHT_EV1_21	0x03
DL_MIFARE_ULTRALIGHT_C	0x04
dl_ntag_203	0x05
DL_NTAG_210	0x06
DL_NTAG_212	0x07
DL_NTAG_213	0x08
DL_NTAG_215	0x09
DL_NTAG_216	0x0A
MIKRON_MIK640D	0x0B
NFC_T2T_GENERIC	0x0C
DL_MIFARE_MINI	0x20
DL_MIFARE_CLASSIC_1K	0x21
DL_MIFARE_CLASSIC_4K	0x22
DL_MIFARE_PLUS_S_2K	0x23
DL_MIFARE_PLUS_S_4K	0x24

DL_MIFARE_PLUS_X_2K	0x25
DL_MIFARE_PLUS_X_4K	0x26
DL_MIFARE_DESFIRE	0x27
DL_MIFARE_DESFIRE_EV1_2K	0x28
DL_MIFARE_DESFIRE_EV1_4K	0x29
DL_MIFARE_DESFIRE_EV1_8K	0x2A
DL_MIFARE_DESFIRE_EV2_2K	0x2B
DL_MIFARE_DESFIRE_EV2_4K	0x2C
DL_MIFARE_DESFIRE_EV2_8K	0x2D
DL_GENERIC_ISO14443_4	0x40
DL_GENERIC_ISO14443_TYPE_B	0x41
DL_IMEI_UID	0x80

Example:

CMD	55	3C	AA	00	00	00	CA
RSP	DE	3C	ED	00	21	00	35

Where byte 21 in RSP packet represents card type – 0x21 – Mifare Classic 1K.

If error occurs, like NO_CARD, device will answer with ERR packetCMD55 3C AA 00 00 00 CA

ERR EC 08 CE 00 00 00 31

Where byte 08 represents ERR_CODE for NO_CARD error.

FUNCTIONS FOR READING AND WRITING THE DATA INTO THE CARD

Authentication mode considerations for Mifare Classic tags and Mifare Plus tags

The parameter AUTH_MODE affects all the functions and determines authorization before reading or entering data in the card sector. This parameter can have the following values:

```
• RKA AUTH1A
                0 \times 00
• RKA AUTH1B
                0 \times 01
• AKM1 AUTH1A 0x20
• AKM1 AUTH1B 0x21
• AKM2 AUTH1A 0x40
• AKM2 AUTH1B 0x41
• PK AUTH1A
                0x60
• PK AUTH1B
                0x61
• PK AUTH1A AES
                      0x80 (Mifare Plus tags and NT4H tags uFR PLUS only)
• PK_AUTH1B_AES
                      0x81 (Mifare Plus tags uFR PLUS only)
• SAM_KEY_AUTH1A 0x10 (key A stored in SAM)
• SAM_KEY_AUTH1B 0x11 (key B stored in SAM)
For firmware versions from 5.0.29.
• MFP RKA AUTH1A 0x02 (Mifare Plus tags in SL3 mode and NT4H tags)

    MFP RKA AUTH1B 0x03 (Mifare Plus tags in SL3 mode)

• MFP AKM1 AUTH1A 0x22 (Mifare Plus tags in SL3 mode)
• MFP AKM1 AUTH1B 0x23 (Mifare Plus tags in SL3 mode)
• MFP AKM2 AUTH1A 0x42 (Mifare Plus tags in SL3 mode)
```

• MFP AKM2 AUTH1B 0x43 (Mifare Plus tags in SL3 mode)

From the names of each of these constants can be concluded that the suffixes 1A and 1B indicate that you want to perform authentication key A or key B.

Prefixes in the names of constants represents modes of authentication, as following:

RKA – abbreviation of Reader Key Authentication. This means that authentication will be done with one of the 32 keys (16 AES keys for Mifare Plus tags) that are stored in reader device. It is assumed that as one of the command parameter that is sent to the reader is the index of the desired key. Indexes are in range 0..31 (0..15 for AES keys).

Mifare Plus card using.

For firmware versions from 5.0.1 to 5.0.28. and RKA_AUTH1A or RKA_AUTH1B uses AES keys from reader AES keys space (index 0 - 15).

For firmware versions from 5.0.29 and RKA_AUTH1A or RKA_AUTH1B uses AES keys which are calculate from Crypto1 keys from reader Crypto1 keys space (index 0 - 31), and for MFP_RKA_AUTH1A or MFP_RKA_AUTH1B uses AES keys from reader AES keys space (index 0 - 15).

AKM1 and AKM2 – abbreviation of Automatic Key Modes. This means that the authentication will be done automatically with the keys stored in reader device and they are indexed on the basis of the block or sector address where the writing or reading is currently done.

This applies to any function for card writing and reading, even for linear modes. I

When using AKM1 mode, keys in range 0 to 15 (0 to 7 for Mifare Plus tags for sectors 0 - 7, and 8 - 15 again) are used as Key A for corresponding sectors, while keys indexed from 16 to 31 (8 to 15 for Mifare Plus tags for sectors 16 - 23, and 24 - 31) are used as Key B for corresponding sectors.

Example for AKM1 keys indexes:

```
Key[00] = Key A Sector 0; Key [01] = Key A Sector [1]; ... Key [15] = Key A Sector 15;
Key[16] = Key B Sector 0; Key [17] = Key B Sector [1]; ... Key [31] = Key B Sector 15;
```

When using AKM2, keys are indexed by odd and even order, so even keys indexes are used as Key A and odd keys indexes are used as Key B (for Mifare Plus tags key indexes are 0 - 15 for sectors 0 - 15, and they are repeated for sectors 15 - 30).

Example for AKM2 keys indexes:

Key[00] = Key A Sector 0; Key [02] = Key A Sector [1]; ... Key [30] = Key A Sector 15; Key[1] = Key B Sector 0; Key [3] = Key B Sector [1]; ... Key [31] = Key B Sector 15;

For 4k cards, which have 24 sectors more than 1k cards (total 40) for sectors 16 to 31 is used the same method as for indexing sectors 0 to 15 and for sectors 32 to 39 used the same method of indexing and for sectors 0 to 8.

Mifare Plus card using.

For firmware versions from 5.0.29 and AKM1_AUTH1A or AKM1_AUTH1B or AKM2_AUTH1A or AKM2_AUTH1B, reader keys uses in same manner as for Mifare classic card. AES key calculated from Crypto1 key.

For firmware versions from 5.0.1 to 5.0.28 in AKM1_AUTH1A or AKM1_AUTH1B or AKM2_AUTH1A or AKM1_AUTH1A, and version 5.0.29 in MFP_AKM1_AUTH1A or MFP_AKM1_AUTH1B or MFP_AKM2_AUTH1A or MFP_AKM1_AUTH1B, uses reader keys from AES keys space (index 0 - 15).

Example for AKM1 keys indexes:

```
Key[00] = Key A Sector 0; Key [01] = Key A Sector 1; ... Key [07] = Key A Sector 7;
Key[00] = Key A Sector 8; Key [01] = Key A Sector 9; ... Key [07] = Key A Sector 15;
Key[00] = Key A Sector 16; Key [01] = Key A Sector 17; ... Key [07] = Key A Sector 23;
Key[00] = Key A Sector 24; Key [01] = Key A Sector 25; ... Key [07] = Key A Sector 31;
Key[00] = Key A Sector 32; Key [01] = Key A Sector 33; ... Key [07] = Key A Sector 39;
Key[08] = Key B Sector 0; Key [09] = Key B Sector 1; ... Key [15] = Key B Sector 7;
Key[08] = Key B Sector 8; Key [09] = Key B Sector 9; ... Key [15] = Key B Sector 15;
Key[08] = Key B Sector 16; Key [09] = Key B Sector 17; ... Key [15] = Key B Sector 23;
Key[08] = Key B Sector 24; Key [09] = Key B Sector 25; ... Key [15] = Key B Sector 23;
Key[08] = Key B Sector 24; Key [09] = Key B Sector 25; ... Key [15] = Key B Sector 31;
Key[08] = Key B Sector 32; Key [09] = Key B Sector 33; ... Key [15] = Key B Sector 31;
```

Example for AKM2 keys indexes:

```
Key[00] = Key A Sector 0; Key [02] = Key A Sector 1; ... Key [14] = Key A Sector 7;
Key[01] = Key B Sector 0; Key [03] = Key B Sector 1; ... Key [15] = Key B Sector 7;
Key[00] = Key A Sector 8; Key [02] = Key A Sector 9; ... Key [14] = Key A Sector 15;
Key[01] = Key B Sector 8; Key [03] = Key B Sector 9; ... Key [15] = Key B Sector 15;
Key[00] = Key A Sector 16; Key [02] = Key A Sector 17; ... Key [14] = Key A Sector 23;
Key[01] = Key B Sector 16; Key [03] = Key B Sector 17; ... Key [14] = Key B Sector 23;
Key[01] = Key B Sector 16; Key [02] = Key A Sector 25; ... Key [15] = Key B Sector 31;
Key[01] = Key B Sector 24; Key [02] = Key B Sector 25; ... Key [14] = Key B Sector 31;
Key[01] = Key B Sector 24; Key [02] = Key A Sector 25; ... Key [15] = Key B Sector 31;
Key[00] = Key A Sector 32; Key [02] = Key A Sector 33; ... Key [14] = Key A Sector 39;
Key[01] = Key B Sector 32; Key [03] = Key B Sector 33; ... Key [15] = Key B Sector 39;
```

PK – abbreviation for Provided Key refers to the authentication which is performed with key that is sent as a command parameter. Generally, this mode of authentication should be avoided due to the low level of security it provides, since key is passed as command parameter.

Mifare Plus using.

For firmware versions from 5.0.1 in PK_AUTH1A_AES or PK_AUTH1B_AES mode, 16 bytes AES key provided to reader.

For firmware versions from 5.0.29 in PK_AUTH1A or PK_AUTH1B mode, 6 bytes Crypto1 key provided to reader. AES key calculated from this Crypto1 key.

SAM_KEY - abbreviation for Key stored into SAM (working with uFR CS reader with SAM, and firmware versions 5.100.xx only)

Authentication mode considerations for NTAG 21x and other T2T tags (supported from firmware version 3.9.10)

NTAG 21x and some other T2T tags (such as Ultralight EV1) support different authentication method from the Mifare Classic tags. NTAG 21x tags authentication is done using ISO 14443A-3 PWD_AUTH command, requiring from the reader to transmit secret code (PWD) of 4 bytes the tag, which responds with a PACK (PWD ACKNOWLEDGE). If the transmitted code is equal to that programmed in the tag, he responds with the correct PACK (length 2 bytes). PWD and PACK is typically written into the tag during the personalization process. The configuration pages are used to configure the memory access restriction of the tag. In order to familiarize with the methods of authentication of the NTAG 21x we recommend that you read "NTAG210 / 212, NFC Forum Type 2 Tag IC compliant with 48/128 bytes user memory Product data sheet" or "NTAG213 / 215/216, NFC Forum Type 2 Tag IC compliant with 144/504/888 bytes user memory data sheet Product" or "MF0ULx1, MIFARE Ultralight EV1 - Contactless IC ticket Product data sheet" that can be found on the manufacturer website. All these documents are marked "PUBLIC COMPANY".

NTAG 21x, Ultralight EV2 and other T2T tags supporting PWD_AUTH, practically use 6 bytes (4 bytes that make up the PWD and 2 bytes of the PACK response) in our uFR readers we use the same mechanism as for Mifare Classic tags. The only difference is that a combined PWD (first 4 bytes of the key) and PACK (the last 2 bytes of the key) now forming a key (6 bytes in length). The resultant key can be prepared in advance and written in the card reader internal EEPROM (NV Memory) for using with Reader Key Authentication (RKA) method, or sent as a parameter of the uFR_COM protocol command using Provided Key (PK) methods.

Note: Reader Key Authentication (RKA) methods with NTAG 21x, Ultralight EV2 and other T2T tags can not be used with uFR Classic and uFR Advanced commercial readers. These methods are possible only with newer reader series like uFR nano, uFR card size readers and HD Base with uFR support installed. On older models for this purpose can be used only Provided Key (PK) methods.

The following constants are declared for the parameter that determines the method for PWD_AUTH for NTAG 21x, Ultralight EV2 and other T2T tags:

T2T_NO_PWD_AUTH 0x00 T2T_RKA_PWD_AUTH 0x01 T2T_PK_PWD_AUTH 0x61

These constants are used with the following uFR_COM protocol commands:

BLOCK_READ BLOCK_WRITE LINEAR_READ LINEAR_WRITE LIN_ROW_READ

and passed as a parameter value controls AUTH_MODE. If you use any other undeclared value as AUTH_MODE, the effect will be the same as if you sent T2T_NO_PWD_AUTH.

When for the AUTH_MODE command parameter you send T2T_RKA_PWD_AUTH or T2T_PK_PWD_AUTH reader will always try to perform PWD_AUTH regardless of the settings in the configuration pages of the tag. For the implementation of the adequate authentication scheme developer is responsible to use T2T_NO_PWD_AUTH for access of the public data that are not protected by a pair of PWD, PACK.

TRAILER BLOCK MANIPULATION COMMANDS

Special blocks called "trailer blocks" defines access bits and rights for Keys A and B for each NXP sector. То read more, refer to documentation about Mifare cards. see http://www.nxp.com/documents/data sheet/M001053 MF1ICS50 rev5 3.pdf and http://www.nxp.com/documents/data sheet/MF1S50YYX.pdf

SECTOR_TRAILER_WRITE (0x1A)

Function is used to write keys and access bits into the trailers of the sector. It could be used or sector address mode (without need for block_in_sector_address to be sent because the given sector is always known) either the block address mode that determines the addressing_mode u CMD_EXT set parameter which can have the following values:

BLOCK_ADDRESS_MODE = 0

SECTOR_ADDRESS_MODE = 1

Access bits are sent separately as 4 bytes that has possible values 0 up to 7.

The device Firmware is formatting the access bits according to the cards specification irreversible blocking of that sector.

The CMD_EXT set is used and its length depends on the authentication mode that is in use. CMD_Par0 contains AUTH_MODE.

Depending on AUTH_MODE, CMD and CMD_EXT set contains:

RKA_AUTH1x:

- CMD_Par1 in CMD set contains readers index key
- 1st byte of the set contains sector_(block_)address
- 2nd byte of the set contains dummy value
- 3rd byte of the set contains addressing mode
- 4th byte contains 9-byte sector trailer value (anything could be written)
- in 5th to 10th byte of the set is an unencrypted key A for writing

• in 11th to 14th byte are the access bits values for 0 to 3 blocks inside the sector respectively (for Classic 4k cards also the second half of their address space – the rest 2K of space, 11th byte of CMD_EXT set determines the access bits values for the blocks 0 to 4, the 12th byte for blocks 5 to 9 and the 13th byte for blocks 10 to 14 and at the end 14th byte for sector trailer)

- the 15th to 20th byte of the set contains an unencrypted key B for writing
- 21st byte contains checksum

AKMy_AUTH1x:

- CMD_Par1 is not used.
- 1st byte of the set contains sector_(block_)address
- 2nd byte of the set contains dummy value
- 3rd byte of the set contains addressing mode
- 4th byte contains 9-byte sector trailer value (anything could be written)
- in 5th to 10th byte of the set is an unencrypted key A for writing
- in 11th to 14th byte are the access bits values for 0 to 3 blocks inside the sector respectively (for Classic 4k cards also the second half of their address space the rest 2K of space, 11th byte of CMD_EXT set determines the access bits values for the blocks 0 to 4, the 12th byte for blocks 5 to 9 and the 13th byte for blocks 10 to 14 and at the end 14th byte for sector trailer)
- the 15th to 20th byte of the set contains an unencrypted key B for writing
- 21st byte contains checksum

PK_AUTH1x:

- CMD_Par1 is not used.
- 1st byte of the set contains sector_(block_)address
- 2nd byte of the set contains dummy value
- 3rd byte of the set contains addressing_mode
- 4th byte contains 9-byte sector trailer value (anything could be written)
- array from 5th up to 10th byte contains 6-byte key.
- in 11th to 16th byte of the set is an unencrypted key A for writing

• in 17th to 20th byte are the access bits values for 0 to 3 blocks inside the sector respectively (for Classic 4k cards also the second half of their address space – the rest 2K of space, 11th byte of CMD_EXT set determines the access bits values for the blocks 0 to 4, the 12th byte for blocks 5 to 9 and the 13th byte for blocks 10 to 14 and at the end 14th byte for sector trailer)

- the 21st do 26th byte of the set contains an unencrypted key B for writing
- 27th byte contains checksum

If everything is done as it should it returns the RESPONSE set. RESPONSE_EXT is not used.

Example:

authentication RKA key A, key number 0, sector address 0, addressing mode 1, key A = 0xFFFFFFFFFF, key B = 0xFFFFFFFFFF, access bits values 0, 0, 0, 1

CMD	55	1A	AA	15	00	00	F7														
ACK	AC	1A	CA	15	00	00	70														
CMD_EXT	00	00	01	69	FF	FF	FF	FF	FF	FF	00	00	00	01	FF	FF	FF	FF	FF	FF	70
RESP	DE	1A	ED	00	00	00	30														

Mifare Plus using.

For firmware versions from 5.0.29.

For RKA_AUTH1x or AKMy_AUTH1x or PK_AUTH1x mode AES key for authentication, and new AES key A and key B, are calculate from Crypto1 keys. Commands uses in same manner as for Mifare Classic card.

MFP_RKA_AUTH1x:

- CMD_Par1 in CMD set contains readers index of AES keys (0 15)
- 1st byte of the set contains sector_(block_)address
- 2nd byte of the set contains dummy value
- 3rd byte of the set contains addressing mode
- 4th byte contains 9-byte sector trailer value (anything could be written)
- in 5th to 10th byte of the set is first 6 bytes of an unencrypted key A for writing
- in 11th to 14th byte are the access bits values for 0 to 3 blocks inside the sector respectively (for Classic 4k cards also the second half of their address space the rest 2K of space, 11th byte of CMD_EXT set determines the access bits values for the blocks 0 to 4, the 12th byte for blocks 5 to 9 and the 13th byte for blocks 10 to 14 and at the end 14th byte for sector trailer)
- the 15th to 20th byte of the set contains first 6 bytes of an unencrypted key B for writing
- the 21st to 30th byte of the set contains second 10 bytes of unencrypted key A for writing
- the 31st to 40th byte of the set contains second 10 bytes of unencrypted key B for writing
- 41st byte contains checksum

MFP_AKMy_AUTH1x:

- CMD_Par1 is not used.
- 1st byte of the set contains sector_(block_)address
- 2nd byte of the set contains dummy value
- 3rd byte of the set contains addressing mode
- 4th byte contains 9-byte sector trailer value (anything could be written)
- in 5th to 10th byte of the set is an unencrypted key A for writing

• in 11th to 14th byte are the access bits values for 0 to 3 blocks inside the sector respectively (for Classic 4k cards also the second half of their address space – the rest 2K of space, 11th byte of CMD_EXT set determines the access bits values for the blocks 0 to 4, the 12th byte for blocks 5 to 9 and the 13th byte for blocks 10 to 14 and at the end 14th byte for sector trailer)

- the 15th to 20th byte of the set contains an unencrypted key B for writing
- the 21st to 30th byte of the set contains second 10 bytes of unencrypted key A for writing
- the 31st to 40th byte of the set contains second 10 bytes of unencrypted key B for writing
- 41st byte contains checksum

PK_AUTH1x_AES:

- CMD_Par1 is not used.
- 1st byte of the set contains sector_(block_)address
- 2nd byte of the set contains dummy value
- 3rd byte of the set contains addressing_mode
- 4th byte contains 9-byte sector trailer value (anything could be written)
- array from 5th up to 20th byte contains 16-byte AES key.
- in 21st to 26th byte of the set is an unencrypted key A for writing

• in 27th to 30th byte are the access bits values for 0 to 3 blocks inside the sector respectively (for Classic 4k cards also the second half of their address space – the rest 2K of space, 11th byte of CMD_EXT set determines the access bits values for the blocks 0 to 4, the 12th byte for blocks 5 to 9 and the 13th byte for blocks 10 to 14 and at the end 14th byte for sector trailer)

- the 31st do 36th byte of the set contains an unencrypted key B for writing
- the 37th to 46th byte of the set contains second 10 bytes of unencrypted key A for writing
- the 47th to 56th byte of the set contains second 10 bytes of unencrypted key B for writing
- 57th byte contains checksum

If everything is done as it should it returns the RESPONSE set. RESPONSE_EXT is not used.

SECTOR_TRAILER_WRITE_UNSAFE (0x2F)

It operates as SECTOR_TRAILER_WRITE except it send already formatted sector trailer block to be written without the access bits value check. The command is unsafe because it could lead to irreversible blocking of the entire sector of the card due to improperly formatted value of access bits. Made only for advanced users.

The CMD_EXT set is used and its length depends on the authentication mode that is in use. CMD_Par0 contains AUTH_MODE.

Depending on AUTH_MODE, CMD and CMD_EXT set contains:

RKA_AUTH1x:

• CMD_Par1 u CMD set contains readers index key

- 1st byte of the set contains sector_(block_)address
- 2nd byte of the set contains dummy value
- 3rd byte of the set contains addressing_mode
- 4th byte of the set contains dummy value
- in 5th to 20th byte of the set is the content of the sector trailer for writing
- 21st byte contains checksum

AKMy_AUTH1x:

- CMD_Par1 is not used.
- 1st byte of the set contains sector_(block_)address
- 2nd byte of the set contains dummy value
- 3rd byte of the set contains addressing_mode
- 4th byte of the set contains dummy value
- in 5th to 20th byte of the set is the content of the sector trailer for writing
- 21st byte contains checksum

PK_AUTH1x:

- CMD_Par1 is not used.
- 1st byte of the set contains sector_(block_)address
- 2nd byte of the set contains dummy value
- 3rd byte of the set contains addressing_mode
- 4th byte of the set contains dummy value
- array from 5th up to 10th bytes contains 6-byte key.
- in 11th to 26th byte of the set is the content of the sector trailer for writing
- 27th byte contains checksum
- If everything is done as it should it returns the RESPONSE set.

RESPONSE_EXT is not used.

Example:

authentication RKA key A, key number 0, sector address 0, addressing mode 1, key A = 0xFFFFFFFFFF, key B = 0xFFFFFFFFFF, access bits values 0xFF078069 (default configuration)

CMD	55	2F	AA	15	00	00	CC	
ACK	AC	2F	CA	15	00	00	63	

CMD_EXT	00	00	01	00	FF	07	80	69	FF	FF	FF	FF	FF	FF	17						
RESP	DE	2F	ED	00	00	00	23														

BLOCK MANIPULATION COMMANDS

Following commands used direct block addressing, meaning that blocks are indexed in range 0 to 63 for Mifare 1K cards.

BLOCK_READ (0x16)

Reads the whole data block from the card which is in the reader field. The CMD_EXT set is used and its length depends on authentication mode that is used.

CMD_Par0 contains AUTH_MODE. Depending on AUTH_MODE, CMD and CMD_EXT set contains:

RKA_AUTH1x:

- CMD_Par1 in CMD set contains key index in the reader
- 1st byte of CMD_EXT set contains block_address
- 2nd, 3rd and 4th byte of CMD_EXT set contains dummy data
- 5th byte contains checksum

Example:

read block 01 with RKA_AUTH1A

CMD	55	16	AA	05	00	00	F3										
ACK	AC	16	CA	05	00	00	7C										
CMD_EXT	01	00	00	00	80												
RSP	DE	16	ED	11	00	00	3B										
RSP_EXT	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	07

AKMy_AUTH1x:

- CMD_Par1 is not used.
- 1st byte of CMD_EXT set contains block_address
- 2nd, 3rd and 4th byte of CMD_EXT set contains dummy data
- 5th byte contains checksum

PK_AUTH1x:

- CMD_Par1 is not used.
- 1st byte of CMD_EXT set contains block_address
- 2nd, 3rd and 4th byte of CMD_EXT set contains dummy data
- array from 5th to 10th byte contains 6-byte key.
- 11th byte contains checksum

If all operates as it should it turns the RESPONSE set and the RESPONSE_EXT is following with 16 read bytes and checksum at the end.

PK_AUTH1x_AES: (uFR PLUS devices only Mifare Plus tags)

- CMD_Par1 is not used.
- 1st byte of CMD_EXT set contains block_address

- 2nd, 3rd and 4th byte of CMD_EXT set contains dummy data
- array from 5th to 20th byte contains 16-byte AES key.
- 21st byte contains checksum

If all operates as it should it turns the RESPONSE set and the RESPONSE_EXT is following with 16 read bytes and checksum at the end.

Mifare Plus using.

For firmware versions from 5.0.1 to 5.0.28 in RKA_AUTH1x or AKMy_AUTH1x mode uses AES key from reader AES keys space (index 0 - 15).

For firmware versions from 5.0.29 in RKA_AUTH1x or AKMy_AUTH1x mode uses AES key which calculated from reader Crypto1 key (indec 0 - 31).

Firmware versions from 5.0.29

MFP_RKA_AUTH1x:

- CMD_Par1 in CMD set contains AES key index in the reader (0 -15)
- 1st byte of CMD_EXT set contains block_address
- 2nd, 3rd and 4th byte of CMD_EXT set contains dummy data
- 5th byte contains checksum

MFP_AKMy_AUTH1x:

- CMD_Par1 is not used.
- 1st byte of CMD_EXT set contains block_address
- 2nd, 3rd and 4th byte of CMD_EXT set contains dummy data
- 5th byte contains checksum

SAM_KEY_AUTH1x: (uFR CS with SAM and firmware versions 5.100.xx)

- CMD_Par1 in CMD set contains key index in the SAM (1 127)
- 1st byte of CMD_EXT set contains block_address
- 2nd, 3rd and 4th byte of CMD_EXT set contains dummy data
- 5th byte contains checksum

BLOCK_WRITE (0x17)

Writes the whole data block into the card that is currently in the readers field. Address mode is used for so called block addressing where for example the first block on Mifare Classic 1k has an address 0 and the last one has the address 63. This command doesn't allow the direct writing into addressing the sector trailer and in the case of its it gives back the FORBIDEN DIRECT WRITE IN SECTOR TRAILER.

The CMD_EXT set is used and its length depends on the authentication mode that is in use.

CMD_Par0 contains AUTH_MODE. Depending on AUTH_MODE, CMD and CMD_EXT set contains:

RKA_AUTH1x:

- CMD_Par1 in CMD set contains readers index key
- 1st byte of CMD_EXT set contains block_address
- 2nd, 3rd and 4th byte of CMD_EXT set contains dummy data
- in 5th to 20th byte of set are placed data for writing into the data block
- 21st byte contains checksum

AKMy_AUTH1x:

- CMD_Par1 is not used.
- 1st byte of CMD_EXT set contains block_address
- 2nd, 3rd and 4th byte of CMD_EXT set contains dummy data
- in 5th to 20th byte of the set are placed the data for writing into the data block
- 21st byte contains checksum

PK_AUTH1x:

- CMD_Par1 is not used.
- 1st byte of CMD_EXT set contains block_address
- 2nd, 3rd and 4th byte CMD_EXT set contains dummy data
- array from 5th to 10th byte contains 6-byte key.
- in 11th too 26th byte are placed the data for writing into the data block
- 27th byte contains checksum.

PK_AUTH1x_AES: (uFR PLUS devices only Mifare Plus tags)

- CMD_Par1 is not used.
- 1st byte of CMD_EXT set contains block_address
- 2nd, 3rd and 4th byte CMD_EXT set contains dummy data
- array from 5th to 20th byte contains 16-byte AES key.
- in 21th too 36th byte are placed the data for writing into the data block
- 37th byte contains checksum.

Mifare Plus using.

For firmware versions from 5.0.1 to 5.0.28 in RKA_AUTH1x or AKMy_AUTH1x mode uses AES key from reader AES keys space (index 0 - 15).

For firmware versions from 5.0.29 in RKA_AUTH1x or AKMy_AUTH1x mode uses AES key which calculated from reader Crypto1 key (indec 0 - 31).

Firmware versions from 5.0.29

MFP_RKA_AUTH1x:

CMD_Par1 in CMD set contains readers index key

- 1st byte of CMD_EXT set contains block_address
- 2nd, 3rd and 4th byte of CMD_EXT set contains dummy data
- in 5th to 20th byte of set are placed data for writing into the data block
- 21st byte contains checksum

MFP_AKMy_AUTH1x:

- CMD_Par1 is not used.
- 1st byte of CMD_EXT set contains block_address
- 2nd, 3rd and 4th byte of CMD_EXT set contains dummy data
- in 5th to 20th byte of the set are placed the data for writing into the data block
- 21st byte contains checksum

SAM_KEY_AUTH1x: (uFR CS with SAM and firmware versions 5.100.xx)

- CMD_Par1 in CMD set contains key index in the SAM (0 127)
- 1st byte of CMD_EXT set contains block_address
- 2nd, 3rd and 4th byte of CMD_EXT set contains dummy data
- in 5th to 20th byte of set are placed data for writing into the data block
- 21st byte contains checksum

If everything is done as it should device answer with RSP packet.

Example:

write "01 02	03 (04 0	5 06	07	08" i	nto	bloc	k 1 ı	using	g ke	y "Ff	F FF	FF	FF F	FF F	F"					
CMD	55	17	AA	1B	60	00	9A														
ACK	AC	17	CA	1B	60	00	11														
CMD_EXT	01	00	00	00	FF	FF	FF	FF	FF	FF	01	02	03	04	05	06	07	08	00	00	00
00 00																					
	00	00	00	10																	
RSP	DE	17	ED	00	00	00	2В														

BLOCK_IN_SECTOR_READ (0x18)

It has the same function as the BLOCK_READ but uses the different address mode for so called sector addressing where is always given the address of the sector and the sector block (as specified in the NXP documentation for Mifare Classic cards). The first sector of the Mifare Classic 1k card for example has the address 0 and the last one has 15. The block addresses of the sector are defined in the interval from 0 to 3 (3rd block of each sector is sector trailer) excluding Mifare Classic 4k cards for which in its second line of address space (the second 2k that is 32nd up to 39th sector) have the block addresses in sector 0 to 15 and the 15th is sector trailer.

Communication command protocol is the same as with BLOCK_READ with following exception:

- 1st byte of the CMD_EXT set contains block_in_sector_address
- 2nd byte of the CMD_EXT set contains sector_address
- 3rd and 4th byte of the CMD_EXT set contains dummy data

Example:

read block 0 in sector 0 with RKA_AUTH1A, key number 0

CMD	55	18	AA	05	00	00	E9										
ACK	AC	18	CA	05	00	00	82										
CMD_EXT	00	00	00	00	07												
—																	
RSP	DE	18	ED	11	00	00	41										
RSP_EXT	47	8F	90	61	39	80	04	00	01	F1	0A	F0	1A	A2	EB	1D	4F

BLOCK_IN_SECTOR_WRITE (0x19)

Has the same function as the BLOCK_WRITE but uses the different address mode, so called sector addressing where the sector address and the address of the block in the sector is always given (as mentioned in NXP documentation for Mifare Classic cards). For example the first sector on Mifare Classic 1k card has the address 0 and the last one has the address 15. The block addresses in sector are in the interval from 0 to 3 (3rd block of each sector is sector trailer) excluding Mifare Classic 4k cards for which in its second line of address space (the second 2k that is 32nd up to 39th sector) have the block addresses in sector 0 to 15 and the 15th is sector trailer. Communication command protocol is the same as with BLOCK_WRITE with following exception:

- 1st byte of CMD_EXT set contains block_in_sector_address
- 2nd byte of CMD_EXT set contains sector_address
- 3rd and 4th byte of CMD_EXT set contains dummy data

Example:

write block 1 in sector 0 with RKA_AUTH1A, key number 0

CMD	55 19 AA 15 00 00 FA
ACK	AC 19 CA 15 00 00 71
CMD_EXT	01 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 FF 07 80 69 FF FF FF FF FF FF FF 17
RSP	DE 19 ED 00 00 31

LINEAR DATA MANIPULATION COMMANDS

LINEAR_READ (0x14)

Linear read data from the card. This command concatenates data for successive blocks and sectors into one array of data. It performs something like "continuous reading" of data. It is very convenient for reading data from more blocks or sectors which are in successive order.

uFR PLUS only Mifare Plus tags support. In security level 3 for Mifare Plus tags, multi sector authentication can be used to optimize the performance and minimize the number of authentications. AES keys for sectors which contains blocks for linear read, must be equal. Then you can use a multi block read with authentication for first sector only.

The CMD_EXT set is used whose length depends on the mode of authentication that is used. CMD Par0 contains AUTH MODE.

Depending on AUTH_MODE, CMD and CMD_EXT sets contains:

RKA_AUTH1x:

- CMD_Par1 in CMD set contains key index in the reader
- 1st and 2nd byte of CMD_EXT set contains linear_address (little endian)
- 3rd and 4th byte of CMD_EXT set contains data_length (little endian)
- 5th byte contains checksum

Example:

Read linear data from 0 to 63, length is 64 bytes, using RK AUTH1A

CMD	55	14	AA	05	00	00	F5
ACK	AC	14	CA	05	00	00	7E

CMD_EXT	00	00	40	00	47		
RSP	DE	14	ED	41	00	00	6D

and DATA we asked for in RSP_EXT

 31
 32
 33
 34
 35
 36
 37
 38
 39
 30
 00
 00
 00
 00
 31

 32
 33
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With checksum

38

AKMy_AUTH1x:

- CMD_Par1 is not used.
- 1st and 2nd byte of CMD_EXT set contains linear_address (little endian)
- 3rd and 4th byte of CMD_EXT set contains data_length (little endian)
- 5th byte contains checksum

Example: Read linear data from 0 to 31, length is 32 bytes, using AKM1 AUTH1A

CMD 55 14 AA 05 20 00 D5 AC 14 CA 05 20 00 5E ACK 00 00 20 00 27 CMD EXT DE 14 ED 21 00 00 0D RSP and DATA we asked for in RSP EXT 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 30 00 00 00 00 00 31 With checksum 38 **Example:** Read linear data from 0 to 31, length is 32 bytes, using AKM1 AUTH1B CMD 55 14 AA 05 21 00 D6 ACK AC 14 CA 05 21 00 5D CMD EXT 00 00 20 00 27 DE 14 ED 21 00 00 0D RSP and DATA we asked for in RSP_EXT 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 30 00 00 00 00 00 31 With checksum 38

Same applies to AKM2 AUTHA and AUTHB commands.

PK_AUTH1x:

• CMD_Par1 is not used.

uFR serial protocol 1.17

- 1st and 2nd byte of CMD_EXT set contains linear_address (little endian)
- 3rd and 4th byte of CMD_EXT set contains data_length (little endian)
- array from 5th to 10th byte contains 6-byte key.
- 11th byte contains checksum.

Example: Read linear data from 16 to 31, length is 16 bytes, using PK AUTH1B and provided key 6 x FF

CMD	55	14	AA	0в	61	00	88
ACK	AC	14	CA	0в	61	00	1F

 CMD_EXT
 10
 00
 10
 00
 FF
 <t

and DATA we asked for in RSP_EXT

32330000000000000000000000000000

with checksum 08

SAM_KEY_AUTH1x: (uFR CS with SAM and firmware versions 5.100.xx)

- CMD_Par1 in CMD set contains key index in the SAM (1 127)
- 1st and 2nd byte of CMD_EXT set contains linear_address (little endian)
- 3rd and 4th byte of CMD_EXT set contains data_length (little endian)
- 5th byte contains checksum

If everything operates as expected the RSP packet is sent and after that also the RSP_EXT with number of bytes according to the data_length command with checksum at the end.

In case the card is removed from the field or in case of wrong authentication including that some block is read anyway, it turns ERR set with NO_CARD error code or AUTH_ERROR and then the ERR_EXT set which contains the array of the read bytes and CHECKSUM at the end.

LINEAR_READ command utilise FAST_READ ISO 14443-3 command with NTAG21x and Mifare Ultralight EV1 tags.

uFR PLUS devices only. Mifare Plus tags. Firmware versions from 5.0.1 to 5.0.28

RKA_AUTH1x:

- CMD_Par1 in CMD set contains AES key index in the reader (0 15)
- 1st and 2nd byte of CMD_EXT set contains linear_address (little endian)
- 3rd and 4th byte of CMD_EXT set contains data_length to 192 bytes (little endian)
- 5th and 6th byte of CMD_EXT set contains true data length if data length bigger than 192 bytes (little endian)
- 7th byte contains checksum

· For reasons of compatibility there is expected Error packet with Error code

MFP_MULTI_BLOCKS_READ = 0xB9

• Reading the data is specific and is done in a loop. Reads one data, and if it is 0, then reads another that indicates how much data follows in the package. This is repeated until the required amount of data read. If the first data is different from 0, then loop stops.

• RSP_EXT not in use

PK_AUTH1x_AES:

- CMD_Par1 is not used.
- 1st and 2nd byte of CMD_EXT set contains linear_address (little endian)
- 3rd and 4th byte of CMD_EXT set contains data_length (little endian)
- array from 5th to 20th byte contains 16-byte key.

• 21st byte contains checksum.

• For reasons of compatibility there is expected Error packet with Error code

MFP_MULTI_BLOCKS_READ = 0xB9

• Reading the data is specific and is done in a loop. Reads one data, and if it is 0, then reads another that indicates how much data follows in the package. This is repeated until the required amount of data read. If the first data is different from 0, then loop stops.

RSP_EXT not in use

Example:

Read linear of	data	fron	n 0 -	299), ler	ngth	= 30)0. A	ΝES	key	is 16	6 x C)xFF							
CMD	55	14	AA	17	81	00	84													
ACK	AC	14	CA	17	81	00	EB													
CMD_EXT	00	00	B8	00	FF	FF	FF	FF	FF	FF	FF	FF	FF	FF	FF	FF	FF	FF	FF	FF
	2C	01	9C																	
ERR	EC	в9	CE	00	FF	FF	A2													
DATA			41														69	6E		
			74																	
	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00				
	• •	~ ~	• •	~ ~	• •	~ ~	~ ~	~ ~	~ ~	~ ~	• •	~ ~	~ ~	~ ~	~ ~	~ ~	~ ~	~ ~		
			00														00	00		
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	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00				
	00	20	00	00	00	00	00	00	~~	00	00	00	00	00	<u></u>	<u></u>	00	<u></u>		
			00 00														00	00		
			00																	
	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00				
	00	30	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00		
			00														00	00		
			00																	
	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00				
	00	20	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00		
			00																	
	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••				
	00	30	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00		
	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00				
			00																	
	00	1C	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00		

DD (OK)

RSP DE 14 ED 00 00 00 2E

SAM_KEY_AUTH1x: (uFR CS with SAM and firmware versions 5.100.xx)

• CMD_Par1 in CMD set contains key index in the

- 1st and 2nd byte of CMD_EXT set contains linear_address (little endian)
- 3rd and 4th byte of CMD_EXT set contains data_length to 192 bytes (little endian)

• 5th and 6th byte of CMD_EXT set contains true data length if data length bigger than 192 bytes (little endian)

- 7th byte contains checksum
- For reasons of compatibility there is expected Error packet with Error code

MFP_MULTI_BLOCKS_READ = 0xB9

• Reading the data is specific and is done in a loop. Reads one data, and if it is 0, then reads another that indicates how much data follows in the package. This is repeated until the required amount of data read. If the first data is different from 0, then loop stops.

• RSP_EXT not in use

For firmware versions from 5.0.29

In RKA_AUTH1x or AKMy_AUTH1x mode, commands are used in the same manner as for Mifare Classic card. AES key calculated from Crypto1 reader key (index 0 - 31).

MFP_RKA_AUTH1x:

- CMD_Par1 in CMD set contains AES key index in the reader (0 15)
- 1st and 2nd byte of CMD_EXT set contains linear_address (little endian)
- 3rd and 4th byte of CMD_EXT set contains data_length to 192 bytes (little endian)
- 5th and 6th byte of CMD_EXT set contains true data length if data length bigger than 192 bytes (little endian)
- 7th byte contains checksum
- For reasons of compatibility there is expected Error packet with Error code

MFP_MULTI_BLOCKS_READ = 0xB9

• Reading the data is specific and is done in a loop. Reads one data, and if it is 0, then reads another that indicates how much data follows in the package. This is repeated until the required amount of data read. If the first data is different from 0, then loop stops.

• RSP_EXT not in use

MFP_AKMy_AUTH1x:

- CMD_Par1 is not used.
- 1st and 2nd byte of CMD_EXT set contains linear_address (little endian)
- 3rd and 4th byte of CMD_EXT set contains data_length (little endian)

• 5th byte contains checksum

LINEAR_WRITE (0x15)

Linear data writing into the card which is currently in the field of the reader. The verification of each written block is done during the writing.

The CMD_EXT set is used and its length depends on the authentication mode that is used

CMD_Par0 contains AUTH_MODE.

Depending on AUTH_MODE, CMD and CMD_EXT sets contains:

RKA_AUTH1x:

- CMD_Par1 in CMD set contains key index in the reader
- 1st and 2nd byte of CMD_EXT set contains linear_address (little endian)
- 3rd and 4th byte of CMD_EXT set contains data_length (little endian)
- from 5th byte up (data_length + 4) contains data array for writing
- (data_length + 5) byte contains checksum

Example: Write 8 bytes into card string at linear address 08, using RK_AUTH1A, bytes are 10 11...17

CMD	55	15	AA	0D	00	00	EE
ACK	AC	15	CA	0D	00	00	85

CMD_EXT08000800101112131415161707RSPDE15ED0000002D

We can check now if bytes are written using previous examples of LinearRead command.

AKMy_AUTH1x:

- CMD_Par1 is not used.
- 1st and 2nd byte of CMD_EXT set contains linear_address (little endian)
- 3rd and 4th byte of CMD_EXT set contains data_length (little endian)
- from 5th byte up (data_length + 4) contains data array for writing
- (data_length + 5) byte contains checksum

PK_AUTH1x:

- CMD_Par1 is not used.
- 1st and 2nd byte of CMD_EXT set contains linear_address (little endian)
- 3rd and 4th byte of CMD_EXT set contains data_length (little endian)

- array from 5th to 10th byte contains 6- byte key
- 11th byte and up to (data_length + 10) contains data array for writing
- (data_length + 11) byte contains checksum.

uFR PLUS devices only. Mifare Plus tags. Firmware versions from 5.0.1 to 5.0.28.

PK_AUTH1x_AES:

- CMD_Par1 is not used.
- 1st and 2nd byte of CMD_EXT set contains linear_address (little endian)
- 3rd and 4th byte of CMD_EXT set contains data_length (little endian)
- array from 5th to 20th byte contains 16- byte key
- 21st byte and up to (data_length + 20) contains data array for writing
- (data_length + 21) byte contains checksum.

SAM_KEY_AUTH1x: (uFR CS with SAM and firmware versions 5.100.xx)

- CMD_Par1 in CMD set contains key index in the SAM
- 1st and 2nd byte of CMD_EXT set contains linear_address (little endian)
- 3rd and 4th byte of CMD_EXT set contains data_length (little endian)
- from 5th byte up (data_length + 4) contains data array for writing
- (data_length + 5) byte contains checksum

If everything went as expected device answer with RSP packet.

In error case it turns the ERR packet where the RSP_Val0 contains the number of eventual written bytes.

For firmware versions from 5.0.29

In RKA_AUTH1x or AKMy_AUTH1x mode, commands are used in the same manner as for Mifare Classic card. AES key calculated from Crypto1 reader key (index 0 - 31).

MFP_RKA_AUTH1x:

- CMD_Par1 in CMD set contains AES key index in the reader
- 1st and 2nd byte of CMD_EXT set contains linear_address (little endian)
- 3rd and 4th byte of CMD_EXT set contains data_length (little endian)
- from 5th byte up (data_length + 4) contains data array for writing
- (data_length + 5) byte contains checksum

MFP_AKMy_AUTH1x:

- CMD_Par1 is not used.
- 1st and 2nd byte of CMD_EXT set contains linear_address (little endian)
- 3rd and 4th byte of CMD_EXT set contains data_length (little endian)
- from 5th byte up (data_length + 4) contains data array for writing

• (data_length + 5) byte contains checksum

LINEAR_FORMAT_CARD (0x25)

The CMD_EXT set is used and its length depends on the authentication mode that is used. Since this command can erase data or block card reading if wrong access bits are provided, we strongly suggest to test it first through SDK API examples to figure out what this command does. For pure erasing data or filling card with 0x00 without changing the keys, it is much easier to use Linear_Write command.

Usage:

CMD_Par0 contains AUTH_MODE. Depending on AUTH_MODE, CMD and CMD_EXT set contains:

RKA_AUTH1x:

- CMD_Par1 in CMD set contains readers index key
- 1st byte of the set contains access bits value for blocks in sector
- 2nd byte of the set contains access bits value for sector trailers
- 3rd byte of the set contains dummy value
- 4th byte of the set has 9-byte sector trailer value (anything could be written)
- in 5th to 10th byte of the set is new key A
- in 11th to 16th byte of the set is new key B
- 17th byte contains checksum

AKMy_AUTH1x:

- CMD_Par1 is not used.
- 1st byte of the set contains access bits value for blocks in sector
- 2nd byte of the set contains access bits value for sector trailers
- 3rd byte of the set contains dummy value
- 4th byte of the set has 9-byte sector trailer value (anything could be written)
- in 5th to 10th byte of the set is new key A
- in 11th to 16th byte of the set is new key B
- 17th byte contains checksum

PK_AUTH1x:

- CMD_Par1 is not used.
- 1st byte of the set contains access bits value for blocks in sector
- 2nd byte of the set contains access bits value for sector trailers
- 3rd byte of the set contains dummy value
- 4th byte of the set has 9-byte sector trailer value (anything could be written)
- array from 5th up to 10th byte contains 6-byte key for authentication (previous)
- in 11th to 16th byte of the set is new key A
- in 17th to 22nd byte of the set is new key B

• 23rd byte contains checksum

If everything is done as it should device answer with RSP packet. RSP EXT is not used.

Example:

Key A is 0xFFFFFFFFFFFFF, Key B is 0xFFFFFFFFFFFFF, access bits value for blocks is 0, access bits value for sector trailers is 1, authentication mode is RKA_AUTH1A, key number is 0

 CMD
 55
 25
 AA
 11
 00
 00
 D2

 ACK
 AC
 25
 CA
 11
 00
 00
 59

 CMD_EXT
 00
 01
 00
 69
 FF
 FF

Mifare Plus using.

Firmware versions from 5.0.29.

In RKA_AUTH1x or AKMy_AUTH1x or PK_AUTH1x mode, commands are used in the same manner as for Mifare Classic card. AES key for authentication calculated from Crypto1 reader key (index 0 - 31) or provided Crypto1 key. New AES key A and key B are calculate from provided Crypto1 keys. 4K card formatting is about 10 seconds, so it is periodically sent keep alive frame, before response frame.

KEEP_ALIVE A1 25 85 00 00 00 08RSPDE 25 ED 00 10 00 0D

MFP_RKA_AUTH1x:

- CMD_Par1 in CMD set contains readers index key
- 1st byte of the set contains access bits value for blocks in sector
- 2nd byte of the set contains access bits value for sector trailers
- 3rd byte of the set contains dummy value
- 4th byte of the set has 9-byte sector trailer value (anything could be written)
- in 5th to 10th byte of the set are first 6 bytes of new AES key A
- in 11th to 16th byte of the set are first 6 bytes of new AES key B
- in 17th to 26th bytes of the set are last 10 bytes of new AES key A
- in 27th to 36th bytes of the set are last 10 bytes of new AES key B
- 37th byte contains checksum

MFP_AKMy_AUTH1x:

• CMD_Par1 is not used.

- 1st byte of the set contains access bits value for blocks in sector
- 2nd byte of the set contains access bits value for sector trailers
- 3rd byte of the set contains dummy value
- 4th byte of the set has 9-byte sector trailer value (anything could be written)
- in 5^{th} to 10^{th} byte of the set are first 6 bytes of new AES key A
- in 11th to 16th byte of the set are first 6 bytes of new AES key B
- in 17th to 26th bytes of the set are last 10 bytes of new AES key A
- in 27th to 36th bytes of the set are last 10 bytes of new AES key B
- 37th byte contains checksum

PK_AUTH1x_AES:

- CMD_Par1 is not used.
- 1st byte of the set contains access bits value for blocks in sector
- 2nd byte of the set contains access bits value for sector trailers
- 3rd byte of the set contains dummy value
- 4th byte of the set has 9-byte sector trailer value (anything could be written)
- array from 5th up to 20th byte contains 16-byte AES key for authentication (previous)
- in 21th to 26th byte of the set are first 6 bytes of new AES key A
- in 27th to 32nd byte of the set are first 6 bytes of new AES key B
- in 33rd to 42nd bytes of the set are last 10 bytes of new AES key A
- in 43rd to 52nd bytes of the set are last 10 bytes of new AES key B
- 53rd byte contains checksum

LIN_ROW_READ(0x45)

Functions allow you to quickly read data from the card including the sector trailer blocks. These functions are very similar to the functions for linear reading of users data space. Using this command is the same as using the command LINEAR_READ(0x14)

The CMD_EXT set is used whose length depends on the mode of authentication that is used. CMD_Par0 contains AUTH_MODE.

Depending on AUTH_MODE, CMD and CMD_EXT sets contains:

RKA_AUTH1x:

- CMD_Par1 in CMD set contains key index in the
- 1st and 2nd byte of CMD_EXT set contains linear_address (little endian)
- 3rd and 4th byte of CMD_EXT set contains data_length (little endian)
- 5th byte contains checksum

AKMy_AUTH1x:

- CMD_Par1 is not used.
- 1st and 2nd byte of CMD_EXT set contains linear_address (little endian)

- 3rd and 4th byte of CMD_EXT set contains data_length (little endian)
- 5th byte contains checksum

PK_AUTH1x:

- CMD_Par1 is not used.
- 1st and 2nd byte of CMD_EXT set contains linear_address (little endian)
- 3rd and 4th byte of CMD_EXT set contains data_length (little endian)
- array from 5th do 10th byte contains 6-byte key.
- 11th byte contains checksum.

Example:

Read data from 0 to 47, length is 48 bytes, using RK AUTH1A key number 0

CMD	55	45	AA	05	00	00	C6														
ACK	AC	45	CA	05	00	00	2D														
CMD_EXT	00	00	30	00	37																
RSP	DE	45	ED	31	00	00	4E														
RSP_EXT	47	8F	90	61	39	08	04	00	01	F1	0A	F0	1A	A 2	EB	1D	00	00	00	00	00
00 FF																					
	07	80	69	FF	FF	FF	FF	FF	FF	00	00	00	00	00	00	FF	07	80	69	FF	FF
FF FF																					
	FF	FF	4F																		

VALUE BLOCK MANIPULATION COMMANDS

DIRECT BLOCK ADDRESSING

VALUE_BLOCK_READ (0x1D)

Reads the 4-byte value of the "value block" of the card which is currently in the reading field. Address mode that is used is so called block addressing where for example the first block of Mifare Classic 1k card has the address 0 and the last one has the address 63.

The CMD_EXT set is used and its length depends on the authentication mode that is used. CMD_Par0 contains AUTH_MODE.

Depending on AUTH_MODE, CMD and CMD_EXT set contains:

RKA_AUTH1x:

- CMD_Par1 in CMD set contains readers index key
- 1st byte of the CMD_EXT set contains block_address
- 2nd, 3rd and 4th byte of the CMD_EXT set contains dummy data
- 5th byte contains checksum

AKMy_AUTH1x:

- CMD_Par1 is not used.
- 1st byte of the CMD_EXT set contains block_address
- 2nd, 3rd and 4th byte of the CMD_EXT set contains dummy data
- 5th byte contains checksum

PK_AUTH1x:

- CMD_Par1 is not used.
- 1st byte of the CMD_EXT set contains block_address
- 2nd, 3rd and 4th byte of the CMD_EXT set contains dummy data
- array from 5th to 10th byte contains 6-byte key.
- 11th byte contains checksum

SAM_KEY_AUTH1x: (uFR CS with SAM and firmware versions 5.100.xx)

- CMD_Par1 in CMD set contains key index in the SAM
- 1st byte of the CMD_EXT set contains block_address
- 2nd, 3rd and 4th byte of the CMD_EXT set contains dummy data
- 5th byte contains checksum

If everything is OK, device answer with RSP packet followed by RSP_EXT containing 4-byte value and checksum.

RSP_Val0 contains block address (read from block value for powerful backup as mentioned in the Mifare card documentation).

In the case of error the VALUE_BLOCK_ADDR_INVALID (read value of the value block is formatted properly but the address bytes aren't) it returns ERR_EXT set which contains the value of the value block.

Notice that value is in little-endian notation, where negative values are stored as "Two complement's".

Example:

Read Value Block 05 with PK_AUTH1A:

 CMD
 55
 1D
 AA
 0B
 60
 00
 90

 ACK
 AC
 1D
 CA
 0B
 60
 00
 17

 CMD_EXT
 05
 00
 00
 00
 FF
 FF

VALUE_BLOCK_WRITE (0x1E)

Store 4-byte value into "value block".

This command disallow the writing into the trailers of the sector and in case of their addressing it returns the FORBIDEN_DIRECT_WRITE_IN_SECTOR_TRAILER.

The CMD_EXT set is used and its length depends on the authentication mode that is used.

CMD_Par0 contains AUTH_MODE.

Depending on AUTH_MODE, CMD and CMD_EXT set contains:

RKA_AUTH1x:

- CMD_Par1 in CMD set contains readers index key
- 1st byte of the CMD_EXT set contains block_address
- 2nd and 3rd byte of the CMD_EXT set contains dummy data
- 4th byte contains value address
- in 5th to 8th byte of the set is placed the data for writing into the value block
- 9th byte contains checksum

AKMy_AUTH1x:

- CMD_Par1 is not used.
- 1st byte of the CMD_EXT set contains block_address
- 2nd and 3rd byte of the CMD_EXT set contains dummy data
- 4th byte contains value address
- in 5th to 8th byte of the set is placed the data for writing into the value block
- 9th byte contains checksum

PK_AUTH1x:

- CMD_Par1 is not used.
- 1st byte of the CMD_EXT set contains block_address
- 2nd and 3rd byte of the CMD_EXT set contains dummy data
- 4th byte contains value address
- array from 5th up to 10th byte contains 6-byte key.
- in 11th to 14th byte of the set is placed the data for writing into the value block
- 15th byte contains checksum

Example: Store value 01 01 01 01 into block 5 using PK_AUTH1A key FF FF FF FF FF FF

CMD	55	1E	AA	0F	60	00	95									
ACK	AC	1E	CA	0F	60	00	1E									
CMD_EXT	05	00	00	05	FF	FF	FF	FF	FF	FF	01	01	01	01	07	
RSP	DE	1E	ED	00	00	00	34	DE								

SAM_KEY_AUTH1x: (uFR CS with SAM and firmware versions 5.100.xx)

- CMD_Par1 in CMD set contains key index in the SAM
- 1st byte of the CMD_EXT set contains block_address
- 2nd and 3rd byte of the CMD_EXT set contains dummy data
- 4th byte contains value address
- in 5th to 8th byte of the set is placed the data for writing into the value block
- 9th byte contains checksum

If everything is OK, device answer with RSP packet. RSP_EXT is not used.

Notice that value is in little-endian notation, where negative values are stored as "Two complement's". For example, decimal value 65535 should be stored as FF FF 00 00.

VALUE_BLOCK_INC (0x21)

It increases the value of the addressed value block for the 4-byte value increment_val that is send as a command parameter and is been used for so-called block address mode.

The CMD_EXT set is used and its length depends on the authentication mode that is used.

CMD_Par0 contains AUTH_MODE.

Depending on AUTH_MODE, CMD and CMD_EXT set contains:

RKA_AUTH1x:

- CMD_Par1 in CMD set contains readers index key
- 1st byte of the CMD_EXT set contains block_address
- 2nd, 3rd and 4th byte of the CMD_EXT set contains dummy data
- in 5th to 8th byte set is increment_val
- 9th byte contains checksum

AKMy_AUTH1x:

- CMD_Par1 is not used.
- 1st byte of the CMD_EXT set contains block_address
- 2nd, 3rd and 4th byte of the CMD_EXT set contains dummy data
- in 5th to 8th byte set is increment_val
- 9th byte contains checksum

PK_AUTH1x:

- CMD_Par1 is not used.
- 1st byte of the CMD_EXT set contains block_address
- 2nd, 3rd and 4th byte of the CMD_EXT set contains dummy data
- array from 5th up to 10th byte contains 6-byte key
- in 11th to 14th bytes of the set is increment_val

• 15th byte contains checksum.

SAM_KEY_AUTH1x: (uFR CS with SAM and firmware versions 5.100.xx)

- CMD_Par1 in CMD set contains key index into SAM
- 1st byte of the CMD_EXT set contains block_address
- 2nd, 3rd and 4th byte of the CMD_EXT set contains dummy data
- in 5th to 8th byte set is increment_val
- 9th byte contains checksum

If everything is OK, device answer with RSP packet. RSP_EXT packet is not used.

Example:

Increase Val	alue Block 5 with "F0 F0 F0 F0" using PK_AUTH1A with key FF FF FF FF FF FF										
CMD	55 21 AA OF 60 00 B8										
ACK	AC 21 CA 0F 60 00 2F										
CMD_EXT	05 00 00 00 FF FF FF FF FF FF FO FO FO OC										
RSP	DE 21 ED 00 00 10 DE										
Netice that when we read new Value Block 5 we will get											

Notice that when we read now Value Block 5 we will get RSP and RSP_EXT DE 1D ED 05 05 00 35 F1 F1 F1 71 87, with value F1 F1 F1 71, stored in little-endian notation, where byte 71 is represented in Two Complement's manner (change of sign +/-).

VALUE_BLOCK_DEC (0x22)

Decrement the value of the addressed value block for 4-byte value decrement_val which is sent as the command parameter. The so-called block address mode is used.

The CMD_EXT set is used and the length of the authentication mode is used.

CMD_Par0 contains AUTH_MODE.

Depending on AUTH_MODE, CMD and CMD_EXT set contains:

RKA_AUTH1x:

- CMD_Par1 in CMD set contains readers index key
- 1st byte of the CMD_EXT set contains block_address
- 2nd, 3rd and 4th byte CMD_EXT set contains dummy data
- in 5th to 8th byte of the set is decrement_val
- 9th byte contains checksum

AKMy_AUTH1x:

- CMD_Par1 is not used.
- 1st byte of the CMD_EXT set contains block_address
- 2nd, 3rd and 4th byte CMD_EXT set contains dummy data
- in 5th to 8th byte of the set is decrement_val
- 9th byte contains checksum

PK_AUTH1x:

- CMD_Par1 is not used.
- 1st byte of the CMD_EXT set contains block_address
- 2nd, 3rd and 4th byte of the CMD_EXT set contains dummy data
- array from 5th up to 10th byte contains 6-byte key.
- in 11th to 14th byte of the set is decrement_val
- 15th byte contains checksum.

SAM_KEY_AUTH1x: (uFR CS with SAM and firmware versions 5.100.xx)

- CMD_Par1 in CMD set contains key index into SAM (1 127)
- 1st byte of the CMD_EXT set contains block_address
- 2nd, 3rd and 4th byte CMD_EXT set contains dummy data
- in 5th to 8th byte of the set is decrement_val
- 9th byte contains checksum

If everything is OK, device answer with RSP packet. RSP_EXT packet is not used

Example:

Decrement Value Block 5 with 00 00 00 F0 using PK_AUTH1A with key FF FF FF FF FF FF

CMD	55	22	AA	0F	60	00	в9
ACK	AC	22	CA	0F	60	00	32

 CMD_EXT
 05
 00
 00
 FF
 FF
 FF
 FF
 00
 00
 00
 FC

 RSP
 DE
 22
 ED
 00
 00
 18

Notice that when we read now Value Block 5 we will get

RSP and RSP_EXT DE 1D ED 05 05 00 35 F1 F1 F1 01 F7 with value F1 F1 F1 01, stored in little-endian notation, where byte 01 is represented in Two Complement's manner (change of sign +/-).

INDIRECT BLOCK ADDRESSING

VALUE_BLOCK_IN_SECTOR_READ (0x1F)

It operates as VALUE_BLOCK_READ but uses the different address mode, so-called sector addressing where are always given the sector address and the block address in the sector (as mentioned in NXP documentation for Mifare Classic cards).

For example the first sector of the Mifare Classic 1k card has the 0 and the last one has the address 15. Block addresses in the sector are in the interval from 0 to 3 (3rd block of each sector is sector trailer) excluding Mifare Classic 4k cards for which in its second half of address space (second 2k with 32 to 39 sector) the addresses of the blocks in sector 0 to 15 and the block 15 is sector trailer.

Communication command protocol is the same as with VALUE_BLOCK_READ with following exception:

- 1st byte of the CMD_EXT set contains block_in_sector_address
- 2nd byte of the CMD_EXT set contains sector_address
- 3rd and 4th byte of the CMD_EXT set contains dummy data.

Device will answer with RSP and RSP_EXT. RSP_Val0 contains direct block address.

Example:

Read Value Block 01 in Sector 01 (is equal to Value Block 5 using direct addressing) using PK_AUTH1A mode with key FF FF FF FF FF FF

 CMD
 55 1F AA 0B 60 00 92

 ACK
 AC 1F CA 0B 60 00 19

 CMD_EXT
 01 01 00 00 FF FF FF FF FF FF 07

 RSP
 DE 1F ED 05 05 00 33

 RSP EXT
 F1 F1 F1 01 F7

VALUE_BLOCK_IN_SECTOR_WRITE (0x20)

It operates as VALUE_BLOCK_WRITE but uses different address mode, so-called sector addressing where are always given the sector address and the block address in the sector (as mentioned in NXP documentation for Mifare Classic cards). For example the first sector of the Mifare Classic 1k card has the 0 and the last one has the address 15. Block addresses in the sector are in the interval from 0 to 3 (3rd block of each sector is sector trailer) excluding Mifare Classic 4k cards for which in its second half of address space (second 2k with 32 to 39 sector) the addresses of the blocks in sector 0 to 15 and the block 15 is sector trailer.

Communication command protocol is the same as with VALUE_BLOCK_IN_SECTOR_READ with following exception:

- 1st byte of the CMD_EXT set contains block_in_sector_address
- 2nd byte of the CMD_EXT set contains sector_address
- 3rd and 4th byte of the CMD_EXT set contains dummy data

Example:

Write Value Block 00 in Sector 01 (is equal to Value Block 5 using direct addressing) value "80 80 80" using PK_AUTH1A mode with key FF FF FF FF FF FF

CMD	55	20	AA	0F	60	00	в7								
ACK	AC	20	CA	0F	60	00	30								
CMD_EXT	01	01	00	00	FF	FF	FF	FF	FF	FF	80	80	80	80	07
RSP	DE	20	ED	00	00	00	1A								

VALUE_BLOCK_IN_SECTOR_INC (0x23)

It operates as VALUE_BLOCK_IN_SECTOR_INC but uses the different address mode, so-called sector addressing where are always given the sector address and the block address in the sector (as mentioned in NXP documentation for Mifare Classic cards). For example the first sector of the Mifare Classic 1k card has the 0 and the last one has the address 15. Block addresses in the sector are in the interval from 0 to 3 (3rd block of each sector is sector trailer) excluding Mifare Classic 4k cards for which in its second half of address space (second 2k with 32 to 39 sector) the addresses of the blocks in sector 0 to 15 and the block 15 is sector trailer.

Communication command protocol is the same as with VALUE_BLOCK_INC with following exception:

- 1st byte of the CMD_EXT set contains block_in_sector_address
- 2nd byte of the CMD_EXT set contains sector_address
- 3rd and 4th byte of the CMD_EXT set contains dummy data.

CMD	55	23	AA	0F	60	00	BA								
ACK	AC	23	CA	0F	60	00	31								
CMD_EXT	01	01	00	00	FF	FF	FF	FF	FF	FF	60	60	60	60	07
RSP	DE	23	ED	00	00	00	17								

VALUE_BLOCK_IN_SECTOR_DEC (0x24)

It operates as VALUE_BLOCK_IN_SECTOR_DEC but uses different address mode, so-called sector addressing where are always given the sector address and the block address in the sector (as mentioned in NXP documentation for Mifare Classic cards). For example the first sector of the Mifare Classic 1k card has the 0 and the last one has the address 15. Block addresses in the

sector are in the interval from 0 to 3 (3rd block of each sector is sector trailer) excluding Mifare Classic 4k cards for which in its second half of address space (second 2k with 32 to 39 sector) the addresses of the blocks in sector 0 to 15 and the block 15 is sector trailer.

Communication command protocol is the same as with VALUE_BLOCK_DEC with following exception:

- 1st byte of the CMD_EXT set contains block_in_sector_address
- 2nd byte of the CMD_EXT set contains sector_address
- 3rd and 4th byte of the CMD_EXT set contains dummy data

Example:

CMD	55	24	AA	0F	60	00	BB								
ACK	AC	24	CA	0F	60	00	34								
CMD_EXT	01	01	00	00	FF	FF	FF	FF	FF	FF	60	60	60	60	07
RSP	DE	24	ED	00	00	00	1E								

Commands for NFC Type 2 Tags

GET_NFC_T2T_VERSION (0xB0)

supported from firmware version 3.8.19

This command returns 8 bytes of the T2T version. All modern T2T chips support this functionality and have in common a total of 8 byte long version response. This function is primarily intended to use with NFC_T2T_GENERIC tags (i.e. tags for which command GET_DLOGIC_CARD_TYPE returns 0x0C in RSP_Val0).

CMD_Par0 not in use. CMD_Par1 not in use. CMD_EXT not in use.

On success:

RSP_Val0 not in use.

RSP_Val1 not in use.

RSP_EXT will contain 8 bytes of the T2T version. For exact meaning of this version bytes, you have to consult the card manufacturer's documentation.

If card in field doesn't have originality checking support, returned error code is:

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UNSUPPORTED CARD TYPE (0x11)

Example:

CMD	55	в0	AA	00	AA	CC	30		
RSP	DE	в0	ED	09	00	00	91		
RSP_EXT	00	04	04	02	01	00	13	03	1A

Commands supporting NFC T2T Counters

READ_COUNTER (0xB1)

supported from firmware version 3.9.11

This function is used to read one of the three 24-bit one-way counters in Ultralight EV1 chip family or to read 24-bit NFC counter in NTAG 213, NTAG 215 and NTAG 216 chips.

Counters in the Ultralight EV1 can't be password protected. NFC counters in NTAG 213, NTAG 215 and NTAG 216 chips can be password protected.

CMD_Par0 contains AUTH_MODE.

AUTH_MODE using with this function can be:

T2T_NO_PWD_AUTH (0x00) {same constant value as RKA_AUTH1A} T2T_RKA_PWD_AUTH (0x01) {same constant value as RKA_AUTH1B}

T2T_PK_PWD_AUTH (0x61) {same constant value as PK_AUTH1B}

Depending on **AUTH_MODE**, CMD and CMD_EXT set contains:

T2T_NO_PWD_AUTH:

• CMD_Par1 contains counter address (For Ultralight EV1: 0, 1 or 2. For NTAG21x: 0).

• CMD_EXT not in use.

T2T_RKA_PWD_AUTH:

- CMD_Par1 in CMD set contains readers index key.
- CMD_EXT not in use.

T2T_PK_PWD_AUTH:

- CMD_Par1 is not used.
- 1st byte of CMD_EXT set contains block_address.
- 2nd, 3rd and 4th byte CMD_EXT set contains dummy data.
- array from 5th to 8th byte contains 4-byte T2T password.
- 9th and 10th byte of CMD_EXT set contains 2-byte PAK (password acknowledge).
- 11th byte contains checksum.

If you issue this command without using password authentication but access to the NFC counter is configured to be password protected, this function will return COUNTER_ERROR.

If access to NFC counter is configured to be password protected and PWD-PACK pair sent as a 6-byte provided key disagrees with PWD-PACK pair configured in tag, this function will return

UFR_AUTH_ERROR. If access to NFC counter isn't configured to be password protected, this function will return UFR_AUTH_ERROR.

Example:

CMD	55	в1	AA	00	00	01	56
RSP	DE	в1	ED	05	00	00	8E
RSP EXT	07	00	00	00	0E		

INCREMENT_COUNTER (0xB2)

supported from firmware version 3.9.11

This command is used to increment one of the three 24-bit one-way counters in Ultralight EV1 chip family. Those counters can't be password protected. If the sum of the addressed counter value and the increment value is higher than 0xFFFFF, the tag replies with an error and does not update the respective counter.

CMD_Par0 not in use.

CMD_Par1 contains counter address (0, 1 or 2).

CMD_EXT contains 4-byte increment value in little endian format, only the 3 least

significant bytes are relevant.

RSP_EXP not in use.

Example:

CMD	55	в2	AA	05	00	01	50
ACK	AC	в2	CA	05	00	01	D7
CMD_EXT	04	00	00	00	0B		
RSP	DE	в2	ED	00	00	00	88

COMMANDS FOR "ASYNCHRONOUS UID SENDING" FEATURE

This feature "Async UID sending" is capability of reader device to send Card UID immediately when card enters into device RF field, without any action initiated by host. This is also exception from rule that communication is always initiated by host to device. Feature can be turned on and off. Baudrate for this feature is different than baudrate of device, e.g. it can be different. Prefix and suffix are bytes that are used to diversify UID's, like header and trailer bytes of UID.

Device can send UID encapsulated in [Prefix] and [Suffix] when card enters into RF field.

Device can also send "empty UID" when card leaves RF field, meaning only [Prefix][Suffix] will be sent.

Best practice is to set Baud rate different than device communication speed, anything bigger than 9600 Bps to avoid colision with standard communication between device and host.

SET_CARD_ID_SEND_CONF (0x3D)

Set the asynchronously card ID sending parameters.

CMD_Par0 contains send enable flag (bit 0), prefix enable flag (bit 1) and send removed enable flag (bit2).
When using option Send removed flag, Prefix byte is mandatory 1st byte of the CMD_EXT contains prefix character 2nd byte of the CMD_EXT contains suffix character array from 3rd byte up to 6th byte of the CMD_EXT contains internal CRC (xor of bytes CMD_Par0 to 6th byte + 7) 8th byte of the CMD_EXT contains checksum
If everything is OK, device answer with RSP packet. RSP_EXT is not used.

Example:

 CMD
 55 3D AA 08 07 00 D4 (send command 3D, bits 0,1,2 high), D4

 checksum

 ACK
 AC 3D CA 08 07 00 5B (ACK OK)

 CMD_EXT
 CC EE 80 25 00 00 87 07 (prefix CC, suffix EE, speed 9600 (0x2580),

 (0x2580),
 (87 checksum

 07,00,CC,EE,80,25,00,00),
 (07 - checksum of CMD_EXT)

 RSP
 DE 3D ED 00 00 00 15
 (RESPONSE OK) speed 9600 (0x2580),

When card enter the field, event will occur:

CC 30 34 32 32 43 33 36 32 34 42 32 44 38 31 EE HEX 2 2 ASCII ? 0 4 С 3 6 2 4 в 2 D 8 1 ?

meaning card UID is 04 22 C3 62 4B 2D 81

On card removal, event will occur:

CC EE

To disable feature, send bits 0,1,2 low:

CMD553DAA000000C9RSPDE3DED00000015

GET_CARD_ID_SEND_CONF (0x3E)

Get the asynchronously card ID sending parameters.

The CMD_EXT set is not in use.

The CMD_Par0 and CMD_Par1 are not in use.

If everything is OK, device answer with RSP packet and after that also the RSP_EXT packet of 9 bytes.

RSP_Val0 and RSP_Val1 are not in use.

1st byte of the RESPONSE_EXT contains send enable flag (bit 0), prefix enable flag (bit 1) and send removed enable flag (bit2).

2nd byte of the RESPONSE_EXT contains prefix character

3rd byte of the RESPONSE_EXT contains suffix character

array from 4th byte up to ^{7th} byte of the RESPONSE_EXT contains baud rate value

8th byte of the RESPONSE_EXT contains internal CRC

9th byte of the RESPONSE_EXT contains checksum

Example:

CMD 55 3E AA 00 00 00 C8 (send CMD 3E, C8 checksum)

RSP DE 3E ED 09 00 00 0B (RSP command 3E, 9 byte follows, 0B checksum)

RSP_EXT 07 CC EE 80 25 00 00 87 0E (07 -bits 0,1,2 high, CC Prefix, EE suffix,

speed 9600 (0x2580), 87 - checksum (

07,CC,EE,80,25,00,00),

0E - checksum of RSP_EXT)

COMMANDS FOR WORKS WITH DESFIRE CARDS

For uFR CS with SAM and firmware versions 5.100.xx all types of keys into SAM support added.

For uFR PLUS devices and firmware version from 5.0.25 DES, 2K3DES and 3K3DES key support added.

enum KEY_TYPE

{

```
AES_KEY_TYPE = 0, //AES key KEY_LENGTH = 16 bytes
DES3K_KEY_TYPE = 1, //3K3DES key KEY_LENGTH = 24 bytes
```

```
DES_KEY_TYPE = 2, //DES key KEY_LEGNTH = 8 bytes
DES2K_KEY_TYPE = 3 //2K3DES key KEY_LENGTH = 16 bytes
```

};

DESFIRE_WRITE_AES_KEY (0x8E)

Command writes AES key into reader. (Old firmwares and AES key) CMD Par0 and CMD_Par1 are 0 1st byte of the CMD EXT contains ordinal number of AES key into reader array from 2nd byte up to 17th byte of the CMD EXT contains AES key 18th byte of the CMD EXT contains checksum (Firmware version from 5.0.25) CMD_Par0 = KEY_TYPE and CMD_Par1 = 0 1st byte of the CMD EXT contains ordinal number of key into reader array from byte 2 to byte (1 + KEY_LENGTH) of CMD_EXT contains key byte (2 + KEY LENGTGH) contains checksum (For 3K3DES key 2 fields into reader will be occupied. For example, if key stored into field 0, then field 1 also used for this key, first free field is 2) Device answer with RSP packet. RSP EXT 1st byte is 0 2nd byte is error code look at Appendix: ERROR CODES

3rd byte is checksum

Example:

AES key is 00 11 22 33 44 55 66 77 88 99 AA BB CC DD EE FF, and ordinal number is 3 CMD 55 8E AA 12 00 00 6A (send command 8E), 6A checksum ACK AC 8E CA 12 00 00 01 (ACK OK) CMD_EXT 03 00 11 22 33 44 55 66 77 88 99 AA BB CC DD EE FF 0A RSP DE 8E ED 03 00 00 C5 RSP_EXT 00 00 07

GET_DESFIRE_UID (0x80)

Command returns Unique ID of card, if the Random ID is used. From firmware version 5.0.32 Desfire Light tag support (Old firmwares and AES key) CMD Par0 and CMD Par1 are 0

1st byte of the CMD_EXT is 1 if uses internal AES key, or 0 if uses external AES key 2nd byte of the CMD_EXT contains ordinal number of internal AES key, or 0 if uses external AES key

array from 3rd to 18th byte of CMD EXT contains AES key array from 19th to 21st byte of CMD EXT contains AID (Application ID 3 bytes) 22nd byte contains ordinal key number into application 23rd byte contains checksum (Firmware version from 5.0.25) CMD Par0 = (KEY TYPE << 4) and CMD Par1 = 0 1st byte of the CMD EXT is 1 if uses internal key, or 0 if uses external key 2nd byte of the CMD EXT contains ordinal number of internal key, or 0 if uses external key array from 3rd to 18th byte of CMD EXT contains key (for AES and 2K3DES all key bytes, for DES 8 key bytes and 8 zeros, for 3K3DES first 16 key bytes) array from 19th to 21st byte of CMD EXT contains AID (Application ID 3 bytes) 22nd byte contains ordinal key number into application (for AES, DES and 2K3DES) 23rd byte contains checksum (for 3K3DES) array from byte 23 to byte 30 contains last 8 key bytes, and byte 31 contains checksum (uFR CS with SAM and firmware versions 5.100.xx) CMD Par0 = (KEY TYPE << 4) and CMD Par1 = 0 1st byte of the CMD EXT is 2 (using key into SAM) 2nd byte of the CMD EXT contains ordinal number of key into SAM (1 - 127) array from 3rd to 18th byte of CMD EXT contains 16 zeros array from 19th to 21st byte of CMD EXT contains AID (Application ID 3 bytes)

22nd byte contains ordinal key number into application

23rd byte contains checksum

Response:

If no error, i.e. error code is CARD_OPERATION_OK, device answer with RSP packet and after that also the RSP_EXT packet of 12 bytes.

RSP_Val0 and RSP_Val1 are not in use.

array from 1st to 7th byte of RSP_EXT contains 7 bytes length card UID 8th and 9th bytes represents card's error code of operation (b9 * 256 + b8), look at <u>Appendix</u>: <u>ERROR CODES for DESFire card operations</u>

10th and 11th bytes represents execution time of command 12th byte is checksum.

If error code is READER_ERROR or NO_CARD_DETECTED, device answer with RSP_EXT packet of 3 bytes.

 $1^{\mbox{\scriptsize st}}$ and $2^{\mbox{\scriptsize nd}}$ bytes represents execution time of command

3rd byte is checksum.

In other cases, device answer with RSP_EXT packet of 5 bytes.

1st and 2nd bytes represents card's error code of operation (b2 * 256 + b1), look at <u>Appendix:</u> <u>ERROR CODES for DESFire card operations</u>

3rd and 4th bytes represents execution time of command 5th byte is checksum.

Example:

Authentication using the internal key ordinal number 3, AID = 0xF00001, ordinal key number into application is 1.

 RSP
 DE 80 ED 0C 00 00 AC

 (RSP command 80, 12 bytes follows, 0B checksum)

 RSP_EXT
 04 01 02 03 05 06 07 B9 0B 0A 00 BF

 (UID is 04010203050607, error code is 0BB9, execution time is 000A , checksum is BF)

DESFIRE_FREE_MEM (0x8D)

Command returns the available bytes on the card

The CMD_EXT set is not in use. The CMD_Par0 and CMD_Par1 are not in use.

If no error, i.e. error code is CARD_OPERATION_OK, device answer with RSP packet and after that also the RSP_EXT packet of 9 bytes.

1st and 2nd bytes represents error code of operation (b2 * 256 + b1), look at <u>Appendix:</u> <u>ERROR CODES for DESFire card operations</u> 3rd and 4th bytes represents execution time of command array from 5th to 8th of RSP_EXT contains quantity of available bytes on card 9th byte is checksum

Example:

CMD	5 8D AA 00 00 00 79	
RSP	E 8D ED 09 00 00 BE	
RSP_EXT	9 OB 0A 00 E8 03 00 00 5A	
(error co	0BB9, execution time 000A,f	Free mem 000003E8 i.e. 1000)

DESFIRE_FORMAT_CARD(0x8C)

Function releases all allocated user memory on the card. All applications will be deleted, also all files within those applications will be deleted. Only the card master key, and card master key settings will not be deleted. This operation requires authentication with the card master key. (Old firmwares and AES key)

CMD Par0 and CMD Par1 are 0 1st byte of the CMD EXT is 1 if uses internal AES key, or 0 if uses external AES key 2nd byte of the CMD EXT contains ordinal number of internal AES key, or 0 if uses external AES key array from 3rd to 18th byte of CMD_EXT contains AES key 19th byte is checksum (Firmware version from 5.0.25) CMD Par0 = (KEY TYPE << 4) and CMD Par1 = 0 1st byte of the CMD_EXT is 1 if uses internal key, or 0 if uses external key 2nd byte of the CMD EXT contains ordinal number of internal key, or 0 if uses external key array from byte 3 to byte (2 + KEY_LENGTH) contains key byte 3 + KEY LENGTH is checksum (uFR CS with SAM and firmware versions 5.100.xx) CMD Par0 = (KEY TYPE << 4) and CMD Par1 = 0 1st byte of the CMD_EXT is 2 (using key into SAM) 2nd byte of the CMD EXT contains ordinal number of key into SAM (0 -127)

array from 3^{rd} to 18^{th} byte of CMD_EXT contains 16 zeros

19th byte is checksum

If error code is READER_ERROR or NO_CARD_DETECTED, device answer with RSP_EXT packet of 3 bytes.

1st and 2nd bytes represents execution time of command 3rd byte is checksum.

In other cases, device answer with RSP_EXT packet of 5 bytes.

```
1<sup>st</sup> and 2<sup>nd</sup> bytes represents error code of operation (b2 * 256 + b1)
```

3rd and 4th bytes represents execution time of command

5th byte is checksum.

Example:

Authentication using the internal key ordinal number 1

CMD	55	8C	AA	13	00	00	67						(send	com	nand	8C),	67	,
checksum																			
ACK	AC	8C	CA	13	00	00	00						(ACK	OK)				
	• •	• •													_	_			
CMD_EXT	01	01	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00) (inte	rnal	key	uses	sc	AES
key	00	00	00	00	00	00	07							huta		• h •			
(all	00	00	00	00	00	00	07							byte	s may	y na	ve an	ly v	arue
(411														00).	07 d	chec	ksum)		
RSP	DE	8C	ED	05	00	00	C1				(R	SP					yte f		.ows,
BD checks	um)																		
RSP_EXT	в9	0в	AC	0D	1A	(eı	rroi	c c	ode	0BI	в9,	ex	ecu	ition	time	e 0D	AC)		

DESFIRE_SET_CONFIGURATION(0x8B)

Function allows you to activate the Random ID option, and/or Format disable option. From firmware version 5.0.32 Desfire Light tag support

If these options are activated, then they can not be returned to the factory setting (Random ID disabled, Format card enabled).

This operation requires authentication with the card master key.

(Old firmwares and AES key)

CMD_Par0 and CMD_Par1 are 0

1st byte of the CMD_EXT is 1 if uses internal AES key, or 0 if uses external AES key

2nd byte of the CMD_EXT contains ordinal number of internal AES key, or 0 if uses external AES key

array from 3rd to 18th byte of CMD_EXT contains AES key

19th byte is 1 if Random ID enabled or 0 if Random ID disabled

20th byte is 1 if format card disabled or 0 if format card enabled

21st byte is checksum

(Firmware version from 5.0.25)

CMD_Par0 = (KEY_TYPE << 4) and CMD_Par1 = 0

1st byte of the CMD_EXT is 1 if uses internal key, or 0 if uses external key

2nd byte of the CMD_EXT contains ordinal number of internal key, or 0 if uses external key

array from 3rd to 18th byte of CMD_EXT contains key (for AES and 2K3DES all key bytes,

for DES 8 key bytes and 8 zeros, for 3K3DES first 16 key bytes)

19th byte is 1 if Random ID enabled or 0 if Random ID disabled

20th byte is 1 if format card disabled or 0 if format card enabled

(for AES, DES and 2K3DES) 21st byte contains checksum

(for 3K3DES) array from byte 21 to byte 28 contains last 8 key bytes, and byte 29 contains checksum

(uFR CS with SAM and firmware versions 5.100.xx)

CMD_Par0 = (KEY_TYPE << 4) and CMD_Par1 = 0

1st byte of the CMD_EXT is 2 (using key into SAM) 2nd byte of the CMD_EXT contains ordinal number of key into SAM (0 -127) array from 3rd to 18th byte of CMD_EXT contains 16 zeros 19th byte is 1 if Random ID enabled or 0 if Random ID disabled 20th byte is 1 if format card disabled or 0 if format card enabled 21st byte is checksum

If error code is READER_ERROR or NO_CARD_DETECTED, device answer with RSP_EXT packet of 3 bytes.

1st and 2nd bytes represents execution time of command

3rd byte is checksum.

In other cases, device answer with RSP_EXT packet of 5 bytes.

1st and 2nd bytes represents error code of operation (b2 * 256 + b1)

3rd and 4th bytes represents execution time of command

5th byte is checksum.

Example:

Authentication using the internal key ordinal number 1, Random ID enabled, format card disabled 55 8B AA 15 00 00 68 CMD (send command 8B), 68 checksum ACK AC 8B CA 15 00 00 FF (ACK OK) 01 01 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 (internal key uses so AES CMD EXT key 00 00 00 00 00 00 01 00 08 bytes may have any value (all 00), Random ID 01, format card 00, 08 checksum) DE 8B ED 05 00 00 C4 (RSP command 8B, 5 byte RSP follows, BD checksum) RSP EXT B9 OB 1A OO AF (error code OBB9, execution time 001A)

DESFIRE_GET_KEY_CONFIG(0x87)

Function allows to get card master key and application master key configuration settings. In addition it returns the maximum number of keys which can be stored within selected application. (Old firmwares and AES key)

CMD_Par0 and CMD_Par1 are 0

1st byte of the CMD_EXT is 1 if uses internal AES key, or 0 if uses external AES key 2nd byte of the CMD_EXT contains ordinal number of internal AES key, or 0 if uses external AES key array from 3rd to 18th byte of CMD_EXT contains AES key

array from 19th to 21st byte of CMD_EXT contains AID (Application ID 3 bytes)

22nd byte contains checksum.

(Firmware version from 5.0.25)

CMD_Par0 = (KEY_TYPE << 4) and CMD_Par1 = 0

1st byte of the CMD_EXT is 1 if uses internal key, or 0 if uses external key

2nd byte of the CMD_EXT contains ordinal number of internal key, or 0 if uses external key array from 3rd to 18th byte of CMD_EXT contains key (for AES and 2K3DES all key bytes, for DES 8 key bytes and 8 zeros, for 3K3DES first 16 key bytes)

array from 19th to 21st byte of CMD_EXT contains AID (Application ID 3 bytes)

(for AES, DES and 2K3DES) 22nd byte contains checksum

(for 3K3DES) array from byte 22 to byte 29 contains last 8 key bytes, and byte 30 contains checksum

(uFR CS with SAM and firmware versions 5.100.xx)

CMD_Par0 = (KEY_TYPE << 4) and CMD_Par1 = 0 1st byte of the CMD_EXT is 2 (using key into SAM) 2nd byte of the CMD_EXT contains ordinal number of key into SAM (0 -127) array from 3rd to 18th byte of CMD_EXT contains 16 zeros array from 19th to 21st byte of CMD_EXT contains AID (Application ID 3 bytes) 22nd byte contains checksum.

If no error, i.e. error code is CARD_OPERATION_OK, device answer with RSP packet and after that also the RSP_EXT packet of 7 bytes.

RSP_Val0 and RSP_Val1 are not in use.

1st and 2nd bytes represents error code of operation (b2 * 256 + b1)

3rd and 4th bytes represents execution time of command

5th byte is key settings

6th byte is maximum number of keys within selected application.

7th byte is checksum

If error code is READER_ERROR or NO_CARD_DETECTED, device answer with RSP_EXT packet of 3 bytes.

1st and 2nd bytes represents execution time of command

3rd byte is checksum.

In other cases, device answer with RSP_EXT packet of 5 bytes.

1st and 2nd bytes represents error code of operation (b2 * 256 + b1)

3rd and 4th bytes represents execution time of command

5th byte is checksum.

Example:

Authentication using the internal key ordinal number 2, AID = 0xF00001

RSP_EXT B9 0B 1A 00 09 03 A9 (error code 0BB9, execution time 001A, key settings 9, maximum number of key 3)

DESFIRE_CHANGE_KEY_CONFIG(0x88)

Function allows to set card master key, and application master key configuration settings. (Old firmwares and AES key)

CMD_Par0 and CMD_Par1 are 0

1st byte of the CMD_EXT is 1 if uses internal AES key, or 0 if uses external AES key

2nd byte of the CMD_EXT contains ordinal number of internal AES key, or 0 if uses external AES key

array from 3rd to 18th byte of CMD_EXT contains AES key

array from 19th to 21st byte of CMD_EXT contains AID (Application ID 3 bytes)

22nd byte is key settings

23rd byte contains checksum.

(Firmware version from 5.0.25)

CMD_Par0 = (KEY_TYPE << 4) and CMD_Par1 = 0

1st byte of the CMD_EXT is 1 if uses internal key, or 0 if uses external key

2nd byte of the CMD_EXT contains ordinal number of internal key, or 0 if uses external key array from 3rd to 18th byte of CMD_EXT contains key (for AES and 2K3DES all key bytes,

for DES 8 key bytes and 8 zeros, for 3K3DES first 16 key bytes)

array from 19th to 21st byte of CMD_EXT contains AID (Application ID 3 bytes)

22nd byte is key settings

(for AES, DES and 2K3DES) 23rd byte contains checksum

(for 3K3DES) array from byte 23 to byte 30 contains last 8 key bytes, and byte 31 contains checksum

(uFR CS with SAM and firmware versions 5.100.xx)

CMD_Par0 = (KEY_TYPE << 4) and CMD_Par1 = 0

1st byte of the CMD_EXT is 2 (using key into SAM)

2nd byte of the CMD_EXT contains ordinal number of key into SAM (0 -127) array from 3rd to 18th byte of CMD_EXT contains 16 zeros array from 19th to 21st byte of CMD_EXT contains AID (Application ID 3 bytes) 22nd byte is key settings 23rd byte contains checksum.

RSP_Val0 and RSP_Val1 are not in use.

If error code is READER_ERROR or NO_CARD_DETECTED, device answer with RSP_EXT packet of 3 bytes.

1st and 2nd bytes represents execution time of command

3rd byte is checksum.

In other cases, device answer with RSP_EXT packet of 5 bytes.

1st and 2nd bytes represents error code of operation (b2 * 256 + b1)

3rd and 4th bytes represents execution time of command

5th byte is checksum.

Example:

Authentication using the internal key ordinal number 2, AID = 0xF00001, key settings is 9

 CMD
 55
 88
 AA
 17
 00
 00
 67
 (send command 88), 67
 checksum

 ACK
 AC
 88
 CA
 17
 00
 00
 (ACK OK)

RSP DE 88 ED 05 00 00 C6 (RSP command 88, 5 bytes follows, C5 checksum) RSP_EXT B9 0B 1A 00 AF (error code 0BB9, execution time 001A)

DESFIRE_CHANGE_AES_KEY(0x86)

Function allow to change any AES key on the card. Changing the card master key require current card master key authentication. Authentication for the application keys changing depend on the application master key settings (which key uses for authentication). From firmware version 5.0.32 Desfire Light tag support

(Old firmwares and AES key) CMD_Par0 and CMD_Par1 are 0 1st byte of the CMD_EXT bit 0 set if uses internal AES key for authentication, bit 1 set if internal AES key uses as new key, bit 2 set if internal AES key uses as old key, high nibble is ordinal number of internal AES key which uses as old key, if they uses.

2nd byte of the CMD_EXT low nibble is ordinal number of internal AES key which uses for authentication or 0 if uses external AES key, high nibble is ordinal number of internal AES key which uses as new key of 0 if uses external AES key

array from 3rd to 18th byte of CMD_EXT contains AES key for authentication

array from 19th to 21st byte of CMD_EXT contains AID (Application ID 3 bytes)

22nd byte is key number into application which uses for authentication

array from 23rd to 38th byte of CMD_EXT contains new AES key

 $38^{\mbox{\tiny th}}$ byte is key number into application that will be changed

array from 39th to 54th byte of CMD_EXT contains new AES key

55th byte contains checksum.

(Firmware version from 5.0.25)

```
CMD_Par0 = AUTH_KEY_TYPE | (NEW_KEY_TYPE << 2) and CMD_Par1 = 0
```

1st byte of the CMD_EXT bit 0 set if uses internal key for authentication, bit 1 set if internal key uses as new key, bit 2 set if internal key uses as old key, high nibble is ordinal number of internal key which uses as old key, if they uses.

2nd byte of the CMD_EXT low nibble is ordinal number of internal key which uses for authentication or 0 if uses external key, high nibble is ordinal number of internal key which uses as new key of 0 if uses external key

array from 3rd to 18th byte of CMD_EXT contains key for authentication (for AES and 2K3DES all key bytes, for DES 8 key bytes and 8 zeros, for 3K3DES first 16 key bytes)

array from 19th to 21st byte of CMD_EXT contains AID (Application ID 3 bytes)

22nd byte is key number into application which uses for authentication

array from 23rd to 38th byte of CMD_EXT contains new key (for AES and 2K3DES all key bytes, for DES 8 key bytes and 8 zeros, for 3K3DES first 16 key bytes)

38th byte is key number into application that will be changed

array from 39th to 54th byte of CMD_EXT contains new key (for AES and 2K3DES all key bytes, for DES 8 key bytes and 8 zeros, for 3K3DES first 16 key bytes)

(for AES, DES and 2K3DES) 55th byte contains checksum.

(for 3K3DES as authentication key) array from byte 55 to byte 62 contains last 8 key bytes of authentication key

(for 3K3DES as new key) array from byte 63 to byte 70 contains last 8 key bytes of new key (for 3K3DES as new key) array from byte 71 to byte 78 contains last 8 key bytes of old key

(for 3K3DES as authentication and new key) byte 79 is checksum

(for 3K3DES as authentication key and not new key) byte 63 is checksum

(uFR CS with SAM and firmware versions 5.100.xx)

CMD_Par0 = index of key for authentication into SAM | 0x80

CMD_Par1 = index of new key into SAM | 0x80

1st byte of the CMD_EXT = AUTH_KEY_TYPE | (NEW_KEY_TYPE << 2)

 2^{nd} byte of the CMD_EXT = index of old key into SAM | 0x80

array from 3rd to 18th byte of CMD_EXT contains 16 zeros array from 19th to 21st byte of CMD_EXT contains AID (Application ID 3 bytes) 22nd byte is key number into application which uses for authentication array from 23rd to 38th byte of CMD_EXT contains 16 zeros 38th byte is key number into application that will be changed array from 39th to 54th byte of CMD_EXT contains 16 zeros 55th byte contains checksum.

RSP_Val0 and RSP_Val1 are not in use.

If error code is READER_ERROR or NO_CARD_DETECTED, device answer with RSP_EXT packet of 3 bytes.

1st and 2nd bytes represents execution time of command 3rd byte is checksum.

In other cases, device answer with RSP_EXT packet of 5 bytes.

1st and 2nd bytes represents error code of operation (b2 * 256 + b1)

3rd and 4th bytes represents execution time of command

5th byte is checksum.

Example:

Change the key number 2, into AID 0xF00001. Authentication with master application key key number 0.

Key for authentication is internal key number 1, new key is internal key number 2, and old key is internal key number 3.

CMD 55 86 AA 37 00 00 55 (send command 88, 0x37 bytes follows 55 checksum) ACK AC 86 CA 37 00 00 DE (ACK OK)

RSP DE 86 ED 05 00 00 B7 (RSP command 86, 5 bytes follows, C5 checksum) RSP EXT B9 0B 1A 00 AF (error code 0BB9, execution time 001A)

DESFIRE_CREATE_APPLICATION(0x84)

Function allows to create new application on the card. Is the card master key authentication is required, depend on the card master key settings. Maximal number of applications on the card is 28. Each application is linked to set of up 14 different user definable access keys.

(Old firmwares and AES key)

CMD_Par0 and CMD_Par1 are 0

1st byte of the CMD_EXT is 1 if uses internal AES key, or 0 if uses external AES key

2nd byte of the CMD_EXT contains ordinal number of internal AES key, or 0 if uses external AES key

array from 3rd to 18th byte of CMD_EXT contains AES key

array from 19th to 21st byte of CMD_EXT contains AID (Application ID 3 bytes)

22nd byte is 1 if authentication required, or 0 if no need the authentication

23rd byte is application key settings

24th byte is maximal number of keys into application

25th contains checksum.

(Firmware version from 5.0.25)

```
CMD_Par0 = APP_TYPE | (KEY_TYPE << 4) and CMD_Par1 = 0
```

(Application master key type: AES -> APP_TYPE = 0, 3K3DES -> APP_TYPE = 1, DES -> APP_TYPE = 2)

1st byte of the CMD EXT is 1 if uses internal key, or 0 if uses external key

2nd byte of the CMD_EXT contains ordinal number of internal key, or 0 if uses external key array from 3rd to 18th byte of CMD_EXT contains key (for AES and 2K3DES all key bytes, for DES 8 key bytes and 8 zeros, for 3K3DES first 16 key bytes)

array from 19th to 21st byte of CMD_EXT contains AID (Application ID 3 bytes)

22nd byte is 1 if authentication required, or 0 if no need the authentication

23rd byte is application key settings

24th byte is maximal number of keys into application

(for AES, DES and 2K3DES) 25th byte contains checksum

(for 3K3DES) array from byte 25 to byte 32 contains last 8 key bytes, and byte 32 contains checksum

(uFR CS with SAM and firmware versions 5.100.xx)

CMD_Par0 = APP_TYPE | (KEY_TYPE << 4) and CMD_Par1 = 0

(Application master key type: AES -> APP_TYPE = 0, 3K3DES -> APP_TYPE = 1, DES -> APP_TYPE = 2)

1st byte of the CMD_EXT is 2 (using key into SAM)

2nd byte of the CMD_EXT contains ordinal number of key into SAM (0 -127)

array from 3rd to 18th byte of CMD_EXT contains 16 zeros

array from 19th to 21st byte of CMD_EXT contains AID (Application ID 3 bytes)

22nd byte is 1 if authentication required, or 0 if no need the authentication

23rd byte is application key settings

24th byte is maximal number of keys into application

25th contains checksum.

RSP_Val0 and RSP_Val1 are not in use.

If error code is READER_ERROR or NO_CARD_DETECTED, device answer with RSP_EXT packet of 3 bytes.

1st and 2nd bytes represents execution time of command 3rd byte is checksum.

In other cases, device answer with RSP_EXT packet of 5 bytes.

1st and 2nd bytes represents error code of operation (b2 * 256 + b1)

3rd and 4th bytes represents execution time of command

5th byte is checksum.

Example:

Authentication using the internal key ordinal number 1, AID = 0xF00002, key settings is 9, maximal number of application keys is 3, authentication required

 CMD
 55
 84
 AA
 19
 00
 00
 69
 (send command 84), 69
 checksum

 ACK
 AC
 84
 CA
 19
 00
 02
 (ACK OK)

RSPDE 84 ED 05 00 00 B9(RSP command 84, 5 bytesfollows, B9 checksum)RSP EXTB9 0B 1A 00 AF (error code 0BB9, execution time 001A)

DESFIRE_DELETE_APPLICATION(0x89)

Function allows to deactivate application on the card. AID allocation is removed, but deleted memory blocks can only recovered by using Format card function.

(Old firmwares and AES key)

CMD_Par0 and CMD_Par1 are 0

1st byte of the CMD_EXT is 1 if uses internal AES key, or 0 if uses external AES key

2nd byte of the CMD_EXT contains ordinal number of internal AES key, or 0 if uses external AES key

array from 3rd to 18th byte of CMD_EXT contains AES key

array from 19th to 21st byte of CMD_EXT contains AID (Application ID 3 bytes)

22nd byte contains checksum

(Firmware version from 5.0.25)

CMD_Par0 = KEY_TYPE << 4 and CMD_Par1 = 0

1st byte of the CMD_EXT is 1 if uses internal key, or 0 if uses external key

2nd byte of the CMD_EXT contains ordinal number of internal key, or 0 if uses external key

array from 3rd to 18th byte of CMD EXT contains key (for AES and 2K3DES all key bytes, for DES 8 key bytes and 8 zeros, for 3K3DES first 16 key bytes) array from 19th to 21st byte of CMD EXT contains AID (Application ID 3 bytes) (for AES, DES and 2K3DES) 22nd byte contains checksum (for 3K3DES) array from byte 22 to byte 29 contains last 8 key bytes, and byte 30 contains checksum (uFR CS with SAM and firmware versions 5.100.xx) CMD Par0 = (KEY TYPE << 4) and CMD Par1 = 0 1st byte of the CMD EXT is 2 (using key into SAM) 2nd byte of the CMD EXT contains ordinal number of key into SAM (0 -127) array from 3rd to 18th byte of CMD EXT contains 16 zeros (uFR CS with SAM and firmware versions 5.100.xx) CMD Par0 = (KEY TYPE << 4) and CMD Par1 = 0 1st byte of the CMD EXT is 2 (using key into SAM) 2nd byte of the CMD EXT contains ordinal number of key into SAM (0 -127) array from 3rd to 18th byte of CMD EXT contains 16 zeros

```
array from 19<sup>th</sup> to 21<sup>st</sup> byte of CMD_EXT contains AID (Application ID 3 bytes)
```

```
22<sup>nd</sup> byte contains checksum
```

RSP_Val0 and RSP_Val1 are not in use.

If error code is READER_ERROR or NO_CARD_DETECTED, device answer with RSP_EXT packet of 3 bytes.

1st and 2nd bytes represents execution time of command

3rd byte is checksum.

In other cases, device answer with RSP_EXT packet of 5 bytes.

1st and 2nd bytes represents error code of operation (b2 * 256 + b1)

3rd and 4th bytes represents execution time of command

5th byte is checksum.

Example:

Authentication using the internal key ordinal number 1, AID = 0xF00002

 CMD
 55
 89
 AA
 16
 00
 00
 67
 (send command 89), 67
 checksum

 ACK
 AC
 89
 CA
 16
 00
 00
 (ACK OK)

RSP DE 89 ED 05 00 00 C6 (RSP command 89, 5 bytes follows, C6 checksum) RSP_EXT B9 0B 1A 00 AF (error code 0BB9, execution time 001A)

DESFIRE_CREATE_STD_FILE(0x85)

Function allows to create file for the storage unformatted user data within existing application on the card. Maximal number of files into application is 32. The file will be created in the currently selected application. Is the application master key authentication is required, depend on the application master key settings.

Communication settings define communication mode between reader and card. The communication modes are:

- plain communication communication settings value is 0x00

- plain communication secured by MACing communication settings value is 0x01

- fully enciphered communication communication settings value is 0x11

Access rights for read, write, read&write and changing, references certain key within application's keys (0 - 13). If value is 14, this means free access, independent of previous authentication. If value is 15, this means deny access (for example if write access is 15 then the file type is read only).

(Old firmwares and AES key)

CMD_Par0 and CMD_Par1 are 0

1st byte of the CMD_EXT is 1 if uses internal AES key, or 0 if uses external AES key

2nd byte of the CMD_EXT contains ordinal number of internal AES key, or 0 if uses external AES key

array from 3rd to 18th byte of CMD_EXT contains AES key

array from 19th to 21st byte of CMD_EXT contains AID (Application ID 3 bytes)

 22^{nd} byte is ID of file that will be created (0 - 31)

23rd and 24th bytes represented access rights for read, write, read&write and changing

(byte 23 = read&write_key_no (high 4 bits) | changing_key_no (low 4 bits)

byte 24 = read_key_no (high 4 bits) | write_key_no (low 4 bits))

array from 25th to 28th of CMD_EXT contains file size in bytes

29th byte is 1 if authentication required, or 0 if no need the authentication

30th byte is communication settings

31st byte is checksum

(Firmware version from 5.0.25)

CMD_Par0 = KEY_TYPE << 4 and CMD_Par1 = 0

1st byte of the CMD EXT is 1 if uses internal key, or 0 if uses external key 2nd byte of the CMD EXT contains ordinal number of internal key, or 0 if uses external key array from 3rd to 18th byte of CMD EXT contains key (for AES and 2K3DES all key bytes, for DES 8 key bytes and 8 zeros, for 3K3DES first 16 key bytes) array from 19th to 21st byte of CMD EXT contains AID (Application ID 3 bytes) 22^{nd} byte is ID of file that will be created (0 - 31)23rd and 24th bytes represented access rights for read, write, read&write and changing (byte 23 = read&write key no (high 4 bits) | changing key no (low 4 bits) byte 24 = read key no (high 4 bits) | write key no (low 4 bits)) array from 25th to 28th of CMD EXT contains file size in bytes 29th byte is 1 if authentication required, or 0 if no need the authentication 30th byte is communication settings (for AES, DES and 2K3DES) 31st byte contains checksum (for 3K3DES) array from byte 31 to byte 38 contains last 8 key bytes, and byte 39 contains checksum (uFR CS with SAM and firmware versions 5.100.xx) CMD Par0 = (KEY TYPE << 4) and CMD Par1 = 0 1st byte of the CMD EXT is 2 (using key into SAM) 2nd byte of the CMD EXT contains ordinal number of key into SAM (0 -127) array from 3rd to 18th byte of CMD EXT contains 16 zeros array from 19th to 21st byte of CMD EXT contains AID (Application ID 3 bytes) 22^{nd} byte is ID of file that will be created (0 - 31)23rd and 24th bytes represented access rights for read, write, read&write and changing (byte 23 = read&write_key_no (high 4 bits) | changing_key_no (low 4 bits) byte 24 = read key no (high 4 bits) | write key no (low 4 bits)) array from 25th to 28th of CMD EXT contains file size in bytes 29th byte is 1 if authentication required, or 0 if no need the authentication 30th byte is communication settings 31st byte is checksum

RSP_Val0 and RSP_Val1 are not in use.

If error code is READER_ERROR or NO_CARD_DETECTED, device answer with RSP_EXT packet of 3 bytes.

1st and 2nd bytes represents execution time of command

3rd byte is checksum.

In other cases, device answer with RSP_EXT packet of 5 bytes.

1st and 2nd bytes represents error code of operation (b2 * 256 + b1)

 $3^{\mbox{\tiny rd}}$ and $4^{\mbox{\tiny th}}$ bytes represents execution time of command

5th byte is checksum.

Example:

uFR serial protocol 1.17

Authentication using the internal key ordinal number 1, AID = 0xF00002, authentication required, file ID is 1, communication settings is 0x11, access rights is 0x2110 (read with key 2, write with key 1, read&write with key 1, changing with key 0), file size is 1000 (0x000003E8)

RSP_EXT B9 0B 1A 00 AF (error code 0BB9, execution time 001A)

DESFIRE_DELETE_FILE(0x8A)

Function deactivates a file within currently selected application. Allocated memory blocks associated with deleted file not set free. Only format card function can delete the memory blocks. Is the application master key authentication is required, depend on the application master key settings.

(Old firmwares and AES key)

CMD_Par0 and CMD_Par1 are 0

1st byte of the CMD_EXT is 1 if uses internal AES key, or 0 if uses external AES key

2nd byte of the CMD_EXT contains ordinal number of internal AES key, or 0 if uses external AES key

array from 3rd to 18th byte of CMD_EXT contains AES key

array from 19th to 21st byte of CMD_EXT contains AID (Application ID 3 bytes)

 22^{nd} byte is ID of file that will be deleted (0 - 31)

23rd byte is 1 if authentication required, or 0 if no need the authentication

24th byte is checksum

(Firmware version from 5.0.25)

CMD_Par0 = KEY_TYPE << 4 and CMD_Par1 = 0

1st byte of the CMD_EXT is 1 if uses internal key, or 0 if uses external key

2nd byte of the CMD_EXT contains ordinal number of internal key, or 0 if uses external key array from 3rd to 18th byte of CMD EXT contains key (for AES and 2K3DES all key bytes,

for DES 8 key bytes and 8 zeros, for 3K3DES first 16 key bytes)

array from 19th to 21st byte of CMD_EXT contains AID (Application ID 3 bytes)

 22^{nd} byte is ID of file that will be deleted (0 - 31)

23rd byte is 1 if authentication required, or 0 if no need the authentication

(for AES, DES and 2K3DES) 24th byte contains checksum

(for 3K3DES) array from byte 24 to byte 31 contains last 8 key bytes, and byte 32 contains checksum

(uFR CS with SAM and firmware versions 5.100.xx)

CMD_Par0 = (KEY_TYPE << 4) and CMD_Par1 = 0 1st byte of the CMD_EXT is 2 (using key into SAM) 2nd byte of the CMD_EXT contains ordinal number of key into SAM (0 -127) array from 3rd to 18th byte of CMD_EXT contains 16 zeros array from 19th to 21st byte of CMD_EXT contains AID (Application ID 3 bytes) 22nd byte is ID of file that will be deleted (0 – 31) 23rd byte is 1 if authentication required, or 0 if no need the authentication 24th byte is checksum

RSP_Val0 and RSP_Val1 are not in use.

If error code is READER_ERROR or NO_CARD_DETECTED, device answer with RSP_EXT packet of 3 bytes.

1st and 2nd bytes represents execution time of command

3rd byte is checksum.

In other cases, device answer with RSP_EXT packet of 5 bytes.

1st and 2nd bytes represents error code of operation (b2 * 256 + b1)

3rd and 4th bytes represents execution time of command

5th byte is checksum.

Example:

Authentication using the internal key ordinal number 1, AID = 0xF00002, authentication required, file ID is 1

 CMD
 55
 8A
 AA
 18
 00
 00
 74
 (send command 8A), 74
 checksum

 ACK
 AC
 8A
 CA
 18
 00
 00
 FB
 (ACK OK)

RSP DE 8A ED 05 00 00 C3 (RSP command 8A, 5 bytes follows, C3 checksum) RSP_EXT B9 0B 1A 00 AF (error code 0BB9, execution time 001A)

DESFIRE_READ_FROM_STD_FILE(0x83)

Function allow to read data from Standard Data File. Read command requires a preceding authentication either with the key specified for Read or Read&Write access. From firmware version 5.0.32 Desfire Light tag support

(Old firmwares and AES key)

CMD Par0 and CMD Par1 are 0 1st byte of the CMD EXT is 1 if uses internal AES key, or 0 if uses external AES key 2nd byte of the CMD EXT contains ordinal number of internal AES key, or 0 if uses external AES key array from 3rd to 18th byte of CMD EXT contains AES key array from 19th to 21st byte of CMD EXT contains AID (Application ID 3 bytes) 22nd byte is application key number for reading 23^{rd} byte is ID of file (0 - 31)23rd byte is 1 if authentication required, or 0 if no need the authentication 24th and 25th bytes represents start position for read operation within file 26th and 27th bytes represents number of data to be read 28th byte is communication settings 29th byte is checksum (Firmware version from 5.0.25) CMD Par0 = KEY TYPE << 4 and CMD Par1 = 0 1st byte of the CMD EXT is 1 if uses internal key, or 0 if uses external key 2nd byte of the CMD EXT contains ordinal number of internal key, or 0 if uses external key array from 3rd to 18th byte of CMD EXT contains key (for AES and 2K3DES all key bytes, for DES 8 key bytes and 8 zeros, for 3K3DES first 16 key bytes) array from 19th to 21st byte of CMD EXT contains AID (Application ID 3 bytes) 22nd byte is application key number for reading 23^{rd} byte is ID of file (0 - 31)23rd byte is 1 if authentication required, or 0 if no need the authentication 24th and 25th bytes represents start position for read operation within file 26th and 27th bytes represents number of data to be read 28th byte is communication settings (for AES, DES and 2K3DES) 29th byte contains checksum (for 3K3DES) array from byte 29 to byte 36 contains last 8 key bytes, and byte 37 contains checksum (uFR CS with SAM and firmware versions 5.100.xx) CMD_Par0 = (KEY_TYPE << 4) and CMD_Par1 = 0 1st byte of the CMD EXT is 2 (using key into SAM) 2nd byte of the CMD EXT contains ordinal number of key into SAM (0 -127) array from 3rd to 18th byte of CMD EXT contains 16 zeros array from 19th to 21st byte of CMD_EXT contains AID (Application ID 3 bytes) 22nd byte is application key number for reading 23^{rd} byte is ID of file (0 - 31)23rd byte is 1 if authentication required, or 0 if no need the authentication 24th and 25th bytes represents start position for read operation within file 26th and 27th bytes represents number of data to be read 28th byte is communication settings 29th byte is checksum

Reading the data is specific and is done in a loop. Reads one data, and if it is 0, then reads another that indicates how much data follows in the package. This is repeated until the required amount of data read. If the first data is different from 0, then reader will be sent standard response.

RSP_Val0 and RSP_Val1 are not in use.

If error code is READER_ERROR or NO_CARD_DETECTED, device answer with RSP_EXT packet of 3 bytes.

1st and 2nd bytes represents execution time of command

3rd byte is checksum.

In other cases, device answer with RSP_EXT packet of 5 bytes.

 1^{st} and 2^{nd} bytes represents error code of operation (b2 * 256 + b1)

3rd and 4th bytes represents execution time of command

5th byte is checksum.

Example:

Authentication using the internal key ordinal number 3, AID = 0xF00002, authentication required, file ID is 1, reading key number is 2, bytes for read 50 from start address 10, communication settings 0x11

 CMD
 55
 83
 AA
 1D
 00
 00
 68
 (send command 83), 68
 checksum

 ACK
 AC
 83
 CA
 1D
 00
 00
 FB
 (ACK OK)

DATA00320102030405060708090A0102030405060708090A0102030405060708090A0102030405060708090A0102030405060708090A0102030405060708090A0405060708090A0A0102030405060708090A

RSP DE 8A ED 05 00 00 C3 (RSP command 8A, 5 bytes follows, C3 checksum) RSP_EXT B9 0B 1A 00 AF (error code 0BB9, execution time 001A)

DESFIRE_WRITE_TO_STD_FILE(0x82)

Function allow to write data to Standard Data File, or to Backup Data File. Write command requires a preceding authentication either with the key specified for Write or Read&Write access. From firmware version 5.0.32 Desfire Light tag support

(Old firmwares and AES key)

CMD_Par0 and CMD_Par1 are 0

1st byte of the CMD_EXT is 1 if uses internal AES key, or 0 if uses external AES key

2nd byte of the CMD_EXT contains ordinal number of internal AES key, or 0 if uses external AES key

array from 3rd to 18th byte of CMD_EXT contains AES key

array from 19th to 21st byte of CMD_EXT contains AID (Application ID 3 bytes)

22nd byte is application key number for writing

 23^{rd} byte is ID of file (0 - 31)

24th byte is 1 if authentication required, or 0 if no need the authentication

25th and 26th bytes represents start position for read operation within file

27th and 28th bytes represents number of data to be write

29th byte is communication settings

array from 30th to 30 + block size number of data for writing contains maximal 160 data for writing

31 + block size byte is checksum

(Firmware version from 5.0.25)

CMD_Par0 = KEY_TYPE << 4 and CMD_Par1 = 0

1st byte of the CMD_EXT is 1 if uses internal key, or 0 if uses external key

2nd byte of the CMD_EXT contains ordinal number of internal key, or 0 if uses external key

array from 3rd to 18th byte of CMD_EXT contains key (for AES and 2K3DES all key bytes, for DES 8 key bytes and 8 zeros, for 3K3DES first 16 key bytes)

array from 19th to 21st byte of CMD_EXT contains AID (Application ID 3 bytes)

22nd byte is application key number for writing

 23^{rd} byte is ID of file (0 - 31)

 24^{th} byte is 1 if authentication required, or 0 if no need the authentication

25th and 26th bytes represents start position for read operation within file

- 27th and 28th bytes represents number of data to be write
- 29th byte is communication settings

array from 30th to 30 + block size number of data for writing contains maximal 160 data for writing

(for AES, DES and 2K3DES) (31 + block size) byte is checksum

(for 3K3DES) array from byte (31 + block size) to byte (38 + block size) contains last 8 key bytes, and byte (39 + block size) contains checksum

(uFR CS with SAM and firmware versions 5.100.xx)

CMD_Par0 = (KEY_TYPE << 4) and CMD_Par1 = 0

1st byte of the CMD_EXT is 2 (using key into SAM)

2nd byte of the CMD_EXT contains ordinal number of key into SAM (0 -127)

array from 3rd to 18th byte of CMD_EXT contains 16 zeros

array from 19th to 21st byte of CMD_EXT contains AID (Application ID 3 bytes)

22nd byte is application key number for writing

 23^{rd} byte is ID of file (0 - 31)

24th byte is 1 if authentication required, or 0 if no need the authentication

25th and 26th bytes represents start position for read operation within file

27th and 28th bytes represents number of data to be write

29th byte is communication settings

array from 30th to 30 + block size number of data for writing contains maximal 160 data for writing

31 + block size byte is checksum

If you want to enter more than 160 bytes, then it is done in blocks of up to 160 bytes. After the first block of data reader sent 0xAD if necessary to receive more data, or 0xDD if no need more data, or at any error. When you receive 0xAD then sends a packet in which the first byte indicates how many bytes follow. When you receive 0xDD then follow standard response.

RSP_Val0 and RSP_Val1 are not in use.

If error code is READER_ERROR or NO_CARD_DETECTED, device answer with RSP_EXT packet of 3 bytes.

1st and 2nd bytes represents execution time of command

3rd byte is checksum.

In other cases, device answer with RSP_EXT packet of 5 bytes.

```
1<sup>st</sup> and 2<sup>nd</sup> bytes represents error code of operation (b2 * 256 + b1)
```

3rd and 4th bytes represents execution time of command

5th byte is checksum.

Example:

Authentication using the internal key ordinal number 3, AID = 0xF00002, authentication required, file ID is 1, writing key number is 1, bytes for write 50 from start address 10, communication settings 0x11

55 82 AA 51 00 00 33 (send command 82), 33 checksum CMD AC 82 CA 51 00 00 BC (ACK OK) ACK CMD EXT 01 01 01 0A 00 32 00 11 01 02 03 04 05 06 07 08 09 0A 01 02 03 04 05 06 07 08 09 0A 01 02 03 04 05 06 07 08 09 0A 01 02 03 04 05 06 07 08 09 0A 01 02 03 04 05 06 07 08 09 0A CRC (internal key uses so AES key bytes may have any value (all 00), CRC checksum) DATA DD (no need more data) DE 82 ED 05 00 00 BB RSP (RSP command 82, 5 bytes follows, BB checksum)

DESFIRE_CREATE_VALUE_FILE(0x8F)

For uFR PLUS devices only.

Function allows to create file for the storage and manipulation of 32 bit signed integer values within existing application on the card. Maximal number of files into application is 32. The file will be created in the currently selected application. Is the application master key authentication is required, depend on the application master key settings.

Communication settings define communication mode between reader and card. The communication modes are:

- plain communication communication settings value is 0x00

- plain communication secured by MACing communication settings value is 0x01

- fully enciphered communication communication settings value is 0x11

Access rights for read, write, read&write and changing, references certain key within application's keys (0 - 13). If value is 14, this means free access, independent of previous authentication. If value is 15, this means deny access (for example if write access is 15 then the file type is read only).

(Old firmwares and AES key)

```
CMD_Par0 and CMD_Par1 are 0
```

1st byte of the CMD EXT is 1 if uses internal AES key, or 0 if uses external AES key 2nd byte of the CMD_EXT contains ordinal number of internal AES key, or 0 if uses external AES kev array from 3rd to 18th byte of CMD EXT contains AES key array from 19th to 21st byte of CMD EXT contains AID (Application ID 3 bytes) 22^{nd} byte is ID of file that will be created (0 - 31)23rd and 24th bytes represented access rights for read, write, read&write and changing (byte 23 = read&write key no (high 4 bits) | changing key no (low 4 bits) byte 24 = read key no (high 4 bits) | write key no (low 4 bits)) array from 25th to 28th byte contains value of lower limit (lowest byte is first) array from 29th to 32nd byte contains value of upper limit (lowest byte is first) array from 33rd to 36th byte contains initial value of value file (lowest byte is first) 37th byte bit 0 - limited credit enabled (1 - yes, 0 - no)bit 1 - free get value (1 - yes, 0 - no)38th byte is 1 if authentication required, or 0 if no need the authentication 39th byte is communication settings 40st byte is checksum (Firmware version from 5.0.25) CMD Par0 = KEY TYPE << 4 and CMD Par1 = 0

1st byte of the CMD_EXT is 1 if uses internal key, or 0 if uses external key

2nd byte of the CMD EXT contains ordinal number of internal key, or 0 if uses external key array from 3rd to 18th byte of CMD EXT contains key (for AES and 2K3DES all key bytes, for DES 8 key bytes and 8 zeros, for 3K3DES first 16 key bytes) array from 19th to 21st byte of CMD EXT contains AID (Application ID 3 bytes) 22^{nd} byte is ID of file that will be created (0 - 31)23rd and 24th bytes represented access rights for read, write, read&write and changing (byte 23 = read&write key no (high 4 bits) | changing key no (low 4 bits) byte 24 = read key no (high 4 bits) | write key no (low 4 bits)) array from 25th to 28th byte contains value of lower limit (lowest byte is first) array from 29th to 32nd byte contains value of upper limit (lowest byte is first) array from 33rd to 36th byte contains initial value of value file (lowest byte is first) 37th byte bit 0 - limited credit enabled (1 - yes, 0 - no)bit 1 - free get value (1 - yes, 0 - no)38th byte is 1 if authentication required, or 0 if no need the authentication 39th byte is communication settings (for AES, DES and 2K3DES) 40st byte is checksum byte contains checksum (for 3K3DES) array from byte 40 to byte 47 contains last 8 key bytes, and byte 48 contains checksum (uFR CS with SAM and firmware versions 5.100.xx) CMD Par0 = (KEY TYPE << 4) and CMD Par1 = 0 1st byte of the CMD EXT is 2 (using key into SAM) 2nd byte of the CMD_EXT contains ordinal number of key into SAM (0 -127) array from 3rd to 18th byte of CMD EXT contains 16 zeros array from 19th to 21st byte of CMD EXT contains AID (Application ID 3 bytes) 22^{nd} byte is ID of file that will be created (0 - 31)23rd and 24th bytes represented access rights for read, write, read&write and changing (byte 23 = read&write key no (high 4 bits) | changing key no (low 4 bits) byte 24 = read key no (high 4 bits) | write key no (low 4 bits)) array from 25th to 28th byte contains value of lower limit (lowest byte is first) array from 29th to 32nd byte contains value of upper limit (lowest byte is first) array from 33rd to 36th byte contains initial value of value file (lowest byte is first) 37th byte bit 0 - limited credit enabled (1 - yes, 0 - no)bit 1 - free get value (1 - yes, 0 - no)38th byte is 1 if authentication required, or 0 if no need the authentication 39th byte is communication settings 40st byte is checksum

If error code is READER_ERROR or NO_CARD_DETECTED, device answer with RSP_EXT packet of 3 bytes.

1st and 2nd bytes represents execution time of command

3rd byte is checksum.

In other cases, device answer with RSP_EXT packet of 5 bytes.

1st and 2nd bytes represents error code of operation (b2 * 256 + b1)

3rd and 4th bytes represents execution time of command

5th byte is checksum.

Example:

Authentication using the internal key ordinal number 3, AID = 0xF00008, authentication required, file ID is 20, access rights is 0x0000 (read with key 0, write with key 0, read&write with key 0, changing with key 0), lower limit is 100, upper limit is 300, initial value is 200, communication settings 0x0. Upper limit must be bigger than or equal to the lower limit and initial value.

 CMD
 55
 8F
 AA
 28
 00
 00
 5F
 (send command 8F),
 5F
 checksum

 ACK
 AC
 8F
 CA
 28
 00
 00
 C8
 (ACK OK)

RSP DE 8F ED 05 00 00 C0 RSP EXT B9 0B 46 00 FB (error code 0x0BB9, execution time 0x0046)

DESFIRE_READ_VALUE_FILE(0x9A)

For uFR PLUS devices only.

Function allow to read value from value files. Read command requires a preceding authentication either with the key specified for Read or Read&Write access.

From firmware version 5.0.32 Desfire Light tag support

(Old firmwares and AES key)

CMD_Par0 and CMD_Par1 are 0

1st byte of the CMD_EXT is 1 if uses internal AES key, or 0 if uses external AES key

2nd byte of the CMD_EXT contains ordinal number of internal AES key, or 0 if uses external AES key

array from 3rd to 18th byte of CMD_EXT contains AES key

array from 19th to 21st byte of CMD_EXT contains AID (Application ID 3 bytes)

22nd byte is application key number for reading

 23^{rd} byte is ID of file (0 - 31)

24th byte is 1 if authentication required, or 0 if no need the authentication

25th and 26th bytes represents start position for read operation within file

27th and 28th bytes represents number of data to be write

29th byte is communication settings

(Firmware version from 5.0.25)

CMD_Par0 = KEY_TYPE << 4 and CMD_Par1 = 0

1st byte of the CMD_EXT is 1 if uses internal key, or 0 if uses external key

2nd byte of the CMD_EXT contains ordinal number of internal key, or 0 if uses external key array from 3rd to 18th byte of CMD_EXT contains key (for AES and 2K3DES all key bytes, for DES 8 key bytes and 8 zeros, for 3K3DES first 16 key bytes)

array from 19th to 21st byte of CMD_EXT contains AID (Application ID 3 bytes)

22nd byte is application key number for reading

 23^{rd} byte is ID of file (0 - 31)

24th byte is 1 if authentication required, or 0 if no need the authentication

 $25^{\mbox{\tiny th}}$ and $26^{\mbox{\tiny th}}$ bytes represents start position for read operation within file

- 27^{th} and 28^{th} bytes represents number of data to be write
- 29th byte is communication settings
- (for AES, DES and 2K3DES) 29th byte is checksum byte contains checksum

(for 3K3DES) array from byte 29 to byte 36 contains last 8 key bytes, and byte 37 contains checksum

(uFR CS with SAM and firmware versions 5.100.xx)

CMD_Par0 = (KEY_TYPE << 4) and CMD_Par1 = 0 1st byte of the CMD_EXT is 2 (using key into SAM) 2nd byte of the CMD_EXT contains ordinal number of key into SAM (0 -127) array from 3rd to 18th byte of CMD_EXT contains 16 zeros array from 19th to 21st byte of CMD_EXT contains AID (Application ID 3 bytes) 22nd byte is application key number for reading 23rd byte is 1D of file (0 – 31) 24th byte is 1 if authentication required, or 0 if no need the authentication 25th and 26th bytes represents start position for read operation within file 27th and 28th bytes represents number of data to be write 29th byte is communication settings

If no error, i.e. error code is CARD_OPERATION_OK, device answer with RSP packet and after that also the RSP_EXT packet of 9 bytes.

RSP_Val0 and RSP_Val1 are not in use.

1st and 2nd bytes represents error code of operation (b2 * 256 + b1)

3rd and 4th bytes represents execution time of command

array from 5th to 8th byte is value of value file

9th byte is checksum

If error code is READER_ERROR or NO_CARD_DETECTED, device answer with RSP_EXT packet of 3 bytes.

1st and 2nd bytes represents execution time of command

3rd byte is checksum.

In other cases, device answer with RSP_EXT packet of 5 bytes.

1st and 2nd bytes represents error code of operation (b2 * 256 + b1)

3rd and 4th bytes represents execution time of command

5th byte is checksum.

Example:

Authentication using the internal key ordinal number 3, AID = 0xF00008, authentication required, file ID is 20, application reading key number is 0.

DESFIRE_INCREASE_VALUE_FILE(0x9B)

For uFR PLUS devices only.

Function allows to increase a value stored in a value files. Credit command requires a preceding authentication with the key specified for Read&Write access.

```
(Old firmwares and AES key)
       CMD Par0 and CMD Par1 are 0
       1<sup>st</sup> byte of the CMD EXT is 1 if uses internal AES key, or 0 if uses external AES key
       2<sup>nd</sup> byte of the CMD_EXT contains ordinal number of internal AES key, or 0 if uses external
       AES kev
       array from 3<sup>rd</sup> to 18<sup>th</sup> byte of CMD EXT contains AES key
       array from 19<sup>th</sup> to 21<sup>st</sup> byte of CMD_EXT contains AID (Application ID 3 bytes)
       22<sup>nd</sup> byte is application key number for read&write
       23^{rd} byte is ID of file (0 - 31)
       24<sup>th</sup> byte is 1 if authentication required, or 0 if no need the authentication
       25<sup>th</sup> byte is communication settings
       array from 26<sup>th</sup> and 29<sup>th</sup> bytes represents value (must be positive number)
       30<sup>st</sup> byte is checksum byte contains checksum
(Firmware version from 5.0.25)
       CMD Par0 = KEY TYPE << 4 and CMD Par1 = 0
       1<sup>st</sup> byte of the CMD EXT is 1 if uses internal key, or 0 if uses external key
```

array from 3rd to 18th byte of CMD_EXT contains key (for AES and 2K3DES all key bytes, for DES 8 key bytes and 8 zeros, for 3K3DES first 16 key bytes) array from 19th to 21st byte of CMD_EXT contains AID (Application ID 3 bytes) 22nd byte is application key number for read&write 23rd byte is ID of file (0 – 31) 24th byte is 1 if authentication required, or 0 if no need the authentication 25th byte is communication settings array from 26th and 29th bytes represents value (must be positive number) (for AES, DES and 2K3DES) 30st byte is checksum byte contains checksum (for 3K3DES) array from byte 30 to byte 37 contains last 8 key bytes, and byte 38 contains checksum (uFR CS with SAM and firmware versions 5.100.xx) CMD_Par0 = (KEY_TYPE << 4) and CMD_Par1 = 0 1st byte of the CMD_EXT is 2 (using key into SAM)

2nd byte of the CMD_EXT contains ordinal number of key into SAM (0 -127)

array from 3rd to 18th byte of CMD_EXT contains 16 zeros

array from 19th to 21st byte of CMD_EXT contains AID (Application ID 3 bytes)

22nd byte is application key number for read&write

 23^{rd} byte is ID of file (0 - 31)

24th byte is 1 if authentication required, or 0 if no need the authentication

25th byte is communication settings

array from 26th and 29th bytes represents value (must be positive number)

30st byte is checksum byte contains checksum

If error code is READER_ERROR or NO_CARD_DETECTED, device answer with RSP_EXT packet of 3 bytes.

1st and 2nd bytes represents execution time of command

3rd byte is checksum.

In other cases, device answer with RSP_EXT packet of 5 bytes.

1st and 2nd bytes represents error code of operation (b2 * 256 + b1)

3rd and 4th bytes represents execution time of command

5th byte is checksum.

Example:

Authentication using the internal key ordinal number 3, AID = 0xF00008, authentication required, file ID is 20, application read&write key number is 0, increase value is 100

 CMD
 55
 9B
 AA
 1E
 00
 00
 81

 ACK
 AC
 9B
 CA
 1E
 00
 00
 EA

 CMD_EXT
 01
 03
 00
 00
 00
 00
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RSP	DE 9B ED 05 00 00 B4	
RSP_EXT	B9 0B 67 00 DC (error code 0x0BB9, execution time 0x0067)	

DESFIRE_DECREASE_VALUE_FILE(0x9C)

For uFR PLUS devices only.

Function allows to decrease value from value files. Debit command requires a preceding authentication with on of the keys specified for Read, Write or Read&Write access.

From firmware version 5.0.32 Desfire Light tag support

```
(Old firmwares and AES key)
```

CMD_Par0 and CMD_Par1 are 0

1st byte of the CMD_EXT is 1 if uses internal AES key, or 0 if uses external AES key 2nd byte of the CMD_EXT contains ordinal number of internal AES key, or 0 if uses external

AES key

array from 3rd to 18th byte of CMD_EXT contains AES key

array from 19th to 21st byte of CMD_EXT contains AID (Application ID 3 bytes)

22nd byte is application key number for read, write or read&write

 23^{rd} byte is ID of file (0 - 31)

24th byte is 1 if authentication required, or 0 if no need the authentication

25th byte is communication settings

array from 26th and 29th bytes represents value (must be positive number)

30st byte is checksum byte contains checksum

(Firmware version from 5.0.25)

CMD_Par0 = KEY_TYPE << 4 and CMD_Par1 = 0

1st byte of the CMD_EXT is 1 if uses internal key, or 0 if uses external key

2nd byte of the CMD_EXT contains ordinal number of internal key, or 0 if uses external key array from 3rd to 18th byte of CMD_EXT contains key (for AES and 2K3DES all key bytes,

for DES 8 key bytes and 8 zeros, for 3K3DES first 16 key bytes)

array from 19th to 21st byte of CMD_EXT contains AID (Application ID 3 bytes)

22nd byte is application key number for read&write

 23^{rd} byte is ID of file (0 - 31)

24th byte is 1 if authentication required, or 0 if no need the authentication

25th byte is communication settings

array from 26th and 29th bytes represents value (must be positive number)

(for AES, DES and 2K3DES) 30st byte is checksum byte contains checksum

(for 3K3DES) array from byte 30 to byte 37 contains last 8 key bytes, and byte 38 contains checksum

(uFR CS with SAM and firmware versions 5.100.xx)

CMD_Par0 = (KEY_TYPE << 4) and CMD_Par1 = 0

1st byte of the CMD_EXT is 2 (using key into SAM)

 2^{nd} byte of the CMD_EXT contains ordinal number of key into SAM (0 -127) array from 3^{rd} to 18^{th} byte of CMD_EXT contains 16 zeros array from 19^{th} to 21^{st} byte of CMD_EXT contains AID (Application ID 3 bytes) 22^{nd} byte is application key number for read, write or read&write 23^{rd} byte is ID of file (0 – 31) 24^{th} byte is 1 if authentication required, or 0 if no need the authentication 25^{th} byte is communication settings array from 26^{th} and 29^{th} bytes represents value (must be positive number) 30^{st} byte is checksum byte contains checksum

If error code is READER_ERROR or NO_CARD_DETECTED, device answer with RSP_EXT packet of 3 bytes.

1st and 2nd bytes represents execution time of command 3rd byte is checksum.

In other cases, device answer with RSP_EXT packet of 5 bytes.

1st and 2nd bytes represents error code of operation (b2 * 256 + b1)

3rd and 4th bytes represents execution time of command

5th byte is checksum.

Example:

Authentication using the internal key ordinal number 3, AID = 0xF00008, authentication required, file ID is 20, application read&write key number is 0, increase value is 100

 CMD
 55
 9C
 AA
 1E
 00
 00
 84

 ACK
 AC
 9C
 CA
 1E
 00
 00
 EB

RSP DE 9C ED 05 00 00 B1 RSP_EXT B9 0B 67 00 DC (error code 0x0BB9, execution time 0x0067)

DESFIRE_GET_APPLICATION_IDS (0xC0)

For uFR PLUS devices only.

Function returns the Application Identifiers for all active applications on a card. Maximal number of application ids is 28.

(Old firmwares and AES key)

CMD_Par0 and CMD_Par1 are 0 1st byte of the CMD_EXT is 1 if uses internal AES key, or 0 if uses external AES key 2nd byte of the CMD_EXT contains ordinal number of internal AES key, or 0 if uses external AES key array from 3rd to 18th byte of CMD_EXT contains AES key 19th byte is 1 if authentication required, or 0 if no need the authentication

20st byte is checksum byte contains checksum

(Firmware version from 5.0.25)

CMD_Par0 = KEY_TYPE << 4 and CMD_Par1 = 0

1st byte of the CMD_EXT is 1 if uses internal key, or 0 if uses external key 2nd byte of the CMD_EXT contains ordinal number of internal key, or 0 if uses external key array from 3rd to 18th byte of CMD_EXT contains key (for AES and 2K3DES all key bytes, for DES 8 key bytes and 8 zeros, for 3K3DES first 16 key bytes) 19th byte is 1 if authentication required, or 0 if no need the authentication (for AES, DES and 2K3DES) 20st byte is checksum byte contains checksum (for 3K3DES) array from byte 20 to byte 27 contains last 8 key bytes, and byte 28 contains checksum

(uFR CS with SAM and firmware versions 5.100.xx)

CMD_Par0 = (KEY_TYPE << 4) and CMD_Par1 = 0 1st byte of the CMD_EXT is 2 (using key into SAM) 2nd byte of the CMD_EXT contains ordinal number of key into SAM (0 -127) array from 3rd to 18th byte of CMD_EXT contains 16 zeros 19th byte is 1 if authentication required, or 0 if no need the authentication 20st byte is checksum byte contains checksum

If error code is READER_ERROR or NO_CARD_DETECTED, device answer with RSP_EXT packet of 3 bytes.

1st and 2nd bytes represents execution time of command

3rd byte is checksum.

In other cases, device answer with RSP_EXT packet of 3 * number_of_ application_ids + 7 bytes.

1st and 2nd bytes represents error code of operation (b2 * 256 + b1)

3rd and 4th bytes represents execution time of command

5th byte is number of application identifiers

6th to (6 + 3 * number_of_application_ids)th are triplets of bytes which represents application identifier (little endian numbers)

(7 + 3 * number_of_application_ids)th is checksum

Example:

Authentication using the internal key ordinal number 2, authentication required.

There are 2 application ID-s 0xA10000 and 0xA20000

 CMD
 55 C0 AA 13 00 00 33

 ACK
 AC C0 CA 13 00 00 DC

CMD_EXT0102000

RSP DE C0 ED 0C 00 00 06 RSP_EXT B9 0B 67 00 02 00 00 A1 00 00 A2 DB (error code 0x0BB9, execution time 0x0067)

DESFIRE_CREATE_RECORD_FILE (0xC1)

For uFR PLUS devices only.

Function allows to create file for multiple storage of structural data, within an existing application.

Linear Record File.

Once the file filled completely with data records, further writing to file is not possible unless it is cleared.

Cyclic Record File.

Once the file filled completely with data records, the card automatically overwrites the oldest record with latest written one.

CMD_Par0 = KEY_TYPE << 4 and CMD_Par1 = 0 1st byte of the CMD EXT is 1 if uses internal key, or 0 if uses external key 2nd byte of the CMD EXT contains ordinal number of internal key, or 0 if uses external key array from 3rd to 18th byte of CMD EXT contains key (for AES and 2K3DES all key bytes, for DES 8 key bytes and 8 zeros, for 3K3DES first 16 key bytes) array from 19th to 21st byte of CMD EXT contains AID (Application ID 3 bytes) 22^{nd} byte is ID of file that will be created (0 – 31) 23rd and 24th bytes represented access rights for read, write, read&write and changing (byte 23 = read&write key no (high 4 bits) | changing key no (low 4 bits) byte 24 = read_key_no (high 4 bits) | write_key_no (low 4 bits)) array from 25th to 28th of CMD EXT contains record size in bytes array from 29th to 32nd of CMD EXT contains maximal number of records 33rd byte is 1 if authentication required, or 0 if no need the authentication 34th byte is communication settings (for AES, DES and 2K3DES) 35th byte contains checksum (for 3K3DES) array from byte 35 to byte 42 contains last 8 key bytes, and byte 43 contains checksum (uFR CS with SAM and firmware versions 5.100.xx) CMD Par0 = (KEY TYPE << 4) and CMD Par1 = 0 1st byte of the CMD EXT is 2 (using key into SAM) 2nd byte of the CMD EXT contains ordinal number of key into SAM (0 -127) array from 3rd to 18th byte of CMD EXT contains 16 zeros array from 19th to 21st byte of CMD EXT contains AID (Application ID 3 bytes) 22^{nd} byte is ID of file that will be created (0 - 31)23rd and 24th bytes represented access rights for read, write, read&write and changing (byte 23 = read&write key no (high 4 bits) | changing key no (low 4 bits) byte 24 = read key no (high 4 bits) | write key no (low 4 bits))

array from 25th to 28th of CMD_EXT contains record size in bytes array from 29th to 32nd of CMD_EXT contains maximal number of records 33rd byte is 1 if authentication required, or 0 if no need the authentication 34th byte is communication settings 35th byte contains checksum

RSP_Val0 and RSP_Val1 are not in use.

If error code is READER_ERROR or NO_CARD_DETECTED, device answer with RSP_EXT packet of 3 bytes.

 $1^{st} \, and \, 2^{nd} \, bytes \, represents execution time of command$

3rd byte is checksum.

In other cases, device answer with RSP_EXT packet of 5 bytes.

1st and 2nd bytes represents error code of operation (b2 * 256 + b1)

3rd and 4th bytes represents execution time of command

5th byte is checksum.

DESFIRE_WRITE_RECORD (0x98)

For uFR PLUS devices only.

Function allows to write data to a record in a Linear Record File or Cyclic Record File. Write command requires a preceding authentication either with the key specified for Write or Read&Write access.

```
CMD_Par0 = KEY_TYPE << 4 and CMD_Par1 = 0

1<sup>st</sup> byte of the CMD_EXT is 1 if uses internal key, or 0 if uses external key

2<sup>nd</sup> byte of the CMD_EXT contains ordinal number of internal key, or 0 if uses external key

array from 3<sup>rd</sup> to 18<sup>th</sup> byte of CMD_EXT contains key (for AES and 2K3DES all key bytes,

for DES 8 key bytes and 8 zeros, for 3K3DES first 16 key bytes)

array from 19<sup>th</sup> to 21<sup>st</sup> byte of CMD_EXT contains AID (Application ID 3 bytes)

22<sup>nd</sup> byte is application key number for writing

23<sup>rd</sup> byte is 1D of file (0 – 31)

24<sup>th</sup> byte is 1 if authentication required, or 0 if no need the authentication

25<sup>th</sup> and 26<sup>th</sup> bytes represents start position for write operation within file

27<sup>th</sup> and 28<sup>th</sup> bytes represents number of data to be write

29<sup>th</sup> byte is communication settings

array from 30<sup>th</sup> to 30 + block size number of data for writing contains maximal 160 data for

writing

(for AES, DES and 2K3DES) (31 + block size) byte is checksum
```

(for 3K3DES) array from byte (31 + block size) to byte (38 + block size) contains last 8 key bytes, and byte (39 + block size) contains checksum (uFR CS with SAM and firmware versions 5.100.xx) CMD Par0 = (KEY TYPE << 4) and CMD Par1 = 0 1st byte of the CMD EXT is 2 (using key into SAM) 2nd byte of the CMD EXT contains ordinal number of key into SAM (0 -127) array from 3rd to 18th byte of CMD EXT contains 16 zeros array from 19th to 21st byte of CMD EXT contains AID (Application ID 3 bytes) 22nd byte is application key number for writing 23^{rd} byte is ID of file (0 - 31)24th byte is 1 if authentication required, or 0 if no need the authentication 25th and 26th bytes represents start position for write operation within file 27th and 28th bytes represents number of data to be write 29th byte is communication settings array from 30th to 30 + block size number of data for writing contains maximal 160 data for writing (31 + block size) byte is checksum

DESFIRE_READ_RECORDS (0x99)

For uFR PLUS devices only.

Function allows to read data from a record in a Linear Record File or Cyclic Record File. Read command requires a preceding authentication either with the key specified for Write or Read&Write access.

```
CMD_Par0 = KEY_TYPE << 4 and CMD_Par1 = 0

1<sup>st</sup> byte of the CMD_EXT is 1 if uses internal key, or 0 if uses external key

2<sup>nd</sup> byte of the CMD_EXT contains ordinal number of internal key, or 0 if uses external key

array from 3<sup>rd</sup> to 18<sup>th</sup> byte of CMD_EXT contains key (for AES and 2K3DES all key bytes,

for DES 8 key bytes and 8 zeros, for 3K3DES first 16 key bytes)

array from 19<sup>th</sup> to 21<sup>st</sup> byte of CMD_EXT contains AID (Application ID 3 bytes)

22<sup>nd</sup> byte is application key number for reading

23<sup>rd</sup> byte is 1D of file (0 – 31)

24<sup>th</sup> byte is 1 if authentication required, or 0 if no need the authentication

25<sup>th</sup> and 26<sup>th</sup> bytes represents start position for read operation within file

27<sup>th</sup> and 28<sup>th</sup> bytes represents number of records to be read

29<sup>th</sup> byte is communication settings

30<sup>th</sup> and 31<sup>st</sup> bytes represents size of record

(for AES, DES and 2K3DES) 32<sup>nd</sup> byte contains checksum
```

(for 3K3DES) array from byte 32 to byte 39 contains last 8 key bytes, and byte 40 contains checksum

(uFR CS with SAM and firmware versions 5.100.xx)

CMD_Par0 = (KEY_TYPE << 4) and CMD_Par1 = 0 1st byte of the CMD_EXT is 2 (using key into SAM) 2nd byte of the CMD_EXT contains ordinal number of key into SAM (0 -127) array from 3rd to 18th byte of CMD_EXT contains 16 zeros array from 19th to 21st byte of CMD_EXT contains AID (Application ID 3 bytes) 22nd byte is application key number for reading 23rd byte is 1D of file (0 – 31) 24th byte is 1 if authentication required, or 0 if no need the authentication 25th and 26th bytes represents start position for read operation within file 27th and 28th bytes represents number of records to be read 29th byte is communication settings 30th and 31st bytes represents size of record 32nd byte contains checksum

Reading the data is specific and is done in a loop. Reads one data, and if it is 0, then reads another that indicates how much data follows in the package. This is repeated until the required amount of data read. If the first data is different from 0, then reader will be sent standard response.

RSP_Val0 and RSP_Val1 are not in use.

If error code is READER_ERROR or NO_CARD_DETECTED, device answer with RSP_EXT packet of 3 bytes.

1st and 2nd bytes represents execution time of command

3rd byte is checksum.

In other cases, device answer with RSP_EXT packet of 5 bytes.

 1^{st} and 2^{nd} bytes represents error code of operation (b2 * 256 + b1)

3rd and 4th bytes represents execution time of command

5th byte is checksum.

DESFIRE_CLEAR_RECORD (0x6D)

For uFR PLUS devices only.

Function allows to reset a Linear Record File or Cyclic Record file to the empty state. Clear command requires a preceding authentication with the key specified for Read&Write access.

```
CMD_Par0 = KEY_TYPE << 4 and CMD_Par1 = 0
1<sup>st</sup> byte of the CMD_EXT is 1 if uses internal key, or 0 if uses external key
```

2nd byte of the CMD EXT contains ordinal number of internal key, or 0 if uses external key array from 3rd to 18th byte of CMD EXT contains key (for AES and 2K3DES all key bytes, for DES 8 key bytes and 8 zeros, for 3K3DES first 16 key bytes) array from 19th to 21st byte of CMD EXT contains AID (Application ID 3 bytes) 22^{nd} byte is ID of file that will be deleted (0 - 31)23rd byte is 1 if authentication required, or 0 if no need the authentication (for AES, DES and 2K3DES) 24th byte contains checksum (for 3K3DES) array from byte 24 to byte 31 contains last 8 key bytes, and byte 32 contains checksum (uFR CS with SAM and firmware versions 5.100.xx)

CMD Par0 = (KEY TYPE << 4) and CMD Par1 = 0

1st byte of the CMD EXT is 2 (using key into SAM)

2nd byte of the CMD EXT contains ordinal number of key into SAM (0 -127)

array from 3rd to 18th byte of CMD EXT contains 16 zeros

array from 19th to 21st byte of CMD_EXT contains AID (Application ID 3 bytes)

 22^{nd} byte is ID of file that will be deleted (0 - 31)

23rd byte is 1 if authentication required, or 0 if no need the authentication

24th byte contains checksum

RSP Val0 and RSP Val1 are not in use.

If error code is READER ERROR or NO CARD DETECTED, device answer with RSP EXT packet of 3 bytes.

1st and 2nd bytes represents execution time of command

3rd byte is checksum.

In other cases, device answer with RSP_EXT packet of 5 bytes.

 1^{st} and 2^{nd} bytes represents error code of operation (b2 * 256 + b1)

3rd and 4th bytes represents execution time of command

5th byte is checksum.

COMMANDS FOR MIFARE PLUS CARDS

MFP_FIRST_AUTHENTICATE (0x6A)

Function is used for optional authentication with AES key when the card is in security level 1 and for switching to the security level 3.

CMD Par0 is authentication mode (RKA AUTH1A=0x00 or PK AUTH1A AES=0x80)

CMD Par1 is ordinal number of AES key from reader (0 - 15)

CMD EXT

1st and 2nd bytes represents card key address

array from 3rd to 18th byte contains AES key

19th byte is checksum The RSP_EXT is not in use

Example:

Switch to security level 3 from security level 1. AES key must be equivalent with key entered into SL3 switch key register during personalization of card, for example key number 4 stored into reader.

 CMD
 55
 6A
 AA
 13
 00
 04
 89

 ACK
 AC
 6A
 CA
 13
 00
 04
 22

 CMD_EXT
 03
 90
 00
 00
 00
 00
 00
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MFP_CHANGE_REG_KEY(0x6B)

Function is used for registers or keys changing when the card is in security level 3. CMD Par0 is authentication mode (RKA AUTH1A=0x00 or PK AUTH1A AES=0x80) CMD_Par1 is ordinal number of AES key from reader (0 - 15) CMD EXT 1st and 2nd bytes represents card key or register address array from 3rd to 18th byte contains new AES key or register data 19th and 20th bytes represents card key for authentication address array from 21st to 36th byte contains AES key for authentication 37th byte is checksum (uFR CS with SAM and firmware versions 5.100.xx) CMD_Par0 is authentication mode (SAM_KEY_AUTH1A = 0x10) CMD Par1 is ordinal number of AES key for authentication from SAM (1 - 127) CMD EXT 1st and 2nd bytes represents card key or register address array from 3rd to 18th byte contains 16 zeros or register data 19th and 20th bytes represents card key for authentication address 21st byte is ordinal number of new AES key from SAM (1 - 127) 22nd byte is checksum

The RSP_EXT is not in use

Example:

CMD	55 6B AA 25 80 00 36
ACK	AC 6B CA 25 80 00 AF
CMD_EXT	01 90 22 22 22 22 22 22 22 22 22 22 22 22 22
11 11 11	11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 07
RSP	DE 6B ED 00 00 00 5F

MFP_GET_UID(0x6C)

Function is used to read card UID when the Random ID enabled. VC polling ENC, and VC polling MAC key entered during personalization. These keys use in card UID reading process. CMD_Par0 is authentication mode (RKA_AUTH1A=0x00 or PK_AUTH1A_AES=0x80) CMD Par1 is 0 if authentication mode is PK_AUTH1A_AES CMD EXT array from 1st to 16th byte contains VC polling ENC key array from 17th to 32nd byte contains VC polling MAC key 33rd byte is checksum else if authentication mode is RKA AUTH1A CMD EXT 1st byte is ordinal number of internal key contain VC polling ENC key 2nd byte is ordinal number of internal key contain VC polling MAC key 3rd byte is checksum (uFR CS with SAM and firmware versions 5.100.xx) CMD Par0 is authentication mode (SAM KEY AUTH1A = 0x10) 1st byte is ordinal number of SAM key contain VC polling ENC key 2nd byte is ordinal number of SAM key contain VC polling MAC key 3rd byte is checksum

RSP_EXT

1st byte is UID length (7 or 4)

array from 2nd to 2 + length byte contains card UID

Example:

 CMD
 55
 6C
 AA
 21
 80
 00
 35

 ACK
 AC
 6C
 CA
 21
 80
 00
 AC

 CMD_EXT
 22
 22
 22
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COMMANDS FOR NT4H CARDS

From firmware version 5.0.32

Supported cards are NT4H1321 (NTAG 413 DNA) and NT4H2421Gx (NTAG 424 DNA) card.

NTAG 424 DNA is fully compliant with the NFC Forum Type 4 Tag IC specification (Certification ID: 58562), with the contactless proximity protocol according to ISO/IEC14443-4 and the ISO/IEC 7816-4 based file system and command frames.

Same command uses for Desfire Light tag in couple of cases.

NT4H_COMMON_CMD (0xB3)

This command uses for various NT4H commands.

NT4H_SET_GLOBAL_PARAMETERS

Command sets file number, key number, and communication mode, before the using functions for reading and writing data into card which are used for NTAG 2xx cards. This makes it possible to use existing functions linear reading and writing.

CMD_PAR0 = 1, CMD_PAR1 = 0 CMD_EXT 1st byte is file number (NTAG 413 - 1 or 2, NTAG 424 - 1 to 3) 2nd byte is application key number (NTAG 413 - 0 to 2, NTAG 424 - 0 to 4) 3rd byte is communication mode of selected file (0 - plain, 1 - macked, 3 - enciphered) 4th byte is checksum The RSP_EXT is not in use

Example:

File number = 2, key number = 0, communication mode = 0 (plain)

CMD	55	в3	AA	04	01	00	50
ACK	AC	в3	CA	04	01	00	D7
CMD_EXT	02	00	00	09			
RSP	DE	в3	ED	00	00	00	87

NT4H_CHANGE_FILE_SETTINGS

The commands changes the access parameters of an existing standard data file. Length of settings data, and its content may be various according to NXP documentation.

CMD_PAR0 = 2, CMD_PAR1 = 0 CMD_EXT 1st byte defines internal key using (1 - reader key, 0 - provided key) 2nd byte is ordinal AES key number into reader (0 - 15) array 3 - 18 is provided AES key 19th byte is card type (NT4H cards = 1, Desfire light = 2) 20th byte is file number (NTAG 413 - 1 or 2, NTAG 424 - 1 to 3, Desfire light 0, 1, 3, 4, 15 or 31) 21st byte is application key number (NTAG 413 - 0 to 2, NTAG 424 - 0 to 4) 22nd byte is communication mode (3 - enciphered) 23rd byte is settings data length array of settings data length bytes last byte is checksum The RSP_EXT is not in use

Example:

File number = 2, current change key number = 0, read key number = 2, write key number = 3, read/write key number = 3, new change key number = 0, communication mode = 0 (plain), authentication mode provided, AES key 16x 0x00.

NT4H_SET_CARD_CONFIGURATION

Command set card configuration. Authentication with master key required. Length of configuration data, and its content may be various according to NXP documentation.

CMD_PAR0 = 3, CMD_PAR1 = 0 CMD_EXT 1st byte defines internal key using (1 - reader key, 0 - provided key) 2nd byte is ordinal AES key number into reader (0 - 15) array 3 - 18 is provided AES key 19th byte is card type (NT4H cards = 1) 20th byte is card command options according to NXP documentation. 21st byte is configuration data length array of configuration data length last byte is checksum The RSP EXT is not in use

Example:

Set Random ID. Option = 0 (PICC configuration), Authentication with provided master key.

NT4H_CHANGE_KEY

Command changes AES key. Authentication with application master key is required.

CMD_PAR0 = 4, CMD_PAR1 = 0 CMD_EXT 1st byte defines internal key using (1 - reader key, 0 - provided key) 2nd byte is ordinal AES key number into reader (0 - 15) array 3 - 18 is provided AES key byte 19 is application key number which will be changed (NTAG 413 - 0 to 2, NTAG 424 - 0 to 4) array 20 - 35 is new AES key array 36 - 52 is old AES key if application key number is different from 0 byte 53 is checksum. The RSP_EXT is not in use

Example:

Key number 2 changing. Master AES key is 16 x 0x00. New AES key is 16 x 0x11. Old AES key is 16 x 0x00. Provided key authentication mode.

NT4_GET_UID

Command returns card UID if Random ID activated. Valid authentication is required.

CMD_PAR0 = 5, CMD_PAR1 = 0 CMD_EXT 1st byte defines internal key using (1 - reader key, 0 - provided key) 2nd byte is ordinal AES key number into reader (0 - 15) array 3 - 18 contains provided AES key byte 19 is application key number (NTAG 413 - 0 to 2, NTAG 424 - 0 to 4) RSP_EXT array 1 - 7 contains UID 8th byte is checksum.

Example:

Provided key authentication mode. Key number = 2. AES key is 16 x 0x11.

 CMD
 55
 B3
 AA
 14
 05
 00
 64

 ACK
 AC
 B3
 CA
 14
 05
 00
 CB

 CMD_EXT
 00
 00
 11
 11
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NT4H_GET_FILE_SETTINGS

Command returns file settings. Length of settings data may be various according to NXP documentation.

CMD_PAR0 = 6, CMD_PAR1 = 0 CMD_EXT 1st and 2nd bytes are 0 (no authentication required) 3rd byte is card type (NT4H cards = 1, Desfire light = 2) 4th byte is file number (NTAG 413 - 1 or 2, NTAG 424 - 1 to 3, Desfire light 0, 1, 3, 4, 15 or 31) RSP_EXT Settings data length bytes last byte is checksum.

Example:

File number = 2, File is in secure dynamic message mode.

CMD	55 B3 AA 05 06 00 56
ACK	AC B3 CA 05 06 00 DD
CMD_EXT	00 00 01 02 0A
RSP	DE B3 ED 14 00 00 9B
RSP_EXT	00 40 E0 EE 00 01 00 C1 FE 22 22 00 00 44 00 00 44 00 00 77

NT4H_GET_SDM_READING_COUNTER

Function supports retrieving of the current values of SDM reading counter.

CMD_PAR0 = 7, CMD_PAR1 = 0 CMD_EXT 1st byte defines internal key using (1 - reader key, 0 - provided key, 0xFF no authentication) 2nd byte is ordinal AES key number into reader (0 - 15) array 3 - 18 is provided AES key 19th byte is file number (NTAG 413 - 1 or 2, NTAG 424 - 1 to 3) 20th byte is application key number (NTAG 413 - 0 to 2, NTAG 424 - 0 to 4) 21st byte is checksum

RSP_EXT array 1 - 3 value of counter (little endian) byte 4 is checksum

Example:

Get SDM reading counter without authentication.

CMD	55 B3	AA	15	07	00	65														
ACK	AC B3	CA	15	07	00	CE														
CMD_EXT	FF 00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	02	00	04
RSP	DE B3	ED	04	00	00	8B														
RSP_EXT	02 00	00	09																	

DFL_DELETE_TRANSACTION_MAC_FILE

Command delete transaction MAC file.

NOTE: Transaction MAC file exist by factory default. To use the operations with value file, and cyclic record file, this file must be deleted.

CMD_PAR0 = 8, CMD_PAR1 = 0 CMD_EXT 1st byte defines internal key using (1 - reader key, 0 - provided key) 2nd byte is ordinal AES key number into reader (0 - 15) array 3 - 18 is provided AES key 19th byte is file number = 15 20th byte is checksum

RSP_EXT not in use

COMMANDS FOR READER SETTINGS

SET_BAD_SELECT_NR_MAX (0x3F)

The function allows you to set the number of unsuccessful card selections before it can be considered that the card is not placed on the reader. Period between two card selections is approximately 10ms. Default value of this parameter is 20 i.e. 200ms. This parameter can be set in the range of 0 to 254.

The CMD_EXT set is not in use.

uFR serial protocol 1.17

CMD_Par0 is bad select card number maximal CMD_Par1 = (CMD_Par0 xor A3) + 7 The RSP_EXT is not in use

Example:

Bad select card maximal is 10 CMD_Par0 = 0x0A, CMD_Par1 = (0A xor A3) + 7 = B0

 CMD
 55 3F AA 00 0A B0 81 (send command 3F), 81 checksum

 RSP
 DE 3F ED 00 00 00 13

GET_BAD_SELECT_NR_MAX(0x44)

The function returns value of maximal unsuccessful card selections, which is set in reader.

The CMD_EXT set is not in use. CMD_Par0 and CMD_Par1 are 0 RSP_EXT - 1st byte is maximal value of bad select card number

Example:

CMD	55	44	AA	00	00	00	C2	(send	command	44),	C2	checksum
RSP	DE	44	ED	02	00	00	7C					
RSP EXT	0A	11					(nu	umber i	Ls 0x0A)			

FUNCTIONS FOR THE READER LOW POWER MODE CONTROL

ENTER_SLEEP_MODE (0x46)

Function allows the low power reader mode. Reader is in sleep mode. RF field is turned off. The reader is waiting for the command to return to normal working mode. The CMD EXT set is not in use.

CMD_Par0 and CMD_Par1 are 0 The RSP EXT is not in use.

Example:

 CMD
 55
 46
 AA
 00
 00
 CO
 (send command 46), CO
 checksum

 RSP
 DE
 46
 ED
 00
 00
 7C

LEAVE_SLEEP_MODE (0x47)

Function allows return from low power reader mode to normal working mode.

The CMD_EXT set is not in use. CMD_Par0 and CMD_Par1 are 0 The RSP_EXT is not in use.

Example:

WAKE UP BYTE 00 (send just before command) CMD 55 47 AA 00 00 00 BF (send command 47), BF checksum RSP DE 47 ED 00 00 00 7B

AUTO_SLEEP_SET (0x4D)

supported from firmware version 3.8.18

Command description:

This function permanently set auto-sleep functionality of the device. Valid value for the CMD_Par0 range is from 1 to 254 seconds. To permanently disable auto-sleep functionality use 0 or 0xFF for the CMD_Par0 value. The CMD_EXT is not in use. CMD_Par1 are 0 (not in use).

The RSP_EXT is not in use.

AUTO_SLEEP_GET (0x4E)

supported from firmware version 3.8.18

Command description:

This command returns permanently configured auto-sleep wait seconds. The CMD_EXT is not in use. CMD_Par0 and CMD_Par1 are 0 (not in use). The RSP_EXT is not in use. RSP_Val0 containing configured auto-sleep wait seconds. RSP_Val1 is 0 (not in use).

Commands for Reader NTAG Emulation Mode

WRITE_EMULATION_NDEF (0x4A)

supported from firmware version 3.8.0

Command description:

Command store a message record for NTAG emulation mode in to the reader EEPROM. The CMD_EXT is used and contains NDEF message for tag emulation mode. Maximum total size for emulated NDEF message is 144 bytes.

CMD_Par0 and CMD_Par1 are 0 (not in use).

1st and 2nd byte of the CMD_EXT set contains length of the following NDEF message (parameter called ndef_len) maximal length is 144 bytes.

next ndef_len bytes contains NDEF message.

last byte of the CMD_EXT set contains checksum

Example:

(NDEF message is URI type with "<u>www.d-logic.net</u>" payload):

CMD	55	4A	AA	16	00	00	AA														
ACK	AC	4A	CA	16	00	00	41														
CMD_EXT	14	00	03	10	D1	01	0C	55	01	64	2D	6C	6F	67	69	63	2E	6E	65	74	FE
0E																					
RSP	DE	4A	ED	00	00	00	80														

Possible error codes:

WRITE_VERIFICATION_ERROR = 0x70 MAX_SIZE_EXCEEDED = 0x10

Write emulation NDEF into reader RAM from firmware version 5.0.33

Command store a message record for NTAG emulation mode in to the reader RAM. The CMD_EXT is used and contains NDEF message for tag emulation mode. Maximum total size for emulated NDEF message is 1008 bytes. The data is not written into EEPROM of the reader, so they cannot be loaded after the reader reset. This command must be execute after reader reset to use the NTAG emulation.

CMD_Par0 is 1 and CMD_Par1 is 0.

1st and 2nd byte of the CMD_EXT set contains length of the following NDEF message (parameter called ndef_len) maximal length is 1008 bytes. next part of ndef_len (maximal part size is 240 bytes) last byte of the CMD_EXT set contains checksum

If you want to enter more than 240 bytes, then it is done in blocks of up to 240 bytes. After the first block of data reader sent 0xAD if necessary to receive more data, or 0xDD if no need more data, or at any error. When you receive 0xAD then sends a packet in which the first byte indicates how many bytes follow. When you receive 0xDD then follow standard response.

RSP_Val0 and RSP_Val1 are not in use.

Example:

NDEF message with maximal length of 1008 bytes. Type Text

CMD 55	5 4A AA	F3 01	00 41	Ξ											
ACK AC	C 4A CA	F3 01	00 E	5											
CMD_EXT_1															
F0 03 03 FF	03 EB C	1 01 (00 00	03 I	E4 54	02	65 6	SE 33	34	35	36	37	38	39	30
31 32 33 34	35 36 3	7 38 3	39 30	31 3	32 33	34	35 3	36 37	38	39	30	31	32	33	34
35 36 37 38	39 30 3	1 32 3	33 34	35 3	36 37	38	39 3	30 31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38
39 30 31 32	33 34 3	5 36 3	37 38	39 3	30 31	32	33 3	34 35	36	37	38	39	30	31	32
33 34 35 36	37 38 3	9 30 3	31 32	33 3	34 35	36	37 3	38 39	30	31	32	33	34	35	36
37 38 39 30	31 32 3	3 34 3	35 36	37 3	38 39	30	31 3	32 33	34	35	36	37	38	39	30
31 32 33 34	35 36 3	7 38 3	39 30	31 3	32 33	34	35 3	36 37	38	39	30	31	32	33	34
35 36 37 38	39 30 3	1 32 3	33 34	35 3	36 37	38	39 3	30 31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38
39 30 31 32	33 34 3	5 36 3	37 38	39 3	30 31	32	33 3	34 35	36	37	38	39	30	31	32
33 34 35 36	37 38 3	9 30 3	31 32	33 3	34 35	36	37 3	38 39	30	31	32	33	34	35	36
37 38 9D															
ACK AI)														
ACK AI CMD_EXT_2)														
	-	2 33 3	34 35	36 3	37 38	39	30 3	31 32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39
CMD_EXT_2	30 31 3														
CMD_EXT_2 F0 37 38 9D	30 31 3 34 35 3	6 37 3	38 39	30 3	31 32	33	34 3	35 36	37	38	39	30	31	32	33
CMD_EXT_2 F0 37 38 9D 30 31 32 33	30 31 3 34 35 3 38 39 3	6 37 3 0 31 3	38 39 32 33	30 3 34 3	31 32 35 36	33 37	34 3 38 3	35 36 39 30	37 31	38 32	39 33	30 34	31 35	32 36	33 37
CMD_EXT_2 F0 37 38 9D 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37	30 31 3 34 35 3 38 39 3 32 33 3	6 37 3 0 31 3 4 35 3	38 39 32 33 36 37	30 3 34 3 38 3	31 32 35 36 39 30	33 : 37 : 31 :	34 3 38 3 32 3	35 36 39 30 33 34	37 31 35	38 32 36	39 33 37	30 34 38	31 35 39	32 36 30	33 37 31
CMD_EXT_2 F0 37 38 9D 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 30 31	30 31 3 34 35 3 38 39 3 32 33 3 36 37 3	6 37 3 0 31 3 4 35 3 8 39 3	38 39 32 33 36 37 30 31	30 3 34 3 38 3 32 3	31 32 35 36 39 30 33 34	33 : 37 : 31 : 35 :	34 3 38 3 32 3 36 3	35 36 39 30 33 34 37 38	37 31 35 39	38 32 36 30	39 33 37 31	30 34 38 32	31 35 39 33	32 36 30 34	33 37 31 35
CMD_EXT_2 F0 37 38 9D 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 30 31 32 33 34 35	30 31 3 34 35 3 38 39 3 32 33 3 36 37 3 30 31 3	6 37 3 0 31 3 4 35 3 8 39 3 2 33 3	38 39 32 33 36 37 30 31 34 35	30 3 34 3 38 3 32 3 36 3	31323536393033343738	33 : 37 : 31 : 35 : 39 :	34 3 38 3 32 3 36 3 30 3	35 36 39 30 33 34 37 38 31 32	37 31 35 39 33	38 32 36 30 34	39 33 37 31 35	30 34 38 32 36	31 35 39 33 37	32 36 30 34 38	33 37 31 35 39
CMD_EXT_2 F0 37 38 9D 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39	30 31 3 34 35 3 38 39 3 32 33 3 36 37 3 30 31 3 34 35 3	6 37 3 0 31 3 4 35 3 8 39 3 2 33 3 6 37 3	38 39 32 33 36 37 30 31 34 35 38 39	30 3 34 3 38 3 32 3 36 3 30 3	31 32 35 36 39 30 33 34 37 38 31 32	33 : 37 : 31 : 35 : 39 : 33 :	34 3 38 3 32 3 36 3 30 3 34 3	35 36 39 30 33 34 37 38 31 32 35 36	37 31 35 39 33 37	38 32 36 30 34 38	39 33 37 31 35 39	30 34 38 32 36 30	31 35 39 33 37 31	32 36 30 34 38 32	33 37 31 35 39 33
CMD_EXT_2 F0 37 38 9D 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 30 31 32 33	30 31 3 34 35 3 38 39 3 32 33 3 36 37 3 30 31 3 34 35 3 34 35 3 38 39 3	6 37 3 0 31 3 4 35 3 8 39 3 2 33 3 6 37 3 0 31 3	38 39 32 33 36 37 30 31 34 35 38 39 32 33	30 3 34 3 38 3 32 3 36 3 30 3 34 3	31 32 35 36 39 30 33 34 37 38 31 32 35 36	33 37 31 35 39 33 37	34 3 38 3 32 3 36 3 30 3 34 3 38 3	35 36 39 30 33 34 37 38 31 32 35 36 39 30	37 31 35 39 33 37 31	38 32 36 30 34 38 32	39 33 37 31 35 39 33	30 34 38 32 36 30 34	31 35 39 33 37 31 35	32 36 30 34 38 32 36	33 37 31 35 39 33 37
CMD_EXT_2 F0 37 38 9D 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37	30 31 3 34 35 3 38 39 3 32 33 3 36 37 3 30 31 3 34 35 3 38 39 3 34 35 3 38 39 3 32 33 3	6 37 3 0 31 3 4 35 3 8 39 3 2 33 3 6 37 3 0 31 3 4 35 3	38 39 32 33 36 37 30 31 34 35 38 39 32 33 36 37	30 3 34 3 38 3 32 3 36 3 30 3 34 3 38 3	31 32 35 36 39 30 33 34 37 38 31 32 35 36 39 30	33 37 31 35 39 33 37 31 37 31 31 32 33 31 33 33 33 31	34 3 38 3 32 3 36 3 30 3 34 3 38 3 32 3	35 36 39 30 33 34 37 38 31 32 35 36 39 30 33 34	37 31 35 39 33 37 31 35	38 32 36 30 34 38 32 36	39 33 37 31 35 39 33 37	30 34 38 32 36 30 34 38	31 35 39 33 37 31 35 39	32 36 30 34 38 32 36 30	33 37 31 35 39 33 37 31
CMD_EXT_2 F0 37 38 9D 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 30 31	30 31 3 34 35 3 38 39 3 32 33 3 36 37 3 30 31 3 34 35 3 38 39 3 34 35 3 38 39 3 32 33 3	6 37 3 0 31 3 4 35 3 8 39 3 2 33 3 6 37 3 0 31 3 4 35 3	38 39 32 33 36 37 30 31 34 35 38 39 32 33 36 37	30 3 34 3 38 3 32 3 36 3 30 3 34 3 38 3	31 32 35 36 39 30 33 34 37 38 31 32 35 36 39 30	33 37 31 35 39 33 37 31 37 31 31 32 33 31 33 33 33 31	34 3 38 3 32 3 36 3 30 3 34 3 38 3 32 3	35 36 39 30 33 34 37 38 31 32 35 36 39 30 33 34	37 31 35 39 33 37 31 35	38 32 36 30 34 38 32 36	39 33 37 31 35 39 33 37	30 34 38 32 36 30 34 38	31 35 39 33 37 31 35 39	32 36 30 34 38 32 36 30	33 37 31 35 39 33 37 31

ACK AD CMD_EXT_3

F0		38	39	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39
30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	30	31	32	33
34	35	36	37	38	39	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37
38	39	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	30	31
32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	30	31	32	33	34	35
36	37	38	39	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39
30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	30	31	32	33
34	35	36	37	38	39	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37
38	39	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	30	31
32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	30	31	32	33	34	35
36																							
AC	K		AI	2																			
CM	С_ЕΣ	(T_4	1																				
F0	37	38	39	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39
30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	30	31	32	33
34	35	36	37	38	39	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37
38	39	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	30	31
32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	30	31	32	33	34	35
36	37	38	39	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39
30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	30	31	32	33
34	35	36	37	38	39	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37
38	39	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	30	31
32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	30	31	32	33	34	35
36																							
AC	K		AI	0																			
	с_еΣ	-																					
30	37	38	39	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39
	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	30	31	32	33
34																							
AC	K																						
RE	SP		DI	E 42	A EI	0 00	0 00	0 00) 80)													

TAG_EMULATION_START (0x48)

supported from firmware version 3.8.0

Put the reader permanently in a NDEF tag emulation mode. Only way for a reader to exit from this mode is to receive the TAG_EMULATION_STOP command. In this mode, the reader can only answer to the following commands: WRITE_EMULATION_NDEF (0x4A) TAG_EMULATION_STOP (0x49) TAG_EMULATION_START (0x48) GET_READER_TYPE (0x10) GET_READER_SERIAL (0x11) GET_FIRMWARE_VERSION (0x29) GET_HARDWARE_VERSION (0x2A) GET_BUILD_NUMBER (0x2B) GET_SERIAL_NUMBER (0x40)

Issuing another commands in this mode, results with the following error code:

FORBIDDEN_IN_TAG_EMULATION_MODE = 0×90

CMD_Par0 and CMD_Par1 are 0 (not in use).

Possible error codes:

WRITE_VERIFICATION_ERROR = 0×70

(command resulting in a direct write to a device non-volatile memory)

Example:

CMD	55	48	AA	00	00	00	BE
RSP	DE	48	ED	00	00	00	82

TAG emulation into RAM start from firmware version 5.0.33

Put the reader permanently in a NDEF tag in RAM emulation mode. Only way for a reader to exit from this mode is to receive the TAG_EMULATION_STOP command, or by reader reset. Use the command GET_READER_STATUS to check if the reader still in emulation mode (maybe reader was reset from some reason).

CMD_Par0 is 1 and CMD_Par1 is 0.

TAG_EMULATION_STOP (0x49)

supported from firmware version 3.8.0

Allows the reader permanent exit from a NDEF tag emulation mode.

CMD_Par0 and CMD_Par1 are 0 (not in use).

Possible error codes:

```
WRITE VERIFICATION ERROR = 0 \times 70
```

(command resulting in a direct write to a device non-volatile memory)

Example:

CMD	55	49	AA	00	00	00	BD
RSP	DE	49	ED	00	00	00	81

TAG emulation into RAM stop from firmware version 5.0.33

CMD_Par0 is 1 and CMD_Par1 is 0.

Ad-Hoc emulation mode:

This mode enables user controlled emulation from the user application. There is "nfc-rfid-reader-sdk/ufr-examples-ad_hoc_emulation-c" console example written in C, using our uFCoder library (see uFR API). This example demonstrate usage of the uFCoder library functions that implement sending of the following commands:

AD_HOC_EMULATION_START (0x76)

supported from firmware version 3.9.34

Put uFR in emulation mode with ad-hoc emulation parameters (see. SET_AD_HOC_EMULATION_PARAMS and GET_AD_HOC_EMULATION_PARAMS). uFR stays in emulation mode until AD_HOC_EMULATION_STOP command is sent or reader reset.

The CMD_EXT set is not in use. CMD_Par0 and CMD_Par1 are not in use. The RSP_EXT is not in use

Example:

CMD	55	76	AA	00	AA	CC	F6
RSP	DE	76	ED	00	00	00	4 C

AD_HOC_EMULATION_STOP (0x77)

supported from firmware version 3.9.34

Terminate uFR ad-hoc emulation mode. The CMD_EXT set is not in use. CMD_Par0 and CMD_Par1 are not in use. The RSP_EXT is not in use

Example:

CMD	55	77	AA	00	AA	CC	F5
RSP	DE	77	ED	00	00	00	4B

GET_EXTERNAL_FIELD_STATE (0x9F)

supported from firmware version 3.9.34

This command returns external field state when uFR is in ad-hoc emulation mode.

The CMD_EXT set is not in use.

CMD_Par0 and CMD_Par1 are not in use.

RSP_Val0 is 0 if external field isn't present or 1 if field is present.

RSP_Val1 is not in use.

The RSP_EXT is not in use

Example:

CMD	55	9F	AA	00	AA	CC	0D
RSP	DE	9F	ED	00	01	00	в4

GET_AD_HOC_EMULATION_PARAMS (0x9D)

supported from firmware version 3.9.35

This command returns current ad-hoc emulation parameters. On uFR power on or reset ad-hoc emulation parameters are set back to their default values.

The CMD_EXT set is not in use.

CMD_Par0 and CMD_Par1 are not in use.

RSP_Val0 contains current ad-hoc threshold parameters. Default value is 0xF7.

RSP_Val1 contains current ad-hoc receiver gain and RF level values of the RFCfgReg register (most significant bit of this value should be 0 all the time). Default value is 0x79.

The RSP_EXT is not in use

Example:

CMD	55	9D	AA	00	AA	CC	0в
RSP	DE	9D	ED	00	F7	79	27

SET_AD_HOC_EMULATION_PARAMS (0x9E)

supported from firmware version 3.9.35

This command set ad-hoc emulation parameters. On uFR power on or reset ad-hoc emulation parameters are set back to their default values.

The CMD_EXT set is not in use.

CMD_Par0 contains current ad-hoc threshold parameters. Default value is 0xF7.

CMD_Par1 contains current ad-hoc receiver gain and RF level values of the RFCfgReg register (most significant bit of this value should be 0 all the time). Default value is 0x79.

Example:

CMD	55	9E	AA	00	F7	79	F6
RSP	DE	9E	ED	00	00	00	в4

SET_SPEED_PERMANENTLY (0x4B)

supported from firmware version 3.8.4

Permanently set the requested transceive data rates between reader and ISO14443 – 4A card / tag.

CMD_EXT set not in use.

CMD_Par0 containing requested transmit speed constant

CMD_Par1 containing requested receive speed constant

The RSP_EXT not in use.

Valid speed constants are:

Const	Requested speed
0	106 kbps (default)
1	212 kbps
2	424 kbps

Possible error codes:

```
WRITE_VERIFICATION_ERROR = 0x70
```

(command resulting in a direct write to a device non-volatile memory)

Example:

CMD	55	4B	AA	00	02	02	BB
RSP	DE	4B	ED	00	00	00	7F

GET_SPEED_PARAMETERS (0x4C)

supported from firmware version 3.8.4

This command returns permanently configured transceive data rates between reader and ISO14443 – 4A card / tag.

CMD_EXT set not in use.

The RSP_EXT not in use.

RSP_Val0 containing configured transmit speed constants RSP_Val1 containing configured receive speed constants

Valid speed constants are:

Const	Configured speed
0	106 kbps (default)
1	212 kbps
2	424 kbps

Example:

CMD	55	4C	AA	00	00	00	BA
RSP	DE	4C	ED	00	02	02	86

Support for ISO 14443-4 protocol commands

Basic commands

SET_ISO14433_4_MODE (0x93)

supported from firmware version 3.9.36

After issuing this command, ISO 14443-4 tag in a field will be selected and RF field polling will be stopped. Furthermore all the others ISO 14443-4 protocol commands can be issued in a sequence (including APDU_TRANSCEIVE). Last command in those sequences should be S_BLOCK_DESELECT.

Example:

CMD	55	93	AA	00	AA	CC	11
RSP	DE	93	ED	00	00	00	A7

SET_ISO14443_4_DL_STORAGE (0x97)

supported from firmware version 4.0.20

After issuing this command, ISO 14443-4 tag in a field will be selected and RF field polling will be stopped. Furthermore all the others ISO 14443-4 protocol commands can be issued in a sequence (including APDU_TRANSCEIVE). Last command in those sequences should be S_BLOCK_DESELECT.

This command is identical to SET_ISO14433_4_MODE with a difference that enables fast reading mechanism for a JC DL Storage cards using extended APDU format for case 2E in APDU_TRANSCEIVE command (APDU in format: CLA, INS, P1, P2, 0x00, 0x7F, 0xFF) where 0x7F, 0xFF bytes represents maximum of 0x7FFF = 32767 bytes (big endian convention is in use in this case). When C-APDU formated in that way, I.E. using case 2E APDU format, after 7 bytes of the RSP packet will be two bytes which will define size in bytes (big endian convention) of the following data stream.

Example:

CMD	55	97	AA	00	AA	CC	26
RSP	DE	97	ED	00	00	00	AB

I_BLOCK_TRANSCEIVE (0x90)

supported from firmware version 3.9.36

Used to convey information for use by the application layer. CMD_Par0 contains command specific flags (0x0C additional chained i block , 0x04 single i block) CMD_Par1 containing timeout value in [ms]

CMD_EXT contains i-block body.

RSP_EXT contains i-block response.

R_BLOCK_TRANSCEIVE (0x91)

supported from firmware version 3.9.36

Used to convey positive or negative acknowledgements. An R-block never contains an INF field. The acknowledgement relates to the last received block. CMD. Part contains acknowledge flag (1 = ACK, 0 = NOT ACK)

CMD_Par0 contains acknowledge flag (1 = ACK, 0 = NOT ACK)

CMD_Par1 containing timeout value in [ms]

CMD_EXT not in use. RSP_EXT contains i-block response.

S_BLOCK_DESELECT (0x92)

supported from firmware version 3.9.36

Issue this command to deselect tag and restore RF field polling. This command is mandatory at the end of any ISO 14443-4 protocol command sequence.

Example:

CMD	55	92	AA	00	64	00	10
RSP	DE	92	ED	00	00	00	A 8

Support for APDU commands in ISO 14443-4 tags

APDU_TRANSCEIVE (0x94)

supported from firmware version 3.9.39

The majority of the ISO 14443-4 tags supports the APDU message structure according to ISO/IEC 7816-4. For more details you have to check the manual for the tags that you planning to use. Issuing APDU_TRANSCEIVE command you will send C-APDU to ISO 14443-4 tag selected using SET_ISO14433_4_MODE. After successfully executed APDU_TRANSCEIVE command uFR returns byte array which contains R-APDU including data field (body) following by the trailer (SW1 and SW2 APDU status bytes).

CMD_Par0 not in use CMD_Par1 containing timeout value in [ms] CMD_EXT contains C-APDU (i.e. {CLA, INS, P0, P1, Lc, ... Nc bytes ... , Le}) RSP_EXT contains R-APDU including data field (body) following by the trailer (SW1 and SW2 APDU status bytes).

Example:

Issuing NDEF Tag Application Select command: 00 A4 04 00 07 D2 76 00 00 85 01 01 00

CMD	55	94	AA	0E	00	CC	в0							
ACK	AC	94	CA	0E	00	CC	37							
CMD_EXT	00	A4	04	00	07	D2	76	00	00	85	01	01	00	8D
RSP	DE	94	ED	03	00	00	AB							
RSP_EXT	90	00	97											

PKI infrastructure and digital signature support

Fully supported from firmware version 3.9.55

In our product range, we have special cards called "D-Logic JCApp" (working title), which contains support for PKI infrastructure and digital signing. To use these features you have to implement specific APDU command sequences using APDU_TRANSCEIVE command described before. We have PKI infrastructure and digital signature support implemented in our API (for reference read "**uFR Series NFC reader API**").

Originality checking

Supported from firmware version 3.9.8

Some card chips supports originality checking mechanism using Elliptic Curve Digital Signature Algorithm (ECDSA). Chip families that support originality checking mechanism are NTAG 21x and Mifare Ultralight EV1. For details on originality checking, you must have an non-disclosure agreement (NDA) with the manufacturer who will provide you with the relevant documentation.

uFR originality checking support is based on READ_ECC_SIGNATURE command. For the rest of originality checking procedure you need to use the instructions from the manufacturer documentation.

We have originality checking support completely implemented in our API using uFCoder library function **OriginalityCheck()** (for reference read "**uFR Series NFC reader API**").

READ_ECC_SIGNATURE (0xBF)

Supported from firmware version 3.9.8

This command read ECC signature of the card chip UID. Card chip UID is signed using EC private key known only to the manufacturer.

CMD_Par0 not in use. CMD_Par1 not in use. CMD_EXT not in use.

On success:

RSP_Val0 will containin DlogicCardType code of the card in field.

RSP_Val1 will containin UID length of the card in field.

RSP_EXT will containin ECC signature from the card in field, in the first 32 bytes, following by the 10 bytes of UID. UID field in the RSP_EXT data will always have 10 bytes but the RSP_Val1 defines how many of them are relevant.

If card in field doesn't have originality checking support, returned error code is: UNSUPPORTED_CARD_TYPE (0x11)

Example:

CMD	55	BF	AA	00	AA	СС	2D									
RSP	DE	BF	ED	2В	0 A	07	в1									
RSP_EXT	AA	7B	0D	58	CE	43	D7	1A	D1	СВ	8B	37	56	6B	1E	86
	27	97	34	D7	14	4A	59	40	50	93	в4	в6	F8	7A	53	70
	04	13	95	6A	64	34	80	00	00	00	92					

Anti-collision support i.e. multi card reader mode

Supported from firmware version 5.0.1 (for uFR PLUS devices only)

After power on or resetting the reader it is in a "single card" mode of operation. In this mode reader can only work with one card in the field and card is selected automatically.

uFR PLUS devices can be placed in so-called "anti-collision" mode of operation using ENABLE_ANTI_COLLISION command. In that mode reader can work with multiple cards in the field. Fundamental problem in a "anti-collision" mode of operation is the amount of energy that is required to power the cards in the field. Different types of cards require more or less energy. So the maximum number of cards with which reader can work simultaneously depends on specific needs for powering different cards in the field. The reader can work with up to 4 cards that have low average consumption, at a time. Cards that have low average consumption include the following models: Mifare Ultralight, Mifare Classic, Ntag series.

All the card models which supports modern cryptography mechanisms have higher power consumption. So in the case of Mifare Desfire, Mifare Ultralight C, Mifare Plus, Java Cards and other high consumption cards there should be no more then 2 cards in the reader field at a time.

ENABLE_ANTI_COLLISION (0x2D)

This command put the reader in a "anti-collision" mode of operation.

CMD_Par0 and CMD_Par1 not in use. CMD_EXT and RSP_EXT not in use.

CMD	55	2D	AA	00	00	00	D9
RSP	DE	2D	ED	00	00	00	25

Example:

DISABLE_ANTI_COLLISION (0x2E)

Exits from "anti-collision" mode of operation i.e. put the reader in to "single card" mode of operation.

CMD_Par0 and CMD_Par1 not in use. RSP_Val0 and RSP_Val1 not in use. CMD_EXT and RSP_EXT not in use.

Example:

CMD	55	2E	AA	00	00	00	D8
RSP	DE	2E	ED	00	00	00	24

ENUM_CARDS (0x37)

If the reader is in a "anti-collision" mode of operation, this command enumerate cards which are found in the reader field. Otherwise command reports ANTI_COLLISION_DISABLED error code.

All the folowing commands: LIST_CARDS, SELECT_CARD and DESELECT_CARD, works with UIDs from the actual UID list of the enumerated cards, which is obtained by the last ENUM_CARDS command issuing.

CMD_Par0 and CMD_Par1 not in use. RSP_Val0 and RSP_Val1 not in use. CMD_EXT and RSP_EXT not in use.

Example:

CMD	55	37	AA	00	00	00	CF
RSP	DE	37	ED	00	02	16	17

LIST_CARDS (0x38)

Before issuing this command you must issue ENUM_CARDS command first.

CMD_Par0 and CMD_Par1 not in use.

CMD_EXT not in use.

RSP_Val0 contains number of the cards detected in the reader field.

RSP_Val1 contains length of the UID list, in bytes.

RSP_EXT contains UID list of the card in the reader field.

For each UID, of the cards detected in the reader field, there is 11 "UID record bytes" allocated in the list. First of those 11 bytes allocated designate actual UID length immediately followed by the exactly 10 bytes of UID (which is maximum hypothetical UID size). E.g, if the actual UID length is 4 bytes, you should ignore last 6 bytes of the UID record.

Example 1 (there is only 1 card in the field):

CMD	55	38	AA	00	00	00	CE					
RSP	DE	38	ED	0C	01	0в	14					
RSP_EXT	07	04	48	76	в2	04	35	80	00	00	00	45

Example 2 (there is 2 cards in the field):

CMD	55	38	AA	00	00	00	CE					
RSP	DE	38	ED	17	02	16	0F					
RSP_EXT	07	04	13	95	6A	64	34	80	00	00	00	
_	04	C5	58	3E	Е6	00	00	00	00	00	00	85

Example 3 (there is 3 cards in the field):

CMD	55	38	AA	00	00	00	CE					
RSP	DE	38	ED	22	03	21	12					
RSP_EXT	07	04	13	95	6A	64	34	80	00	00	00	
	04	C5	58	3E	E6	E2	00	00	00	00	00	
	07	04	48	76	в2	04	35	80	00	00	00	A9

SELECT_CARD (0x39)

This command selects one of the cards which UID is on the actual UID list of the enumerated cards. If there is any of the cards previously selected by issuing this command you will get an error CARD_ALREADY_SELECTED and you should issue DESELECT_CARD command prior using this command, in such a case.

CMD_Par0 contains card UID size

CMD_Par1 not in use.

CMD_EXT contains card UID (have to be "card UID size" bytes as designated by the CMD_Par0). RSP_EXT not in use.

RSP_Val0 contains selected card type (see GET_DLOGIC_CARD_TYPE enumeration). RSP_Val1 not in use.

Example:

CMD	55	39	AA	05	04	00	CE
ACK	AC	39	CA	05	04	00	65
CMD_EXT	C5	58	3E	Е6	4C		
RSP	DE	39	ED	00	21	00	32

DESELECT_CARD (0x3A)

Deselects previously selected card issuing SELECT_CARD command. CMD_Par0 and CMD_Par1 not in use. RSP_Val0 and RSP_Val1 not in use. CMD_EXT and RSP_EXT not in use.

Example:

CMD	55	3A	AA	00	00	00	CC
RSP	DE	3A	ED	00	00	00	10

GET_ANTI_COLLISION_STATUS (0x3B)

Using this command you can get current anti-collision status of the reader.

CMD_Par0 and CMD_Par1 not in use.

CMD_EXT and RSP_EXT not in use.

- RSP_Val0 contains 1 if the reader is in a "anti-collision" mode of operation, otherwise 0.
- RSP_Val1 contains 1 if the reader is in a "anti-collision" mode of operation and there is selected card, otherwise 0.

Example:

CMD	55	3в	AA	00	00	00	СВ
RSP	DE	3в	ED	00	01	01	0F

Commands for uFR Online

ESP_SET_IO_STATE (0xF3)

uFR Online only. Function set IO pin state.

CMD_Par0 pin number CMD_Par1 IO state 0 - low, 1 - high, 2 - input RSP_Val0 and RSP_Val1 not in use. CMD_EXT and RSP_EXT not in use.

Example:

IO pin 3 high level.										
CMD	55	F3	AA	00	03	01	15			
RSP	DE	F3	ED	00	00	00	C7			

ESP_GET_IO_STATE (0xF4)

uFR Online only. Function get IO pin states.

CMD_Par0 and CMD_Par1 not in use. RSP_Val0 and RSP_Val1 not in use. CMD_EXT not in use.

Example:

Get IO pins state. All pins set as input										
CMD	55	F4	AA	00	00	00	12			
RSP	DE	F4	ED	00	00	00	CE			
RSP_EXT	02	02	02	02	02	02	07			

ESP_READER_TIME_WRITE (0xF5)

uFR Online only. Function to set RTC date/time.

CMD_Par0 and CMD_Par1 not in use. RSP_Val0 and RSP_Val1 not in use. CMD_EXT contains year, month, day, hour, minutes, seconds

Example:

Set date and	time	e to	2019	9-06	-20	10:0	1:02
CMD	55	F5	AA	07	00	00	14
ACK	AC	F5	CA	07	00	00	60
CMD_EXT	13	06	14	0A	01	02	0F
RSP	DE	F5	ED	00	00	00	CD

ESP_READER_TIME_READ (0xF6)

uFR Online only. Function to get RTC date/time.

CMD_Par0 and CMD_Par1 not in use. RSP_Val0 and RSP_Val1 not in use. RSP_EXT 1st to 8th byte contains password, 9th to 14th byte contains date/time.

Example:

Get 2019-06-20 10:01:02 date and time from device. Password is '11111111'.CMD55 F6 AA 00 00 00 10RSPDE F6 ED 00 00 00 CCRSP EXT31 31 31 31 31 31 31 31 31 31 31 31 06 14 0A 01 02 0F

ESP_READER_EEPROM_READ (0xF7)

uFR Online only.

Function to read uFR Online EEPROM data.

CMD_Par0 and CMD_Par1 not in use. CMD_EXT 1st to 4th byte contains EEPROM address, 5th to 8th byte contains length of data to read. (little endian) RSP_Val0 and RSP_Val1 not in use RSP EXT contains requested EEPROM data

Example:

 Read 5 bytes (0xFF, 0xFF, 0xFF, 0xFF, 0xFF) from address 0x00

 CMD
 55
 F7
 AA
 09
 00
 08

 ACK
 AC
 F7
 CA
 09
 00
 00
 9F

 CMD_EXT
 00
 00
 00
 00
 00
 00
 05
 0C

 RSP
 DE
 F7
 ED
 05
 00
 00
 C8

 RSP_EXT
 FF
 FF
 FF
 FF
 06

ESP_READER_EEPROM_WRITE (0xFB)

uFR Online only. Function to write uFR Online EEPROM data.

CMD_Par0 and CMD_Par1 not in use.

CMD_EXT 1st to 4th byte contains EEPROM address, 5th to 8th byte contains length of data to read, 9th to 16th byte contains password, bytes from 17th contains data. (little endian) RSP_Val0 and RSP_Val1 not in use RSP_EXT not in use

Example:

 Write 5 bytes (0xFF, 0xFF, 0xFF, 0xFF) to address 0x00. Password is '1111111'.

 CMD
 55 FB AA 16 00 00 19

 ACK
 AC FB CA 16 00 00 92

 CMD_EXT
 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 05 31 31 31 31 31 31 31

 FF FF FF FF FF 01

 RSP
 DE FB ED 00 00 00 CF

ESP_SET_DISPLAY_DATA (0xF8)

uFR Online only.

Function enables sending data to the uFR Online LED. A string of data contains information about the intensity of color in each cell. Each cell has three LED (red, green and blue). For each cell of the three bytes is necessary. The first byte indicates the intensity of the red color, the second byte indicates the intensity of the green color, and the third byte indicates the intensity of blue color.

CMD_Par0 and CMD_Par1 contains LED light duration in ms. If duration is 0, light will never turn off

CMD_EXT contains data for display with checksum RSP_Val0 and RSP_Val1 not in use RSP_EXT not in use

Example:

 red = 0x10, green = 0xFF, blue = 0x20, duration = 100ms

 CMD
 55 F8 AA 02 00 64 0C

 ACK
 AC F8 CA 02 00 64 FF

 CMD_EXT
 10 FF 20 10 FF 20 07

 RSP
 DE F8 ED 00 00 00 D2

ESP_READER_RESET (0xF9)

uFR Online only. Function resets device connected to uFR Online.

CMD_Par0 - always set to 0. CMD_Par1 not in use. RSP_Val0 and RSP_Val1 not in use. CMD_EXT and RSP_EXT not in use.

Example:

Reset device							
CMD	55	F9	AA	00	00	00	0D
RSP	DE	F9	ED	00	00	00	D1

ESP_SET_TRANSPARENT_READER (0xF9)

uFR Online only. Function set transparent reader connected to uFR Online.

CMD_Par0 - set 1 for first device(default) or 2 for external connected reader. CMD_Par1 not in use. RSP_Val0 and RSP_Val1 not in use. CMD_EXT and RSP_EXT not in use.

Example:

Set first reader as transparent device.

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CMD	55	F9	AA	00	01	00	0E
RSP	DE	F9	ED	00	00	00	D1

Set external reader as transparent device.

CMD	55	F9	AA	00	02	00	0B
RSP	DE	F9	ED	00	00	00	D1

ESP_READER_PASSWORD_WRITE (0xFA)

uFR Online only. Function to write uFR Online password.

CMD_Par0 and CMD_Par1 not in use. CMD_EXT 1st to 8th byte contains old password, bytes from 9th to 16th contains new password. RSP_Val0 and RSP_Val1 not in use RSP_EXT not in use

Example:

 Write new password '22222222'. Old password is '11111111'.

 CMD
 55
 FA
 AA
 11
 00
 00
 1B

 ACK
 AC
 FA
 CA
 11
 00
 00
 94

 CMD_EXT
 31
 31
 31
 31
 31
 31
 31
 32
 32
 32
 32
 32
 32
 32
 32
 32
 32
 07

 RSP
 DE
 FA
 ED
 00
 00
 D0
 D0

Miscellaneous commands

CHECK_UID_CHANGE (0xE4)

From firmware version 5.0.27 Function tries to change UID on the card. On some cards (e.g. Magic Classic) changing UID is possible.

CMD_Par0 and CMD_Par1 not in use. CMD_EXT not in use RSP_EXT not in use

Example:

If "Magic Classic" card tested, then function returns OK, else function returns error code.CMD55 E4 AA 00 00 00 22RSPDE E4 ED 00 00 00 DE

RF_RESET (0xE5)

From firmware version 5.0.27 Command reset RF field at the reader. RF field will be off, and then on after 50ms.

CMD_Par0 and CMD_Par1 not in use. CMD_EXT not in use RSP_EXT not in use

Example:

CMD	55	E5	AA	00	00	00	21
RSP	DE	E5	ED	00	00	00	DD

GET_READER_STATUS (0xE6)

From firmware version 5.0.33 Function returns various reader states. The reader states are defined into following structures. This function is useful for check if reader still into emulation mode after command TAG_EMULATION_START.

```
typedef enum E_EMULATION_MODES
{
     TAG EMU DISABLED = 0,
     TAG EMU DEDICATED,
     TAG_EMU_COMBINED,
     TAG_EMU_AUTO_AD_HOC
}emul_modes_t;
typedef enum E EMULATION STATES
{
     EMULATION_NONE = 0,
     EMULATION IDLE,
     EMULATION AUTO COLL,
     EMULATION ACTIVE,
     EMULATION HALT,
     EMULATION POWER OFF
}emul states t;
typedef enum E PCD MGR STATES
{
     PCD MGR NO RF GENERATED = 0,
     PCD MGR 14443A POLLING,
     PCD MGR 14443A SELECTED,
     PCD MGR CE DEDICATED,
```

```
PCD_MGR_CE_COMBO_START,
PCD_MGR_CE_COMBO,
PCD_MGR_CE_COMBO_IN_FIELD
}pcd states t;
```

CMD_Par0 and CMD_Par1 not in use. CMD_EXT not in use RSP_EXT 1st byte is reader state from pcd_states_t structure - normal working mode states are PCD_MGR_NO_RF_GENERATED or PCD_MGR_14443A_POLLING or PCD_MGR_14443A_SELECTED. - NTAG emulation mode state is PCD_MGR_CE_DEDICATED 2nd byte is emulation mode from emul_modes_t structure - normal working mode state is TAG_EMU_DISABLED - NTAG emulation mode state is TAG_EMU_DEDICATED 3rd byte is emulation state form emul_states_t structure 4th bytes is reader sleep mode indicator 0 - reader is in normal or emulation mode 1 - reader is in sleep mode 5th byte is checksum

Example:

WAKE UP	BYTE	00	(se	end j	ust	before	command)
CMD	55	E6 AA	00 0	00 00	20		
RSP	DE	E6 ED	05 0	00 00	D7		
RSP_EXT	03	01 01	00 0)A			

Appendix: ERROR CODES

ERROR	VALUE
ОК	0x00
COMMUNICATION_ERROR	0x01
CHKSUM_ERROR	0x02
READING_ERROR	0x03
WRITING_ERROR	0x04
BUFFER_OVERFLOW	0x05
MAX_ADDRESS_EXCEEDED	0x06
MAX_KEY_INDEX_EXCEEDED	0x07
NO_CARD	0x08
COMMAND_NOT_SUPPORTED	0x09
FORBIDEN_DIRECT_WRITE_IN_SECTOR_TRAILER	0x0A
ADDRESSED_BLOCK_IS_NOT_SECTOR_TRAILER	0x0B
WRONG_ADDRESS_MODE	0x0C
WRONG_ACCESS_BITS_VALUES	0x0D
AUTH_ERROR	0x0E
PARAMETERS_ERROR	0x0F
MAX_SIZE_EXCEEDED	0x10
UNSUPPORTED_CARD_TYPE	0x11
COUNTER_ERROR	0x12
WRITE_VERIFICATION_ERROR	0x70
BUFFER_SIZE_EXCEEDED	0x71
VALUE_BLOCK_INVALID	0x72
VALUE_BLOCK_ADDR_INVALID	0x73
VALUE_BLOCK_MANIPULATION_ERROR	0x74
WRONG_UI_MODE	0x75
KEYS_LOCKED	0x76
KEYS UNLOCKED	0x77

WRONG_PASSWORD	0x78
	0x/0
CAN_NOT_LOCK_DEVICE	0x79
CAN_NOT_UNLOCK_DEVICE	0x7A
DEVICE_EEPROM_BUSY	0x7B
RTC_SET_ERROR	0x7C
EEPROM_ERROR	0x7D
NO_CARDS_ENUMERRATED	0x7E
CARD_ALREADY_SELECTED	0x7F
WRONG_CARD_TYPE	0 x 80
FORBIDDEN_IN_TAG_EMULATION_MODE	0x90
Mifare Plus tags errors	
MFP_COMMAND_OVERFLOW	0xB0
MFP_INVALID_MAC	0xB1
MFP_INVALID_BLOCK_NR	0xB2
MFP_NOT_EXIST_BLOCK_NR	0xB3
MFP_COND_OF_USE_ERROR	0xB4
MFP_LENGTH_ERROR	0xB5
MFP_GENERAL_MANIP_ERROR	0xB6
MFP_SWITCH_TO_ISO14443_4_ERROR	0xB7
MFP_ILLEGAL_STATUS_CODE	0xB8
MFP_MULTI_BLOCKS_READ	0xB9
NT4H tags errors	
NT4H_COMMAND_ABORTED	0xC0
NT4H_LENGTH_ERROR	0xC1
NT4H_PARAMETER_ERROR	0xC2
NT4H_NO_SUCH_KEY	0xC3
NT4H_PERMISSION_DENIED	0xC4
NT4H_AUTHENTICATION_DELAY	0xC5
NT4H_MEMORY_ERROR	0xC6
NT4H INTEGRITY ERROR	0xC7

NT4H_FILE_NOT_FOUND	0xC8
NT4H_BOUNDARY_ERROR	0xC9
NT4H_INVALID_MAC	0xCA
NT4H_NO_CHANGES	0xCB

Appendix: ERROR CODES for DESFire card operations

#define	DATA_OVERFLOW	2990
#define	READER_ERROR	2999
#define	NO_CARD_DETECTED 3000	
#define	CARD_OPERATION_OK	3001
#define	WRONG_KEY_TYPE	3002
#define	KEY_AUTH_ERROR	3003
#define	CARD_CRYPTO_ERROR	3004
#define	READER_CARD_COMM_ERROR 3005	
#define	PC_READER_COMM_ERROR	3006
#define	COMMIT_TRANSACTION_NO_REPLY	3007
#define	COMMIT_TRANSACTION_ERROR	3008
#define	NO_ISO1444_4_CARD	3009
#define	NOT SUPPORTED KEY TYPE 3010	

/* Status and error codes */

#define	OPERATION_OK	0x0C00
#define	NO_CHANGES	0x0C0C
#define	OUT_OF_EEPROM_ERROR	0x0C0E
#define	ILLEGAL_COMMAND_CODE	0x0C1C
#define	INTEGRITY_ERROR	0x0C1E
#define	NO_SUCH_KEY	0x0C40
#define	LENGTH_ERROR	0x0C7E
#define	PERMISSION_DENIED	0x0C9D
#define	PARAMETER_ERROR	0x0C9E
#define	APPLICATION_NOT_FOUND	0x0CA0
#define	APPL_INTEGRITY_ERROR	0x0CA1
#define	AUTHENTICATION_ERROR	0x0CAE
#define	ADDITIONAL_FRAME	0x0CAF
#define	BOUNDARY_ERROR	0x0CBE
#define	PICC_INTEGRITY_ERROR	0x0CC1
#define	COMMAND_ABORTED	0x0CCA
#define	PICC_DISABLED_ERROR	0x0CCD
#define	COUNT_ERROR	0x0CCE
#define	DUPLICATE_ERROR	0x0CDE
#define	EEPROM_ERROR_DES	0x0CEE
#define	FILE_NOT_FOUND	0x0CF0
#define	FILE_INTEGRITY_ERROR	0x0CF1

Change log:

Firmware version 5.0.1 and later apply only to uFR PLUS devices

Date	Description	doc. revision	refers to the firmware ver.
2020-02-20	Desfire light tag support	1.17	5.0.32
2020-02-20	COMMANDS FOR NT4H CARDS	1.16	5.0.32
2020-02-18	Default UART speed session.	1.15	5.0.1
2020-02-18	NTAG emulation mode in RAM (1008 bytes user memory). Get reader status	1.14	5.0.33
2019-10-30	For Mifare Plus card in SL3 uses functions for Mifare Classic card. AES key calculated from Crypto1 key.	1.13	5.0.29
2019-10-1	Check if UID changeable and RF reset	1.12	5.0.27
2019-10-1	SAM support for uFR CS with SAM	1.12	5.100.27
2019-08-15	Desfire operations with Linear and Cyclic records.	1.11	5.0.25
2019-08-14	Desfire DES, 2K3DES, and 3K3DES internal key support	1.10	5.0.25
2019-06-21	Added uFR Online commands.	1.9	
2019-05-17	Added description for a new command: code 0x97, SET_ISO14443_4_DL_STORAGE.	1.8	5.0.20
2019-05-17	All references to "ISO 14443-4A" has been changed to "ISO 14443-4" because uFR firmwares support ISO 14443-4A and ISO 14443-4B types both from 3.9.49 firmware version.	1.8	from 3.9.49
2019-05-16	Desfire get application identifiers added	1.7	5.0.19
	Anti-collision support (multi card reader mode) added	1.6	5.0.1
2018-07-05	Mifare Plus commands added. Diferencies for block read and write and linear read. uFR PLUS devices only.	1.5	
2018-07-04	Mifare Desfire value file manipulation functions. uFR PLUS devices only.	1.4	
2018-06-08	Added missing descriptions for READER_KEYS_LOCK, READER_KEYS_UNLOCK, and READER_PASSWORD_WRITE commands. Added hardware reset explanation.	1.3	
2018-06-08	Originality checking and READ_ECC_SIGNATURE command.	1.3	3.9.8
2018-06-08	Added missing descriptions for READ_COUNTER and INCREMENT_COUNTER commands (NFC Type 2 Tags)	1.3	3.9.11

2018-06-08	Added missing description for GET_NFC_T2T_VERSION command (NFC Type 2 Tags)	1.3	3.8.19
2018-06-08	Added missing card type constants in GET_DLOGIC_CARD_TYPE table.	1.3	
2018-05-31	SET_LED_CONFIG command added	1.2	3.9.53
2018-05-30	DESFIRE_WRITE_AES_KEY, and GET_DESFIRE_UID examples are corrected	1.1	
2018-05-30	Appendix: ERROR CODES for DESFire card operations	1.1	
2018-05-29	PKI infrastructure and digital signature support	1.1	3.9.55
2018-05-29	Changed date format in a Change log. Now we use more universal 'yyyy-mm-dd' date format.	1.1	-
2017-06-29	Support for APDU commands in ISO 14443-4A tags	1.0	3.9.39
2017-05-23	Support for ISO 14443-4A protocol commands	1.0	3.9.36
2017-05-03	Commands for a Ad-Hoc emulation mode parameters manipulation. (GET_AD_HOC_EMULATION_PARAMS and SET_AD_HOC_EMULATION_PARAMS).	1.0	3.9.35
2017-05-03	Ad-Hoc emulation mode commands.	1.0	3.9.34
2016-08-06	FAST_READ ISO14443-3 command with LINEAR_READ utilisation.	1.0	3.9.14
2016-06-06	Title "Authentication mode considerations" changed to "Authentication mode considerations for Mifare Classic tags"	1.0	
2016-06-06	New Title "Authentication mode considerations for NTAG 21x and other T2T tags"	1.0	3.9.10